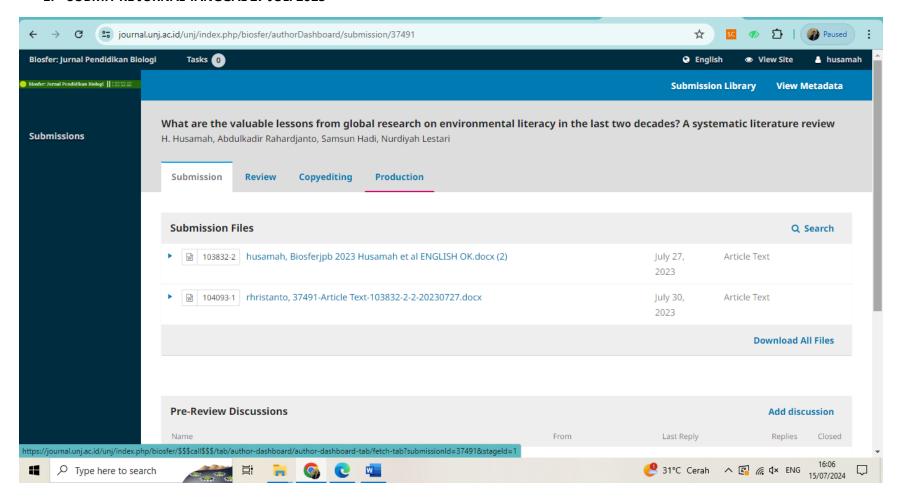
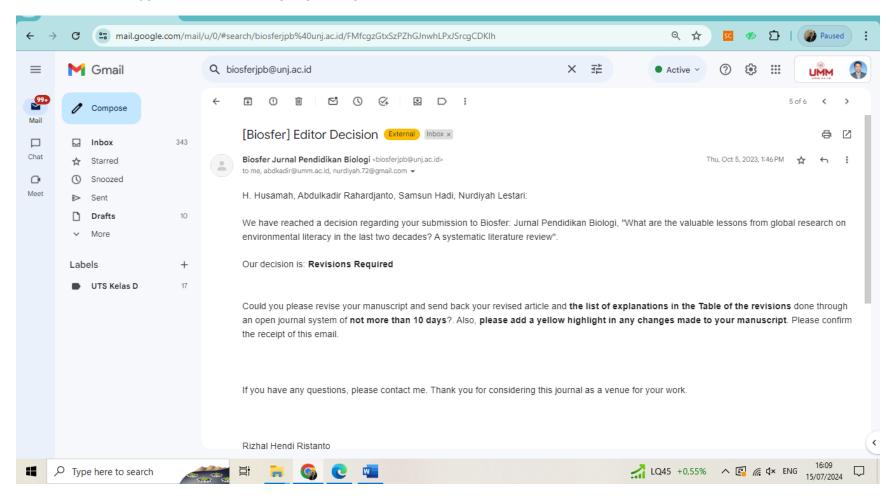
RIWAYAT ARTIKEL

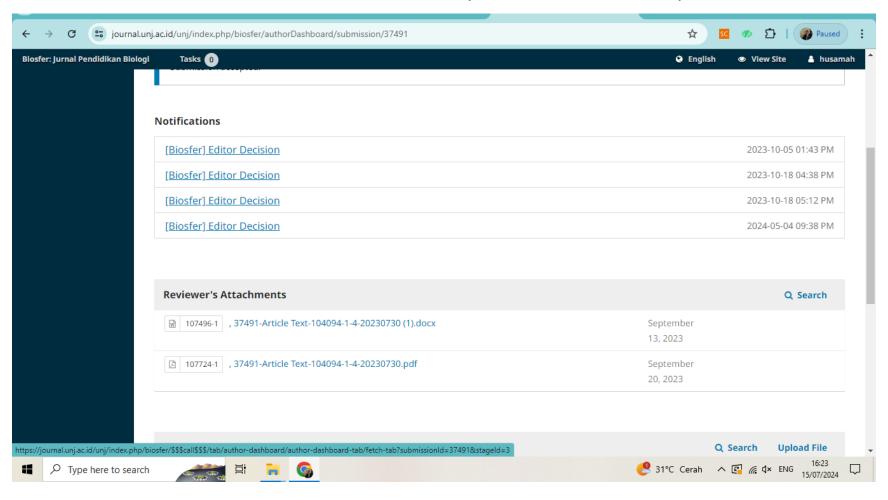
1. SUBMIT KE JURNAL TANGGAL 27 JULI 2023



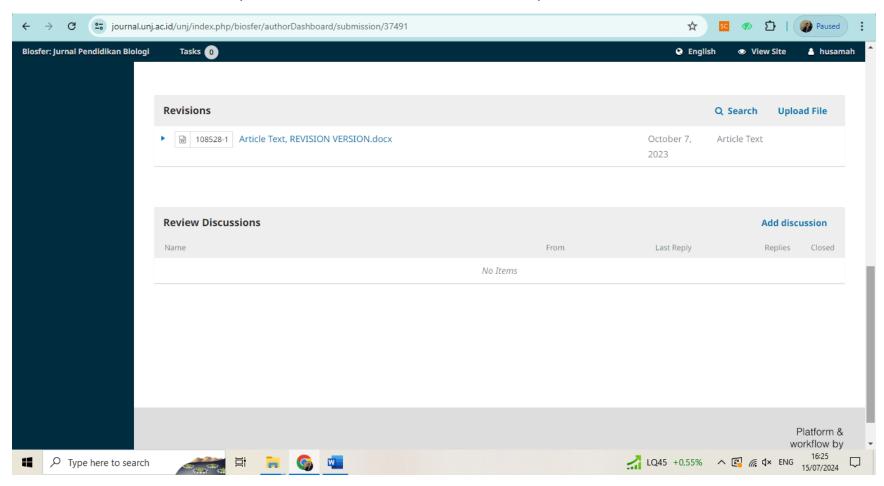
2. EMAIL DARI JURNAL PERMINTAAN UNTUK REVISI



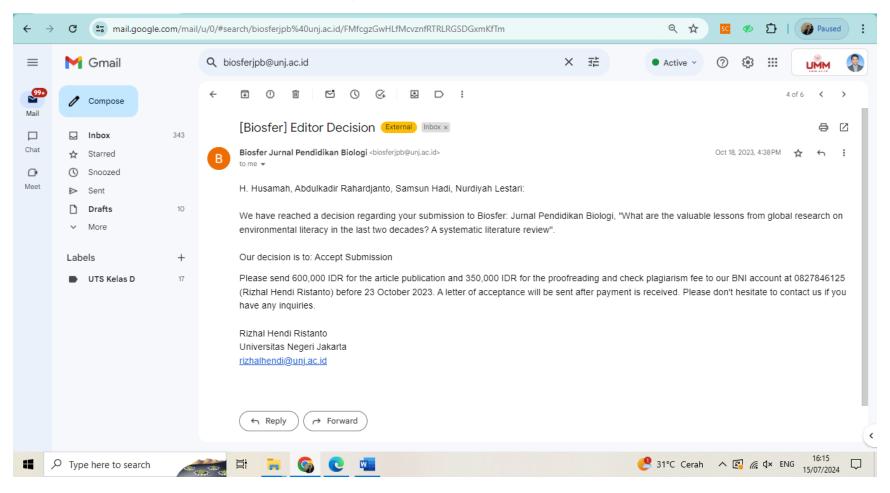
3. BUKTI DI OJS BAHWA DUA REVIEWER TELAH MELAKUKAN REVIEW (BUKTI FILE REVIEW DILAMPIRKAN)



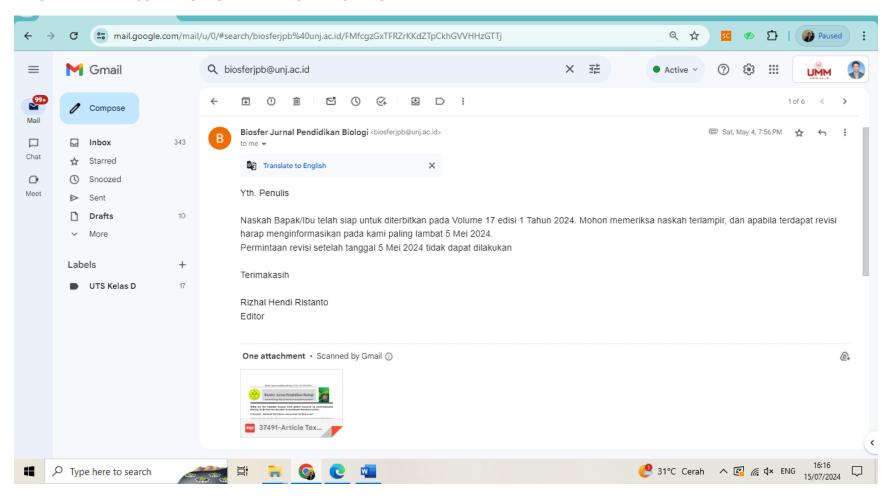
4. UPLOAD HASIL REVISI KE OJS (BUKTI FILE REVISI YANG DIUPLOAD DILAMPIKAN)



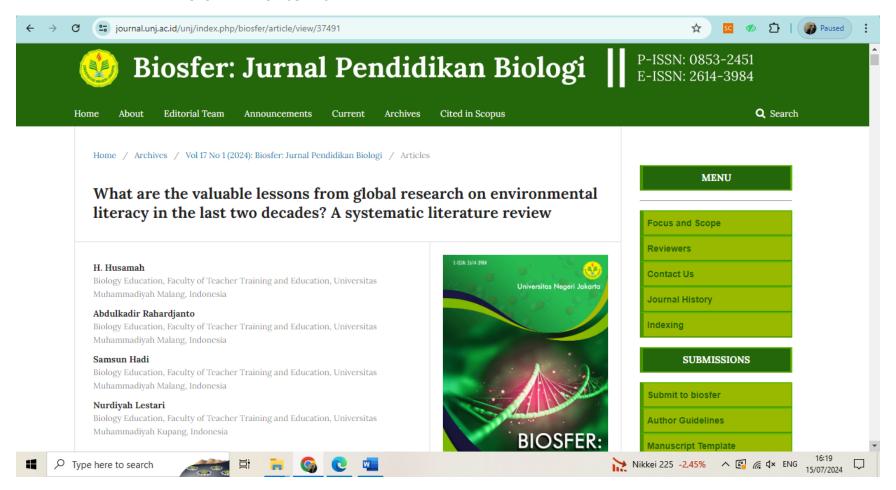
5. EMAIL DARI JURNAL BAHWA ARTIKEL DITERIMA/ACCEPTED



6. EMAIL DARI JURNAL UNTUK MEMERIKSA PDF SEBELUM DITERBITKAN



7. ARTIKEL TERBIT DI VOLUME 17 NO 1 JULI 2024



BUKTI REVIEW OLEH DUA ORANG REVIEWER



Biosfer: Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi



Journal homepage: http://journal.unj.ac.id/unj/index.php/biosfer

What are the valuable lessons from global research on environmental literacy in the last two decades? A systematic literature review

ARTICLE INFO

Article history Received:

Revised: Accepted:

Keywords:

Environmental education Environmental literacy Student Systematic literature review Valuable lesson

ABSTRACT

Publications on environmental literacy (EL) in reputable international journals have continued to increase and develop in the last two decades, making it interesting to study. This systematic literature review (SLR) aims to investigatively review various studies published in journals indexed in the Scopus database related to EL. The review focuses on publication trends and valuable lessons to be learned from global research over the past two decades. We used the phrase "environmental literature" in the Scopus disbursement menu, and found 296 articles. The inclusion and exclusion model used is PRISMA, so only 37 articles met the criteria to be analyzed. Data shows that EL publications have fluctuated, starting to increase in number from 2017 to 2023 although it had decreased in 2021. EL publications are mostly researched using quantitative methods, and some with qualitative. mix-method, and R&D. The dominant name in EL studies is F. X. Bogner. The two main keywords related to the EL keyword are environmental education and knowledge. Most of the articles published are collaborative, both internationally and between universities within one country. We discussed the valuable lessons in question, namely the sample size, gender, institution level, and main goal of each article. These findings can serve as a consideration or baseline for researchers to study EL according to their respective interests, needs and missions

© 2023 Universitas Negeri Jakarta. This is an open-access article under the CC-BY license (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0)

INTRODUCTION

Environmental Literacy (EL) is primarily interpreted as awareness, sensitivity, and concern for the environment and its various problems, as well as cognitive, psychomotor, and affective in finding various solutions to existing problems and preventing new problems from arising (McBride et al., 2013). EL is an individual's ability to understand and interpret environmental conditions, from the results of this understanding and interpretation, the individual can decide on appropriate actions to maintain,

1

restore and improve environmental conditions (Karimzadegan & Meiboudia, 2012; Kusumaningrum, 2018; Kuswendi & Arga, 2020; Tomás et al., 2022). EL is one of the fields in the study of Education for Sustainable Development (ESD).

ESD is one way to develop EL through class-based activities (Syahmani et al., 2021). ESD is focused on the socialization goals of EL (Locke et al., 2013). ESD is seen as the starting point for the formation of a society that has EL (Mahat et al., 2020). If EL can be developed in individuals then human awareness, knowledge and sensitivity to the balance of nature will be instilled (Ozgurler & Cansaran, 2014). EL is considered as one of the perspectives needed to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The concept of EL usually includes aspects such as: environmental awareness and sensitivity; deep understanding of possible solutions; values, motivation, skills and competencies relevant to protecting the environment (Jan Cincera et al., 2022). EL in all generations, to understand and respond to changes in the natural environment through environmentally friendly habits also needs to be improved (Mashfufah et al., 2018; Pe'er et al., 2007; Swanepoel & Loubser, 2002).

EL includes six main components, namely ecological knowledge, socio-political knowledge, knowledge of environmental issues, affect, cognitive skills and environmentally responsible behaviors (Srbinovski et al., 2010). In its development, according to Szczytko et al (2018), EL consists of four components, namely ecological knowledge, hope, cognitive skills, and behavior. EL is in line with efforts to empower communities to make wise decisions and act in an environmentally responsible manner (Goulgouti et al., 2019). EL is a person's understanding, skill, and motivation to make decisions with full sense of responsibility by paying attention to their relationship with nature, community, and future generations (Izhar et al., 2022; OELP, 2020). Practically speaking, someone who has EL is someone who individually or collectively is willing to make the right decisions about the environment and implement those decisions (Kudryaytsey et al., 2015). EL must continue to be campaigned, so that it becomes a research orientation and environmental education (EE) (Hermawan, Suwono, et al., 2022; Pan & Hsu, 2020).

In this regard, based on the search results in the database of the world's largest reputable journal, namely Scopus, which was conducted in July 2023 it was found that EL theme publications in the period 1971-2023 were 296 for the all-years category: search within article title (out of the total 714 for the EL theme for the all-years category: search within article title, abstract, and keywords). These publications need to be analyzed in depth to find information on publication trends and valuable lessons, so that they become a guide for readers and researchers in related fields (SDGs, ESD, EE, and literacy). The logical technique and the most recommended by experts are to carry out an analysis or study of Systematic Literature Review (SLR).

We have found four English-language review-based articles (and all of them are not SLRs) in the Scopus database related to EL, namely EL for young children (Basile & White, 2000), teachers' EL and teaching (Cheng & So, 2015), using urban harbors for experiential (O'Neil et al., 2020), and EL of aluminium alloys (Ohnishi, 2003). The other two publications are in the form of meta-analyses on assessing EL in the United States (Aydeniz & Ruggiero, 2015) and online EE (Merritt et al., 2022). There are two simple SLRs published in proceedings that are not/not yet Scopus indexed which discuss trends and EL bibliometrics either in the form of articles in journals or in proceedings (Afandi et al., 2023; Hudha et al., 2023). Meanwhile, there are SLRs associated with EE, which are focused on early childhood (Ardoin & Bowers, 2020), positive youth development outcomes (Ardoin et al., 2022), civic engagement outcomes (Ardoin et al., 2023), disabled people in environmental-education-focused academic (Salvatore & Wolbring, 2022), EE benefit environmental outcomes in children and adolescents (van de Wetering et al., 2022), the use of GIS in geographical and EE evaluated (Konstantakatos & Galani, 2023), dan trends in EE studies (Masalimova et al., 2023). Thus, it can be said that there has not been found an SLR that is focused on EL aspects that are focused on the last two decades and published in scientific journals (indexed or accredited).

This SLR aims to investigatively review various studies published in indexed journals in the Scopus database related to the EL theme. The review is focused on publication trends related to EL themes in Scopus indexed journals and valuable lessons that can be gained from research on EL themes over the last two decades in the world. This SLR will contribute to the development of EL research, in the form of becoming a baseline, consideration, and even becoming a reference for researchers on this topic. We focus on the publication of original articles, something that has not been done by other researchers. A review of the scope of the information that we use only includes research/original articles, so that in real terms it provides an overview of the focus, interests, tendencies, and alignments

of researchers on the EL theme. We describe an overview of EL research over the last two decades, so that it is possible to become a reference for policy makers, practitioners and educational actors in efforts to develop EL, SDGs, ESD, and literacy on a local, regional and global scale.

METHOD

Research framework

This study is an SLR, which seeks to carefully and seriously identify, evaluate, and analyze the various articles found to answer research questions and analyze them in depth (Snyder, 2019; Xiao & Watson, 2019). SLR helps provide a brief description of the scientific topics discussed through a systematic and transparent method of answering research questions (Kurniati et al., 2022).

Research question

Research questions (RQ) are used to define the scope to develop a clear focus for the study. The RQ is determined based on the needs of the selected topic, namely: RQ1: How are the publication trends related to the EL theme in Scopus indexed journals? The trends in question include year distribution, research types/methods, authors, keywords, and international collaboration (Husamah et al., 2022a). RQ2: What valuable lessons can be drawn from research on EL themes over the past two decades? The valuable lessons in question are sample size, gender, institution level, and main goals (Teixeira et al., 2022).

Search article and inclusion criteria

After logging in to the Scopus database using an official account or subscription, we use the phrase "environmental literacy" in the disbursement menu in the Scopus database. The data obtained is downloaded in *CSV and *RIS formats which are then synchronized into the Reference Manager (Mendeley). Visualization of the relationship between keywords and authors using the VOSviewer software. VOSviewer supports the presentation of data that is communicative, real, interesting and clearer. The following is the search history for articles in the Scopus database—as we have done: "(TITLE("environmental literacy") AND (LIMIT-TO (DOCTYPE, "ar")) AND (LIMIT-TO (LANGUAGE, "English")) AND (LIMIT-TO (SUBJAREA, "SOCI")) AND (LIMIT-TO (OA, "all"))).

We apply the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis (PRISMA) model to perform inclusion and exclusion in order to find articles that really fit. This model refers to Gallagher et al (2016) and has been used also by several authors in the SLR that has been published before (Husamah et al., 2022a, 2022d, 2022b, 2022c; Nurwidodo et al., 2023). The order of inclusion and exclusion that we do is as presented in Figure 1.

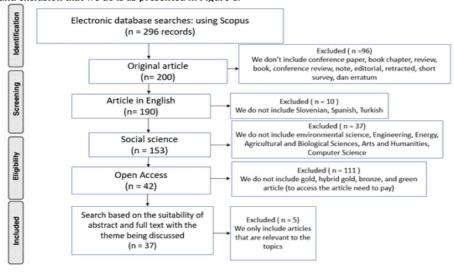


Figure 1. The flow of article selection using the PRISMA model

Commented [A1]: not found in the discussion

Commented [A2]: What is the urgency of carrying out this research?

Have there been any problems with research related to EE, EL, SDGs, ESD, and literacy?

Commented [A3]: This citation is not important, and this indicates self-citation. If it is your article, please cite it as relevant to RQ.

Figure 1 shows that in our initial search we found a total of 296 articles. As an initial screening, we only took articles which were original articles, totalling 200, which means that there were 96 articles excluded. We excluded conference papers, book chapters, reviews, books, conference reviews, notes, editorials, retracted, short surveys, and erratum. Then we use the criteria for articles published in English, the result is that there are 190 articles that meet the criteria. This shows that there are 10 articles that are excluded, because they were published in Slovenian, Spanish, and Turkish. Next, we use the inclusion criteria in the field of science or the subject area "social science". There were 153 articles that met the criteria, which means that there were 37 articles that we omitted or excluded. Excluded articles fall within the subject areas of environmental science, engineering, energy, agricultural and biological sciences, arts and humanities, and computer science. We then selected articles with "open access" or free download status, in which 42 articles were selected, and removed 111 articles. In the last phase, we re-examine the existing articles, make sure the articles are in accordance with the themes discussed, and ensure that the full text is accessible. Based on this we get 37 articles that meet the criteria. This means that there are 5 articles that do not meet the criteria and are finally excluded.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Trends in publications on the theme of environmental literacy Distribution year

Figure 2 shows the number of articles published per year for the last twenty years (since the 2003-2008 articles were not found, the figure starts in 2009).

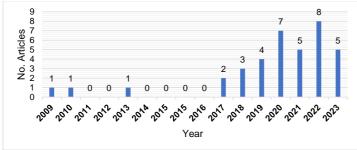


Figure 2. Distribution year of article

Based on Figure 2, it can be seen that the number of EL-themed publications has fluctuated. Articles have started to increase in number since 2017. The number of articles had decreased in 2021 (only 5 articles), but increased in 2022 (to 8 articles). Even though the number of articles in 2023 is only 5 articles, it is very possible that this theme will increase considering that this data search was carried out until July 2023. There are still six more months in 2023, thus allowing the number of published articles based on research results on the topic EL will continue to grow if the data is traced until the end of 2023. It can be said that the EL theme is interesting to study, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. There is a relationship between EL and COVID-19 precautions (Ayuningtyas, 2022). The COVID-19 pandemic has also awakened many parties to care more about their environment and reminded people that nature gives time to recover from human activities that have caused a lot of damage and loss to nature (Mardiani et al., 2020).

The EE which was carried out during the COVID-19 pandemic emphasized the importance of everyone having a good EL level (W.-T. Fang et al., 2022; Raghunathan et al., 2022). EL encourages students' environmental perceptions to shift to ecocentric and leave anthropocentric (Weilhoefer & Schmits, 2022). We can say that EE, which has so far been implemented flexibly even during a pandemic, has been able to strengthen aspects of EE (Assaf & Gan, 2021; Brandão & de Souza, 2021; Grežo et al., 2021; Khalifé et al., 2022; Torres Parra et al., 2022). The pandemic period has made many parties aware that EE and EL are so important and should be the concern and commitment of the global community (Benítez et al., 2019; Edsand & Broich, 2020; Marpa, 2020; Reddy, 2021). This is also in line with Chen and Liu (2020) who emphasized that EE and EL will definitely become topics of interest to researchers

due to the incessant campaign of "sustainability" and the urgency of multidisciplinary topics on sustainable development.

Research types/methods

The trend of types of research related to EL themes is presented in Table 1. EL research was predominantly conducted using a quantitative approach (22 articles or 59.46%). The type of research used is qualitative, a combination of quantitative and qualitative (mix-method), and Research and Development (R&D).

Table 1.Types of research on environmental literacy themes

No	Type of Research	Amount	References
1	Quantitative	22	(C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020; W. T. Fang et al., 2018; Gheith, 2019; Huang & Hsin, 2023; Iwaniec & Curdt-Christiansen, 2020; Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021; Nurwidodo et al., 2020; Örs, 2022; Pan & Hsu, 2020; Rose, 2010; Sarabi et al., 2020; Saribas et al., 2017; Sasa et al., 2022; Svobodová, 2023; Svobodová & Kroufek, 2022; Tian & Chen, 2023; Tomás et al., 2022; Tran et al., 2022; Wajdi et al., 2022; Wilujeng et al., 2019; Wu et al., 2020; Yilmaz, 2021)
2	Qualitative	6	(Erdoğan et al., 2009; Hamilton & Marckini-Polk, 2023; Hsu et al., 2018; Liang et al., 2018; López-Alcarria et al., 2021; N. S. Putra et al., 2021)
3	Mix-method	5	(Bayer et al., 2021; Bloom & Fuentes, 2019; Jannah et al., 2013; Kaya & Elster, 2019; Suryawati et al., 2020)
4	Research and Development (R&D)	4	(Farida et al., 2017; Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022; Husamah et al., 2022e; Rasis et al., 2023)

The data presented in Table 1 are in line with the findings of the SLR conducted by Nurwidodo et al (2023), namely in the context of science learning research during the COVID-19 pandemic, it turned out that it was dominantly carried out using quantitative methods. This result is slightly different from SLR findings by Husamah et al (2022e), whereas on the theme of sustainable development research, qualitative research is actually more numerous (although the percentage is only slightly larger). It can be emphasized that EL, as well as EE, can actually be studied with both quantitative and qualitative methods. If necessary, even a combination of quantitative and qualitative (known as the mix-method) can be applied. This really depends on the goals of each researcher (Baytak, 2011). Ballantyne et al (2001) also emphasized his opinion on this matter. Molina-Azorín and López-Gamero (2016) even firmly promoting and suggesting the need for mixed-method research, in research on environmental themes considering that this method is commonly used in several fields. It should be remembered that both quantitative and qualitative have their advantages and disadvantages (Rahman, 2016; Savela, 2018).

EL research can be approached with R&D methods. This is in line with the views of researchers who have implemented it (Farida et al., 2017; Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022; Husamah et al., 2022e; Rasis et al., 2023), also in EE research (Rahmayanti et al., 2020). According to O'Flaherty and Liddy (2018) diverse methodological and pedagogical approaches are needed to have a broad impact on the implementation of EL and EE.

Author

Based on Figure 3 and Figure 4 it can be seen that the most dominant author in EL studies based on bibliographic coupling and co-citation → cited authors is F. X. Bogner (Franz Xaver Bogner).

Commented [A4]: This information doesn't need citation.

Commented [A5]: Why compare with this research? This research does not use the SLR model, please read again in Table 1!

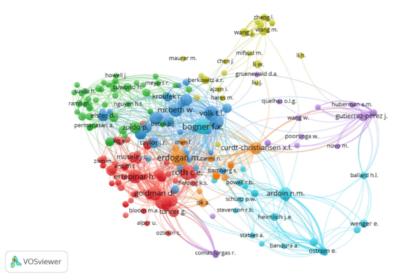


Figure 3. The dominant author in EL studies is based on bibliographic coupling

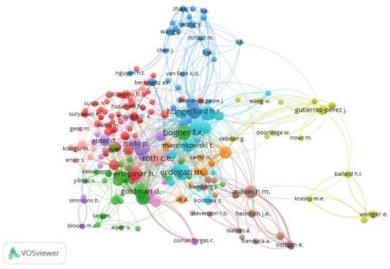


Figure 4. The dominant author in EL studies is based on co-citation \rightarrow cited authors

Franz Xaver Bogner is a professor in the Department of Biology Education, University of Bayreuth, Germany and affiliate research scientist, Earth Education Research & Evaluation, College of Education, University of Arizona, United States. He has 195 documents and an h-index of 35 on Scopus (Author ID: 7004389288). Together with his research team, he has published dozens of articles related to EE and EL during the COVID-19 pandemic or in the 2020-2023 period (Baierl, Bonine, et al., 2021; Baierl, Johnson, et al., 2021, 2022; Baierl, Kaiser, et al., 2022; Baierl & Bogner, 2021, 2023; Beyerl et al., 2022; Bogner & Suarez, 2022; J Cincera et al., 2022; Conradty & Bogner, 2022; Fiedler et al., 2021, 2020; Maurer et al., 2020; Maurer & Bogner, 2020a, 2020b, 2022; Raab & Bogner, 2020, 2021; Schneiderhan-

Opel & Bogner, 2020b, 2020a, 2021; Schönfelder & Bogner, 2020; Stöckert & Bogner, 2020a, 2020b, 2021; Torkar et al., 2020).

Keywords

Figure 5 shows the trend of keywords that are mostly used by authors in writing on the theme "environmental literacy". Based on Figure 5 it can be seen that there are two keywords related to the main keyword "environmental literacy", namely "environmental education" and "knowledge".

EL is the main goal of EE (Szczytko et al., 2019). The need for developing awareness and ability to prevent environmental problems is important for future sustainability and quality of life, in this case education in general and environmental education can be a solution (Erhabor & Don, 2016; Kousar et al., 2022; Pauw et al., 2015; Piscitelli & D'Uggento, 2022). The current education system must produce students who are environmentally literate in order to have sufficient knowledge about environmental issues and a caring attitude to behave responsibly (Liang et al., 2018; Maulaa et al., 2020; Solheri et al., 2022). The purpose of integrating EE into the curriculum structure is to build awareness, increase knowledge, shape attitudes, increase participation, and evaluate the surrounding environment (Abdullah et al., 2018; Mashaba et al., 2022; Permanasari et al., 2021; Zsóka et al., 2013).

EL is related to knowledge. EL is "knowledge" of environmental concepts and issues. Researchers related to the EL field must pay attention to the aspects of "the constitution of knowledge", "the sources of knowledge", and "the evidence for knowledge" (Wheaton et al., 2018). A person's EL status can be measured based on four criteria, one of which is "knowledge", as well as cognitive skills, attitudes, and behavior (Agfar et al., 2018). EL includes components of "environmental knowledge), attitude, and environmental concern (Meilinda et al., 2017). "Environmental model provides relationships between knowledge, attitudes and behavior. The relationship of attitudes with behaviour is closer than with knowledge" (Maurer & Bogner, 2020b).

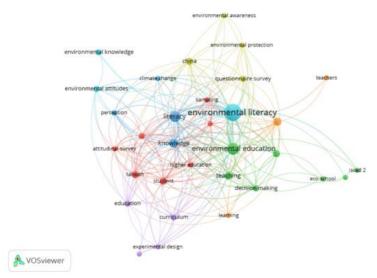


Figure 5. VOS-viewer display for type of analysis "Co-occurrence → keywords"

International collaboration

Figure 6 shows the collaboration of authors in publishing their articles. Author collaboration is carried out in the form of international collaboration, collaboration within one country, or without collaboration (publishing independently or within one institution). Figure 6 provides information that more articles were published with non-collaborating status (15 articles or 40.5%). However, international collaboration (13 articles or 35.1%) and collaboration in a country (9 articles or 24.3%),

it can be said that most of the articles were published by author(s) with a collaboration pattern (total 22 articles or 59.5%).

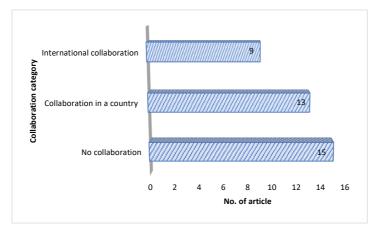


Figure 6. Author collaboration in writing articles

Research related to EL and EE requires widespread or global collaboration of scientists. This pattern supports efforts to develop programs and ideas, documentation and opportunities to solve current problems, such as environmental problems such as biodiversity loss, pollution and climate change (Chernysh & Roubík, 2020; Goodale et al., 2022; Gui et al., 2019; Jappe, 2007a, 2007b; Tirgar et al., 2019; Widmer et al., 2015). Vaughan-Lee (2016) make us all aware that there is no problem that shows the importance of unity and cooperation in global competence more than environmental problems. The survival on this earth really depends on how all the potential in the world collaborates to solve environmental problems.

Valuable lessons from environmental literacy research

We reviewed 37 selected articles and tried to dig and find valuable information that illustrates the valuable lessons that can be learned. The valuable lessons referred to are the sample size, gender, institution level, and main goal of each article. The results of this review can be presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Valuable lessons from each of the analyzed articles

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level	
1	(Erdoğan et al.,	The link between the goals of	Not explained	Not		
	2009)	science education in elementary	(student 3 rd to	explained		
		schools and the six basic components of EL	8 th grade)		Elementary	
2	(Pan & Hsu, 2020)	Effects of one-day EE program on El	100 students	Not	school	
2	(D	C-h1 h1	2.076	explained		
3	(Bayer et al.,	School-based agricultural	3,076 students	Not		
	2021)	education program		explained		
4	(Svobodová &	EL of ISCED 2 PUPILS	436 students	Male: 226		
	Kroufek, 2022)			Female:		
				210		
5	(Svobodová,	EL of ISCED 2 Pupils	371 students	Male: 187		
	2023)	•		Female:	Junior High	
	,			184	School	
6	(Suryawati et al.,	The relationship between EL with	372 students	Male: 169		
Ü	2020)	thinking skills, actions, and		Female:		
	2020)	sensitivity to environmental issues		203		
7	(N. C. Dutro et al	the level of students' and	70 students	Not		
/	(N. S. Putra et al.,	the level of students and	/ U Students	INUL		

8

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
	2021)	stakeholders' EL	and 40 school community	explained	
3	(Jannah et al.,	Determine the level of EL amongst	345 students	Male: 165	
,	2013)	students	5 15 Students	Female:	
	2013)	students		180	
2	(Farida et al.,	Learning design to develop EL	Not explained	Not	
9	•	Learning design to develop EL			
	2017)	m) cc c1	(students)	explained	
10	(Wilujeng et al.,	The effectiveness of learning using	30 students	Not	
	2019)	worksheets to improve EL		explained	Senior high
11	(Nurwidodo et al.,	The role of eco-school program	275 students	Not	school
	2020)	towards EL		explained	SCHOOL
12	(Hermawan,	develop learning model to improve	36 students	Not	
	Arjava, et al.,	students' EL		explained	
	2022)			•	
13	(Hamilton &	Implementation of place-based	226 students	Not	
	Marckini-Polk,	education has a positive impact on	220 Students	explained	
	2023)	communities and the environment		explained	
			(50. 1	NT .	п 1
14	(Tomás et al.,	The incidence of EL in the	650 teachers	Not	Early,
	2022)	sustainable pedagogical behaviors		explained	primary and
15	(Huang & Hsin,	the relationship between EL and	Not explained	Not	secondary
	2023)	sustainable development in schools		explained	school
16	(Rose, 2010)	Professional development for	Not explained	Not	
		improving EL teachers	(teachers)	explained	
17	(Saribas et al.,	Effects environmental education	58 pre-service	Male: 8	
	2017)	course on EL and self-efficacy	elementary	Female: 50	
	2017)	beliefs	teachers	i ciliaic. 50	
18	(M. T. Fang et al	EL students in relation to	835 students	Not	
10	(W. T. Fang et al.,		oss students		
10	2018)	ecotourism activities	20.400	explained	
19	(Liang et al.,	EL of undergraduate students	29,498	Male:	
	2018)		students	14,483	
				Female:	
				14,626	
20	(Gheith, 2019)	Level of EL among prospective	112	Male: 0	
		teachers	prospective	Female:	
			teachers	112	
21	(Bloom &	Professional development program	17 inservice	Male: 7	
	Fuentes, 2019)	for inservice science teachers	science	Female: 9	
	1 4011000, 2017)	Tot indervice detence teachers	teachers	1011141013	
22	(Kaya & Elster,	Clarification of the EL framework,		Not	
			95 experts		
22	2019)	based on expert consensus	210 atri 3	explained	
23	(Sarabi et al.,	Knowledge, attitude, and	210 students	Not	University
	2020)	accountability towards the		explained	
		environment			
24	(C. W. K. Chen et	Impact of EE on EL	221 students	Not	
	al., 2020)			explained	
25	(Yilmaz, 2021)	EL levels of social studies teacher	164 teacher	Male: 50	
		candidates	candidates	Female:	
				114	
26	(López-Alcarria et	EL model based on teachers action-	30 early	Male: 26	
_0			childhood	Female: 4	
	al., 2021)	competencies		remale: 4	
			education		
			teachers		
27	(Kuruppuarachchi	Existing knowledge, awareness,	800	Not	
	et al., 2021)	attitude and behavior, perceived	undergraduates	explained	
		issues, and solutions of			
		undergraduates on major			
		environmental issues			
28	(Sasa et al., 2022)	The influence of demographic	323 students	Male: 173	
	(2030 Ct ai., 2022)	factors on the EL level	Sao stautints	Female:	
		iactors on the Prieser		150	
	CAT-131 - L-1	Effect of DDI with anniance of	07		
29	(Wajdi et al.,	Effect of PBL with environmental-	97 students	Not	

No	Reference Main goal		Sample size	Gender	Institution level	
	2022)	based comic model in empowering students' environmental literacy		explained		
30	(Örs, 2022)	EL levels of nursing students in terms of a sustainable environment	278 nursing student	Not explained		
2	(Tran et al., 2022)	Modelling the level of EL and environmental teaching activities	324 in-service preschool teachers	Not explained		
32	(Husamah et al., 2022e)	Develop and validate an EL instrument for prospective science teacher	634 students	Not explained		
	(Rasis et al., 2023)	Open inquiry learning kits and EL	33 students/ pre-service biology teachers	Not explained		
34	(Hsu et al., 2018)	Community practices that contribute to EL	Not explained (Community)	Not explained		
35	(Iwaniec & Curdt- Christiansen, 2020)	The role of parents to increase their children's awareness, attitude and behavior about environmental issues (EL)	368 parents	Male: 275 Female: 93	General	
36	(Wu et al., 2020)	Community EL level and preferences for using mass media related to EE issues	435 citizens	Not explained	public	
37	(Tian & Chen, 2023)	The EL measured by questionnaire survey	547 people	Not explained		

Based on Table 2, valuable information is obtained, as a basis for further research. The main research goals can be grouped into: (1) intra-curricular and extra-curricular programs in developing EL in elementary school, junior high school, and senior high school; (2) EL level at junior high school, senior high, university, and the general public; (3) learning designs/models, learning media, and development of instruments related to EL at senior highs and universities; (4) the link between EL and sustainable development at the early, primary, and secondary school levels; (5) the role of the community or society in supporting EL development.

EL implementation studies are very broad, showing that this theme can be approached from various sides, various approaches, and various disciplines (holistic, interdisciplinary, multidisciplinary, and multidimensional). Various studies show that sustainability and education are closely interdependent (Al-Kuwari et al., 2022). This provides a mandate that educational institutions, from elementary to tertiary institutions need to be committed to sustainable development and ESD. A holistic, transdisciplinary, multidisciplinary and multidimensional approach that integrates the pillars of social, political, environmental, economic and institutional sustainability and allows all parties to contribute widely to sustainability (Bunyatova et al., 2021; Butt & Dimitrijević, 2022; Jabareen, 2011; Parry & Metzger, 2023; J. D. Putra, 2022; Shao et al., 2011; Shoolestani & Shoolestani, 2015). Social community also means participatory aspects and human capacity development in various communities, including the vulnerable (Gähler, 2012) and culture (Gospodinova & Boutier, 2022; UCLG, 2018). ESD can also relate to and describe complex application experiences in psychological, physiological, medical, and sociological aspects (Avgusmanova et al., 2017). An interdisciplinary and holistic approach to ESD considers human aspects: physical, cognitive, social, emotional which are in line with multiple intelligences and basic competencies (Aada, 2019).

Based on Table 2, in the context of sample size, information is obtained that most of the articles have explained the sample size of their research (32 articles or 86.49%). Sample sizes range from tens to tens of thousands (30-29,498). Even so, there are several studies that do not explain the sample size (5 articles or 13.51%).

Calculation of sample size is very important for researchers because it shows the quality of research. A sample size that is too small may be able to provide an overview or show differences as expected (not precise). On the other hand, a very large sample size certainly adds to the burden because research will become more complex, increase costs, and extend time, making it unfeasible. Both of these

situations must be taken into consideration and need to be avoided by researchers (Martínez-Mesa et al., 2014). The sample size needs to be estimated; because too large a sample is unnecessary and unethical, but too small a sample is unscientific and also unethical (Andrade, 2020). Often research articles do not adequately report on the adequacy of their sample size, or are uninformative and so are often poor, often non-existent. This occurs in various fields of scientific disciplines (Vasileiou et al., 2018).

Based on Table 2, in the context of gender, most of the studies did not explain the gender aspect of their research sample (25 articles or 67.57%). Meanwhile, research that explains gender aspects, gender status is quite balanced. Research showing that their research sample was predominantly female was 7 articles (18.92%), while research showing that their research sample was predominantly male was 5 articles (13.51%).

There are many reasons why researchers need to routinely consider gender and gender in their research practice. Gender and gender are related to decision-making, communication, stakeholder engagement, and preferences for implementing interventions. Gender aspects consisting of gender roles, gender identities, gender relations, and institutionalized gender can influence how the implementation strategy works, for whom, under what circumstances and why, all of which are related to research processes and results. Research for both quantitative and qualitative is recommended to measure and analyze sex and gender in practice (Tannenbaum et al., 2016).

Gender influences the way people live, work and relate to each other at all levels, including in relation to awareness (literacy). Gender disaggregation marks differences or similarities between women and men that require further analysis; and further analysis is guided by gender frameworks and questions to understand how gender power relations are shaped and negotiated. "Crucial aspects of understanding gender power relations include examining who has what (access to resources); who does what (the division of labor and daily practices); how values are defined (social norms) and who decides (rules and decision-making)" (Morgan et al., 2016).

Based on Table 2, in the context of the institution level, EL research is more dominant at the university level (18 articles or 48.65%) and the lowest is at the elementary school level (3 articles or 8.11%). Thus, it can be said that EL research in tertiary institutions tends to be the "favorite" of researchers. ESD, which is multidisciplinary, is an important and complex system for higher education institutions that tends to be comprehensive (Bi et al., 2022). Various factors are also recommended to be considered in the implementation of ESD, namely curriculum, teaching, extracurricular activities, educational leadership, professional development, and community partnerships (Parent & Speer, 2014; Shayya et al., 2020) all of which can be escorted by scientists in universities.

We also get interesting results, that there are opportunities for EL research and publication at the elementary school level because the number is still limited. Research and implementation of environmental literacy at the elementary school level. The EL status of elementary school students can be assessed by exploring the relationship between the environmental knowledge subscales (Saltan & Divarci, 2017). The Organization for Economic Cooperation Development (OECD) even states that EL in elementary school students tends to be low when referring to the results of the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) tests. This is due to several aspects tested in the science field related to environmental themes (Nugraha et al., 2022). Experts state that in the last three decades, primary schools need to be involved in preparing students who are ready to become "environmentally conscious, committed, and active citizens'". Various existing studies show that the implementation of EE at the elementary school level still has various problems and a limited success rate (Cutter & Smith, 2001).

CONCLUSION

This SLR provides some interesting results, both in terms of trends and learning lessons. First, interesting information based on trends are: (1) The number of EL-themed publications has fluctuated; articles started to increase in number since 2017; the number of articles decreased in 2021, increased in 2022, and it is very possible that publications in EL will increase considering that this data search was carried out in the first semester; (2) EL research is more dominantly carried out with a quantitative approach; however, there are those who use a qualitative, mix-method, and R&D approach; (3) The most dominant author in EL studies based on bibliographic coupling and co-citation is F. X. Bogner; (4) The keywords that are mostly used by the author in writing EL themes are "environmental education" and "knowledge"; and (5) more published articles with non-collaborative status. However, if we combine

Commented [A6]: This research does not provide much generalization information from the findings of the study articles used. As well as future EL, SDGs, ESD research opportunities. international collaboration and collaboration in a country, it can be confirmed that most of the articles published by author(s) are collaborative. Second, 37 articles have been reviewed and explored valuable lessons, as follows: (1) Main research goals: (a) intra-curricular and extra-curricular programs in developing EL in primary and secondary schools; (b) study of the EL level at all levels of education up to the general public; (c) learning designs/models, learning media, and development of instruments related to EL at senior high schools and universities; (d) the link between EL and sustainable development at the primary and secondary school levels; (e) the role of the community or society in supporting EL development. (2) In the context of sample size, information is obtained that most of the articles have explained the sample size of their research, although there are several studies which have not explained the sample size. (3) In the context of gender, most studies do not explain the gender aspects of their research samples. (4) In the context of the institution level, EL research is more dominant at the university level and the lowest (still needs to be improved) at the elementary school level.

This SLR does not analyze some other interesting information, such as funding, number of authors, research location, author's country of origin, and the main results of each article. Therefore, researchers and authors who are interested in conducting SLRs on this theme should consider including these aspects. The findings that we get in this SLR can be a consideration or baseline for researchers to study EL according to their respective interests, needs and missions.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Thank you to the Dean of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education (FTTE), Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, who has provided moral support and funding for this research. This work was supported by the FTTE Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang-Indonesia through the Blockgrant Research Scheme (2023). Searching for data on Scopus is done using an official subscription account, namely the Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang-Indonesia (affiliation of the authors).

REFERENCES

- Aada, K. (2019). How to promote education for sustainable development? Vision of the educational situation and its contribution to sustainable development. *The Eurasia Proceedings of Educational & Social Sciences (EPESS)*, 15, 6–12. https://dergipark.org.tr/en/download/article-file/885800
- Abdullah, A., Syed Zakaria, S. Z., & Razman, M. R. (2018). Environmental education through outdoor education for primary school children. *International Journal of the Malay World and Civilization*, 6(1), 27–34.
- Afandi, Ningsih, K., Sari, M., Indriyani, S., & Djaroneh, E. (2023). Bibliometric analysis of environmental literacy: A systematic literature review using VOSviewer. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2751(1), 20001. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0143401
- Agfar, A., Munandar, A., & Surakusumah, W. (2018). Environmental literacy based on educational background. *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, 1013(1), 1–5. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1013/1/012008
- Al-Kuwari, M. M., Du, X., & Koç, M. (2022). Performance assessment in education for sustainable development: A case study of the Qatar education system. *Prospects*, *52*(3–4), 513–527. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11125-021-09570-w
- Andrade, C. (2020). Sample size and its importance in research. *Indian Journal of Psychological Medicine*, 42(1), 102–103. https://doi.org/10.4103/IJPSYM.JJPSYM_504_19
- Ardoin, N. M., & Bowers, A. W. (2020). Early childhood environmental education: A systematic review of the research literature. *Educational Research Review*, 31, 100353. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.edurev.2020.100353
- Ardoin, N. M., Bowers, A. W., & Gaillard, E. (2023). A systematic mixed studies review of civic engagement outcomes in environmental education. *Environmental Education Research*, 29(1), 1–26. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2135688
- Ardoin, N. M., Bowers, A. W., Kannan, A., & O'Connor, K. (2022). Positive youth development outcomes and environmental education: a review of research. *International Journal of Adolescence and Youth,* 27(1), 475–492. https://doi.org/10.1080/02673843.2022.2147442
- Assaf, N., & Gan, D. (2021). Environmental education using distance learning during the COVID-19 lockdown in Israel. *Perspectives in Education*, 39(1), 257–276. https://doi.org/10.18820/2519593X/pie.v39.i1.16

- Avgusmanova, T. V., Dzyatkovskaya, E. N., Mamchenko, A. A., & Pustovalova, V. V. (2017). Self-Education Skills As A Means Of Education For Sustainable Development: Multidisciplinary Studies. *Proceedings of the International Conference "Education Environment for the Information Age" (EEIA 2017)*, 110–114. https://doi.org/10.15405/epsbs.2017.08.14
- Aydeniz, M., & Ruggiero, K. M. (2015). Assessing environmental literacy in the United States: A metaanalysis. NAAEE Conference Proposal, 12.
- Ayuningtyas, R. (2022). Analisis hubungan literasi lingkungan dengan tindakan pencegahan Covid-19 pada siswa SMA program Adiwiyata [Universitas Sebelas Maret]. https://digilib.uns.ac.id/dokumen/detail/95753/Analisis-Hubungan-Literasi-Lingkungan-dengan-Tindakan-Pencegahan-Covid-19-pada-Siswa-SMA-Program-Adiwiyata
- Baierl, T.-M., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Plastic Pollution: Learning Activities from Production to Disposal-from Where do Plastics Come and Where do they Go? *American Biology Teacher*, 83(5), 320–324. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2021.83.5.320
- Baierl, T.-M., & Bogner, F. X. (2023). How should we teach nature protection? Self-determination and environmental attitudes. *Education Sciences*, *13*(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci13040353
- Baierl, T.-M., Bonine, K., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Biosphere 2 as an informal learning platform to assess motivation, fascination, and cognitive achievement for sustainability. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 70. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2021.101061
- Baierl, T.-M., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Assessing environmental attitudes and cognitive achievement within 9 years of informal earth education. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 13(7). https://doi.org/10.3390/su13073622
- Baierl, T.-M., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Informal earth education: Significant shifts for environmental attitude and knowledge. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 13. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.819899
- Baierl, T.-M., Kaiser, F. G., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). The supportive role of environmental attitude for learning about environmental issues. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 81. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101799
- Ballantyne, R., Fien, J., & Packer, J. (2001). Intergenerational Influence in Environmental Education: A Quantitative Analysis. *Australian Journal of Environmental Education*, 17(3), 1–7. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0814062600002378
- Basile, C., & White, C. (2000). Respecting living things: Environmental literacy for young children. *Early Childhood Education Journal*, 28(1), 57–61. https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1009551705001
- Bayer, R., Travis, A., & Wang, C. (2021). Kids growing with grains: Connecting agriculture, nutrition, and environmental literacy. *Journal of Youth Development*, 15(6), 272–291. https://doi.org/10.5195/JYD.2020.964
- Baytak, A. (2011). Towards effective instructions in environmental education: A critical review of literature. *European Journal of Physics Education*, *2*(1), 16–22.
- Benítez, F. F., Paredes, M. E. R., Collado-Ruano, J., Terán, E. F. H., & Ibarra, G. D. L. (2019). Environmental education program in Ecuador: Theory, practice, and public policies to face global change in the anthropocene. *Ensaio*, 27(105), 859–880. https://doi.org/10.1590/S0104-40362019002701950
- Beyerl, K., Bogner, F., Daskalakis, M., Decker, T., Hentschel, A., Hinzmann, M., Loges, B., Knoblauch, D., Mederake, L., Müller, R., Rubik, F., Schweiger, S., & Stieß, I. (2022). Ways to deal with plastics in a sustainable manner. Key messages from social science research. *GAIA Ecological Perspectives for Science and Society*, 31(1), 51–53. https://doi.org/10.14512/GAIA.31.1.12
- Bi, S., Ni, W., Jiang, Y., & Wang, X. (2022). Novel Recommendation-Based Approach for Multidisciplinary Development of Future Universities. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(10), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14105881
- Bloom, M., & Fuentes, S. Q. (2019). Experiential learning for enhancing environmental literacy regarding energy: A professional development program for inservice science teachers. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 15(6). https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/103571
- Bogner, F. X., & Suarez, B. R. (2022). Environmental preferences of adolescents within a low ecological footprint country. *Frontiers in Psychology*, *13*. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.894382
- Brandão, E. K. S., & de Souza, M. C. M. R. (2021). Environmental education and Covid-19: Learning, digital technology, and the use of Youtube as a teaching platform in pandemic. *International Journal Semiarid*, 4(4), 67–86. https://doi.org/10.56346/ijsa.v4i4.82
- Bunyatova, F. K., Bunyatova, A., & Shahhuseynbayova, N. (2021). Multidisciplinary Development of

- Sustainable Education. In S. Jackowicz & I. Sahin (Eds.), *International Conference on Humanities, Social and Education Sciences* (pp. 232–249). ISTES Organization.
- Butt, A. N., & Dimitrijević, B. (2022). Multidisciplinary and transdisciplinary collaboration in nature-based design of sustainable architecture and urbanism. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(10339), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.3390/su141610339
- Chen, C. W. K., Chen, C., & Shieh, C.-J. (2020). A study on correlations between computer-aided instructions integrated environmental education and students' learning outcome and environmental literacy. Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 16(6), em1858. https://doi.org/10.29333/EJMSTE/8229
- Chen, S. Y., & Liu, S. Y. (2020). Developing students' action competence for a sustainable future: A review of educational research. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(4), 1374. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12041374
- Cheng, I. N. Y., & So, W. W. M. (2015). Teachers' environmental literacy and teaching stories of three Hong Kong primary school teachers. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 24(1), 58–79. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2014.967111
- Chernysh, Y., & Roubík, H. (2020). International collaboration in the field of environmental protection: Trend analysis and covid-19 implications. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(24), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.3390/su122410384
- Cincera, J, Kroufek, R., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). The perceived effect of environmental and sustainability education on environmental literacy of Czech teenagers. *Environmental Education Research*. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2107618
- Cincera, Jan, Kroufek, R., & Bogner, F.X. (2022). The perceived effect of environmental and sustainability education on environmental literacy of Czech teenagers. *Environmental Education Research*, 0(0), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2107618
- Conradty, C., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Education for sustainable development: How seminar design and time structure of teacher professional development affect students' motivation and creativity. *Education Sciences*, *12*(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci12050296
- Cutter, A., & Smith, R. (2001). Gauging primary school teachers' environmental literacy: An issue of 'priority.' *Asia Pacific Education Review*, 2(2), 45–60. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF03026290
- Edsand, H. E., & Broich, T. (2020). The impact of environmental education on environmental and renewable energy technology awareness: Empirical evidence from Colombia. *International Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*, 18(4), 611–634. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10763-019-09988-x
- Erdoğan, M., Kostova, Z., & Marcinkowski, T. (2009). Components of environmental literacy in elementary science education curriculum in Bulgaria and Turkey. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, *5*(1), 15–26. https://doi.org/10.12973/ejmste/75253
- Erhabor, N. I., & Don, J. U. (2016). Impact of environmental education on the knowledge and attitude of students towards the environment. *International Journal of Environmental and Science Education*, 11(12), 5367–5375. https://doi.org/10.25073/0866-773x/68
- Fang, W.-T., Hassan, A., & LePage, B. A. (2022). Environmental literacy. In W.-T. Fang, A. Hassan, & B. A. LePage (Eds.), *The lving environmental education: Sound science toward a ceaner, safer, and healthier future* (pp. 93–126). Spring. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-19-4234-1
- Fang, W. T., Lien, C. Y., Huang, Y. W., Han, G., Shyu, G. S., Chou, J. Y., & Ng, E. (2018). Environmental literacy on ecotourism: A study on student knowledge, attitude, and behavioral intentions in China and Taiwan. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 10(1886), 1–22. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10061886
- Farida, I., Hadiansah, h., Mahmud, M., & Munandar, A. (2017). Project-based teaching and learning design for internalization of environmental literacy with islamic values. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 6(2), 277–284. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v6i2.9452
- Fiedler, S. T., Heyne, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Explore your local biodiversity How school grounds evoke visions of sustainability. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(9), 606–613. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.9.606
- Fiedler, S. T., Heyne, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). COVID-19 and lockdown schooling: how digital learning environments influence semantic structures and sustainability knowledge. *Discover Sustainability*, *2*(1). https://doi.org/10.1007/s43621-021-00041-y
- Gähler, J. (2012). Concepts for multidisciplinary learning with young adults. *Adaptation and Beyond*, 5(October 2012), 4.

- Gallagher, K. E., Kadokura, E., Eckert, L. O., Miyake, S., Mounier-Jack, S., Aldea, M., Ross, D. A., & Watson-Jones, D. (2016). Factors influencing completion of multi-dose vaccine schedules in adolescents: A systematic review. *BMC Public Health*, 16(1), 172. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12889-016-2845-z
- Gheith, E. (2019). Environmental literacy among prospective classroom teachers in Jordan. *International Journal of Learning, Teaching and Educational Research*, 18(12), 258–279. https://doi.org/10.26803/ijlter.18.12.15
- Goodale, E., Mammides, C., Mtemi, W., Chen, Y.-F., Barthakur, R., Goodale, U. M., Jiang, A., Liu, J., Malhotra, S., Meegaskumbura, M., Pandit, M. K., Qiu, G., Xu, J., Cao, K.-F., & Bawa, K. S. (2022). Increasing collaboration between China and India in the environmental sciences to foster global sustainability. *Ambio*, 51(6), 1474–1484. https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-021-01681-0
- Gospodinova, S., & Boutier, F. (2022). Experts put forward recommendations on how to harness the power of culture for sustainable development. UNESCO's World Conference on Cultural Policies and Sustainable Development.
- Goulgouti, A., Plakitsi, A., & Stylos, G. (2019). Environmental literacy: Evaluating knowledge, affect, and behavior of pre-service teachers in Greece. *Interdisciplinary Journal of Environmental and Science Education*, 15(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.29333/ijese/6287
- Grežo, H., Pucherová, Z., & Mišovičová, R. (2021). Adaptation of environmental education during the Covid-19 pandemic lockdown. *INTED2021 Proceedings*, 1(April), 10324–10328. https://doi.org/10.21125/inted.2021.2153
- Gui, Q., Liu, C., & Du, D. Bin. (2019). The structure and dynamic of scientific collaboration network among countries along the belt and road. *Sustainability Journal*, 11(19), 1–17.
- Hamilton, E., & Marckini-Polk, L. (2023). The impact of place-based education on middle school students' environmental literacy and stewardship. *Cogent Education*, *10*(1). https://doi.org/10.1080/2331186X.2022.2163789
- Hermawan, I. M. S., Arjaya, I. B. A., & Diarta, I. M. (2022). Be-Raise: A blended-learning model based on Balinese local culture to enhance student's environmental literacy. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 11(4), 552–566. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v11i4.39475
- Hermawan, I. M. S., Suwono, H., Paraniti, A. A. I., & Wimuttipanya, J. (2022). Student's environmental literacy: An educational program reflections for a sustainable environment. In *JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia*) (Vol. 8, Issue 1). https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i1.16889
- Hsu, C. H., Lin, T. E., Fang, W. T., & Liu, C. C. (2018). Taiwan Roadkill Observation Network: An example of a community of practice contributing to Taiwanese environmental literacy for sustainability. Sustainability (Switzerland), 10(10), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10103610
- Huang, H., & Hsin, C. Te. (2023). Environmental literacy education and sustainable development in schools based on teaching effectiveness. *International Journal of Sustainable Development and Planning*, *18*(5), 1639–1648. https://doi.org/10.18280/ijsdp.180535
- Hudha, M. N., Hamidah, I., Permanasari, A., & Abdullah, A. G. (2023). Trends of environmental literacy research: A systematic review of the literature. AIP Conference Proceedings, 2646(1), 60001. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0113171
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022a). Action competencies for sustainability and its implications to environmental education for prospective science teachers: A systematic literature review. Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science & Technology Education, 18(8), em2138.
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022b). Environmental education research in Indonesian Scopus indexed journal: A systematic literature review. JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia), 8(2), 105–120. https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i2.21041
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022c). Global trend of research and development in education in the pandemic era: A systematic literature review. *Research and Development in Education (RaDEn)*, 2(2), 89–100. https://doi.org/10.22219/raden.v2i2.23224
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022d). Sustainable development research in Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education: A systematic literature review. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 18*(5), em2103. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/11965
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022e). The development and validation of environmental literacy instrument based on spirituality for prospective science teachers. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 18*(12), em2206. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12732

- Iwaniec, J., & Curdt-Christiansen, X. L. (2020). Parents as agents: Engaging children in environmental literacy in China. Sustainability (Switzerland), 12(16), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12166605
- Izhar, G., Wardani, K., & Nugraha, N. K. (2022). The development environmental literacy media learning for elementary school student. *Journal of Innovation in Educational and Cultural Research*, *3*(3), 397–404. https://doi.org/10.46843/jiecr.v3i3.116
- Jabareen, Y. (2011). Teaching Sustainability: A Multidisciplinary Approach. Creative Education, 2(4), 388–392. https://doi.org/10.4236/ce.2011.24055
- Jannah, M., Halim, L., Meerah, T. S. M., & Fairuz, M. (2013). Impact of environmental education kit on students' environmental literacy. Asian Social Science, 9(12 SPL ISSUE), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.5539/ass.v9n12p1
- Jappe, A. (2007a). Explaining international collaboration in global environmental change research. *Scientometrics*, 71(3), 367–390. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-007-1676-1
- Jappe, A. (2007b). Explaining international collaboration in global environmental change research. *Scientometrics*, 71(3), 367–390. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-007-1676-1
- Karimzadegan, H., & Meiboudia, H. (2012). Exploration of environmental literacy in science education curriculum in primary schools in Iran. *Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 46, 404–409. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2012.05.131
- Kaya, V. H., & Elster, D. (2019). A critical consideration of environmental literacy: Concepts, contexts, and competencies. Sustainability (Switzerland), 11(6), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.3390/su11061581
- Khalifé, M., Chaker, R., & Gasparovic, S. (2022). Environmental education and digital solutions: An analysis of the Lebanese context's existing and possible digital actions. *Frontiers in Education*, 7(October), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3389/feduc.2022.958569
- Konstantakatos, G., & Galani, L. (2023). How is the use of GIS in geographical and environmental education evaluated? Findings from a systematic review. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 32(2), 159–175. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2022.2138167
- Kousar, S., Afzal, M., Ahmed, F., & Bojnec, Š. (2022). Environmental awareness and air quality: The mediating role of environmental protective behaviors. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(6), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14063138
- Kudryaytsey, A., Li, Y., & Cottle, M. (2015). Environmental literacy in the United States: An agenda for leadership in the 21st century. In J. Adams (Ed.), *USDA Forest Service Conservation Education Program.* National Environmental Education Foundation.
- Kurniati, E., Ibrohim, I., Suryadi, A., & Saefi, M. (2022). International scientific collaboration and research Topics on STEM education: A systematic review. *EURASIA Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 18(4), em2095. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/11903
- Kuruppuarachchi, J., Sayakkarage, V., & Madurapperuma, B. (2021). Environmental literacy level comparison of undergraduates in the conventional and odls universities in sri lanka. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 13(3), 1–16. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13031056
- Kusumaningrum, D. (2018). Literasi lingkungan dalam kurikulum 2013 dan pembelajaran IPA di SD. Indonesian Journal of Natural Science Education (IJNSE), 1(2), 57–64. https://doi.org/10.31002/nse.v1i2.255
- Kuswendi, U., & Arga, H. S. P. (2020). Developing primary school students' environmental literacy by utilizing scraps. *Mimbar Sekolah Dasar*, 7(2), 198–215. https://doi.org/10.17509/mimbarsd.v7i2.26497
- Liang, S. W., Fang, W. T., Yeh, S. C., Liu, S. Y., Tsai, H. M., Chou, J. Y., & Ng, E. (2018). A nationwide survey evaluating the environmental literacy of undergraduate students in Taiwan. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 10(6), 1–21. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10061730
- Locke, S., Russo, R., & Montoya, C. (2013). Environmental education and eco-literacy as tools of education for sustainable development. In *Journal of Sustainability Education* (Vol. 4, Issue January, p. 10).
 - http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&AuthType=ip,url,cookie,uid&db=eue&AN=86430930&site=ehost-live&scope=site
- López-Alcarria, A., Poza-Vilches, M. F., Pozo-Llorente, M. T., & Gutiérrez-Pérez, J. (2021). Water, waste material, and energy as key dimensions of sustainable management of early childhood eco-schools: An environmental literacy model based on teachers action-competencies (ELTAC). *Water (Switzerland)*, 13(2), 1–37. https://doi.org/10.3390/w13020145

- Mahat, H., Hashim, M., Saleh, Y., Nayan, N., & Norkhaidi, S. B. (2020). Transformation of education for sustainable development through low carbon schools community program. *Journal of Turkish Science Education*, 17(3), 429–442. https://doi.org/10.36681/tused.2020.37
- Mardiani, N. D., Husamah, H., Fatmawati, D., Miharja, F. J., & Fauzi, A. (2020). Literasi lingkungan melalui pendidikan lingkungan di masa pandemi covid-19. *Prosiding Diskusi Daring Tematik, September*, 100–103. http://research-report.umm.ac.id/index.php/psnpb/article/view/3657
- Marpa, E. (2020). Navigating environmental education practices to promote environmental awareness and education. *International Journal on Studies in Education*, 2(1), 45–57. https://doi.org/10.46328/ijonse.8
- Martínez-Mesa, J., González-Chica, D. A., Bastos, J. L., Bonamigo, R. R., & Duquia, R. P. (2014). Sample size: how many participants do I need in my research? *Anais Brasileiros de Dermatologia*, 89(4), 609–615. https://doi.org/10.1590/abd1806-4841.20143705
- Masalimova, A. R., Krokhina, J. A., Sokolova, N. L., Melnik, M. V., Kutepova, O. S., & Duran, M. (2023). Trends in environmental education: A systematic review. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 19(2), em2228. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12952
- Mashaba, E. K., Maile, S., & Manaka, M. J. (2022). Learners' knowledge of environmental education in selected primary schools of the Tshwane North District, Gauteng Province. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 19(23), 1–10. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph192315552
- Mashfufah, A., Nurkamto, J., Sajidan, & Wiranto. (2018). Environmental literacy among biology preservice teachers: A pilot study. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2014(December 2020). https://doi.org/10.1063/1.5054444
- Maulaa, I., Hamidah, I., & Permanasari, A. (2020). Environmental literacy profile of 7 th grade junior high school students in science learning on global warming subject. *Journal of Physics Conference Series*, 042122. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1521/4/042122
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). First steps towards sustainability? University freshmen perceptions on nature versus environment. *PLoS ONE*, *15*(6). https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0234560
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). Modelling environmental literacy with environmental knowledge, values and (reported) behaviour. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 65. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2020.100863
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Green awareness in action of saving energy in school life: Modeling environmental literacy in theory and practice experience. In *Handbook of Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation: Third Edition* (Vol. 5, pp. 3531–3556). https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-72579-2_157
- Maurer, M., Koulouris, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Green awareness in action-how energy conservation action forces on environmental knowledge, values and behaviour in adolescents' school life. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(3). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12030955
- McBride, B. B., Brewer, C. A., Berkowitz, A. R., & Borrie, W. T. (2013). Environmental literacy, ecological literacy, ecoliteracy: What do we mean and how did we get here? *Ecosphere*, 4(5), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.1890/ES13-00075.1
- Meilinda, H., Prayitno, E. B., & Karyanto, P. (2017). Student's environmental literacy profile of adiwiyata green school in Surakarta, Indonesia. *Journal of Education and Learning*, 11(3), 299–306.
- Merritt, E. G., Stern, M. J., Powell, R. B., & Frensley, B. T. (2022). A systematic literature review to identify evidence-based principles to improve online environmental education. *Environmental Education Research*, 28(5), 674–694. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2032610
- Molina-Azorín, J. F., & López-Gamero, M. D. (2016). Mixed methods studies in environmental management research: Prevalence, purposes and designs. *Business Strategy and the Environment, 25*(2), 134–148. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1002/bse.1862
- Morgan, R., George, A., Ssali, S., Hawkins, K., Molyneux, S., & Theobald, S. (2016). How to do (or not to do)... gender analysis in health systems research. *Health Policy and Planning*, *31*(8), 1069–1078. https://doi.org/10.1093/heapol/czw037
- Nugraha, L., Saud, U. S., Hartati, T., & Damaianti, V. S. (2022). Profile of learning environmental literacy in elementary school. *PrimaryEdu: Journal of Elementary Education*, 6(2), 211–222.
- Nurwidodo, N., Amin, M., Ibrohim, I., & Sueb, S. (2020). The role of eco-school program (Adiwiyata) towards environmental literacy of high school students. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 9(3), 1089–1103. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.9.3.1089

- Nurwidodo, N., Ibrohim, I., Sueb, S., & Husamah, H. (2023). "Let's transform!": A systematic literature review of science learning in COVID-19 pandemic era. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 19(2), em224. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12875
- O'Flaherty, J., & Liddy, M. (2018). The impact of development education and education for sustainable development interventions: a synthesis of the research. *Environmental Education Research*, 24(7), 1031–1049. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2017.1392484
- O'Neil, J. M., Newton, R. J., Bone, E. K., Birney, L. B., Green, A. E., Merrick, B., Goodwin-Segal, T., Moore, G., & Fraioli, A. (2020). Using urban harbors for experiential, environmental literacy: Case studies of New York and Chesapeake Bay. *Regional Studies in Marine Science, 33*. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rsma.2019.100886
- OELP. (2020). What is environmental literacy? Oregon Environmental Literacy Program. https://oelp.oregonstate.edu/oelp-plan/what-environmental-literacy
- Ohnishi, T. (2003). Environmental literacy of aluminum alloys. *Journal of Japan Institute of Light Metals*, 53(11), 454–456.
- Örs, M. (2022). A measurement of the environmental literacy of nursing students for a sustainable environment. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(17). https://doi.org/10.3390/su141711003
- Ozgurler, S., & Cansaran, A. (2014). Graduate students, study of environmental literacy and sustainable development. *International Electronic Journal of Environmental Education*, 4(2), 71–83. https://doi.org/10.18497/iejee-green.31036
- Pan, C. T., & Hsu, S. J. (2020). Effects of a one-day environmental education program on sixth-graders' environmental literacy at a nature center in eastern Taiwan. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(12), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12125043
- Parent, D., & Speer, L. (2014). A case study of a co-instructed multidisciplinary senior capstone project in sustainability. *Advances in Engineering Education, Summer*, 1–29.
- Parry, S., & Metzger, E. (2023). Barriers to learning for sustainability: a teacher perspective. *Sustainable Earth Reviews*, 6(2), 1–11. https://doi.org/10.1186/s42055-022-00050-3
- Pauw, J. B. de, Gericke, N., Olsson, D., & Berglund, T. (2015). The effectiveness of education for sustainable development. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 7(11), 15693–15717. https://doi.org/10.3390/su71115693
- Pe'er, S., Goldman, D., & Yavetz, B. (2007). Environmental literacy in teacher training: Attitudes, knowledge, and environmental behavior off beginning students. *Journal of Environmental Education*, 39(1), 45–59. https://doi.org/10.3200/JOEE.39.1.45-59
- Permanasari, G. H., Suherman, S., & Budiati, L. (2021). The implementation of environmental education to achieve sustainable development: Literature review. *E3S Web of Conferences*, *317*, 01069. https://doi.org/10.1051/e3sconf/202131701069
- Piscitelli, A., & D'Uggento, A. M. (2022). Do young people really engage in sustainable behaviors in their lifestyles? *Social Indicators Research*, 163(3), 1467–1485. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-022-02955-0
- Putra, J. D. (2022). Integrasi prinsip education for sustainable development dalam pembelajaran matematika untuk meningkatkan kemampuan berpikir kritis matematis dan sikap sosial siswa. Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia.
- Putra, N. S., Sukma, H. N., & Setiawan, H. (2021). Level of environmental literacy of students and school community in green open space: Is there any difference between both of them? *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 10(4), 627–634. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v10i4.31083
- Raab, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Microplastics in the Environment: Raising Awareness in Primary Education. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(7), 478–487. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.7.478
- Raab, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Knowledge acquisition and environmental values in a microplastic learning module: Does the learning environment matter? *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 71. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2021.101091
- Raghunathan, S., Darshan Singh, A., & Sharma, B. (2022). Study of resilience in learning environments during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Frontiers in Education*, 6(January), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.3389/feduc.2021.677625
- Rahman, M. S. (2016). The advantages and disadvantages of using qualitative and quantitative approaches and methods in language "testing and assessment" research: A literature review. *Journal of Education and Learning*, 6(1), 102. https://doi.org/10.5539/jel.v6n1p102
- Rahmayanti, H., Ichsan, I. Z., Azwar, S. A., Purwandari, D. A., Pertiwi, N., Singh, C. K. S., & Gomes, P. W. P.

- (2020). Difmol: Indonesian students' HOTS and environmental education model during Covid-19. Journal of Sustainability Science and Management, 15(7), 10–19. https://doi.org/10.46754/jssm.2020.10.002
- Rasis, R., Kuswanto, H., & Dyah Hartanti, R. (2023). The effect of environmental education open inquiry learning kits on the environmental literacy of pre-service biology teachers. *Journal of Teacher Education for Sustainability*, 25(1), 40–63. https://doi.org/10.2478/jtes-2023-0004
- Reddy, C. (2021). Environmental education, social justice and teacher education: Enabling meaningful environmental learning in local contexts. *South African Journal of Higher Education*, 35(1), 161–177. https://doi.org/10.20853/35-1-4427
- Rose, M. A. (2010). Envirotech: Enhancing environmental literacy and technology assessment skills. *Journal of Technology Education*, 22(1), 43–57. https://doi.org/10.21061/jte.v22i1.a.3
- Saltan, F., & Divarci, O. F. (2017). Using blogs to improve elementary school students' environmental literacy in science class. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 6(3), 347–355. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.6.3.347
- Salvatore, C., & Wolbring, G. (2022). Coverage of disabled people in environmental-education-focused academic literature. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(3), 1–22. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14031211
- Sarabi, R. E., Abdekhoda, M., Dehnad, A., & Khajouei, G. (2020). Environmental literacy and accountability of undergraduate students of medical sciences. *Webology*, *17*(1), 0–3. https://doi.org/10.14704/WEB/V17I1/a216
- Saribas, D., Kucuk, Z. D., & Ertepinar, H. (2017). Implementation of an environmental education course to improve pre-service elementary teachers' environmental literacy and self-efficacy beliefs. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 26(4), 311–326. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2016.1262512
- Sasa, T., Ahmad, W. A., Bahtiti, N. H., Abujaber, M., Adeyleh, A., & Miri, O. (2022). Assessment level of environmental literacy among applied science private university (ASU) students. *WSEAS Transactions on Environment and Development*, 18, 1011–1020. https://doi.org/10.37394/232015.2022.18.96
- Savela, T. (2018). The advantages and disadvantages of quantitative methods in schoolscape research. *Linguistics and Education*, 44, 31–44. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.linged.2017.09.004
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). FutureForest: Promoting biodiversity literacy by implementing citizen science in the classroom. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(4), 234–240. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.4.234
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). The relation between knowledge acquisition and environmental values within the scope of a biodiversity learning module. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12052036
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). The effect of environmental values on German primary school students' knowledge on water supply. *Water (Switzerland)*, 13(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/w13050702
- Schönfelder, M. L., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Between science education and environmental education: How science motivation relates to environmental values. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12051968
- Shao, G., Li, F., & Tang, L. (2011). Multidisciplinary perspectives on sustainable development. International Journal of Sustainable Development and World Ecology, 18(3), 187–189. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504509.2011.572304
- Shayya, J. K., Mekhael, E., & Ayoubi, Z. (2020). Education for sustainable development, multidisciplinary model for grade 10 in Lebanese schools design, implementation, evaluation. Lebanese University.
- Shoolestani, A., & Shoolestani, B. (2015). Sustainability thinking in engineering education: dataintensive research, computational sustainability and multidisciplinary research. *The 7th International Conference on Engineering Education for Sustainable Development, June,* 1–8. https://open.library.ubc.ca/clRcle/collections/52657/items/1.0064747
- Snyder, H. (2019). Literature review as a research methodology: An overview and guidelines. *Journal of Business Research*, 104(July), 333–339. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2019.07.039
- Solheri, S., Azhar, M., & Yohandri, Y. (2022). Analysis of ethnoscience integrated environmental literacy for junior high school. *JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia)*, 8(2), 178–188.

- https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i2.17657
- Srbinovski, M., Erdogan, M., & Ismaili, M. (2010). Environmental literacy in the science education curriculum in Macedonia and Turkey. *Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences*, *2*(2), 4528–4532. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2010.03.725
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). Cognitive learning aboutwaste management: How relevance and interest influence long-term knowledge. *Education Sciences*, 10(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci10040102
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). Environmental values and technology preferences of first-year university students. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(1), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/SU12010062
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Learning about waste management: The role of science motivation, preferences in technology and environmental values. *Sustainable Futures*, 3. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sftr.2021.100054
- Suryawati, E., Suzanti, F., Zulfarina, Putriana, A. R., & Febrianti, L. (2020). The implementation of local environmental problem-based learning student worksheets to strengthen environmental literacy. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 9(2), 169–178. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v9i2.22892
- Svobodová, S. (2023). Environmental literacy of ISCED 2 pupils in Poland. *Journal of Elementary Education*, 16(1), 59-77. https://doi.org/10.18690/rei.1665
- Svobodová, S., & Kroufek, R. (2022). Environmental literacy of ISCED 2 pupils in the Czech Republic and Slovakia. *European Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*, 10(4), 519–528. https://doi.org/10.30935/scimath/12361
- Swanepoel, C. H., & Loubser, C. P. (2002). Measuring the environmental literacy of teachers. *South African Journal of Education*, 22(4), 282–285. https://doi.org/10.4314/saje.v22i4.24854
- Syahmani, S., Hafizah, E., Sauqina, S., Adnan, M. Bin, & Ibrahim, M. H. (2021). STEAM Approach to Improve Environmental Education Innovation and Literacy in Waste Management: Bibliometric Research. *Indonesian Journal on Learning and Advanced Education (IJOLAE)*, 3(2), 130–141. https://doi.org/10.23917/ijolae.v3i2.12782
- Szczytko, R., Stevenson, K., Peterson, M. N., Nietfeld, J., & Strnad, R. L. (2018). Development and validation of the environmental literacy instrument for adolescents. *Environmental Education Research*, 25(2), 193–210. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2018.1487035
- Szczytko, R., Stevenson, K., Peterson, M. N., Nietfeld, J., & Strnad, R. L. (2019). Development and validation of the environmental literacy instrument for adolescents. *Environmental Education Research*, 25(2), 193–210. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2018.1487035
- Tannenbaum, C., Greaves, L., & Graham, I. D. (2016). Why sex and gender matter in implementation research Economic, social, and ethical factors affecting the implementation of research. *BMC Medical Research Methodology*, 16(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12874-016-0247-7
- Teixeira, J. da S., Angeluci, A. C. B., Prates Junior, P., & Prado Martin, J. G. (2022). 'Let's play?' A systematic review of board games in biology. *Journal of Biological Education*, 2022(00), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.1080/00219266.2022.2041461
- Tian, H., & Chen, S. (2023). Structural analysis of environmental literacy of urban residents in China—based on the questionnaire survey of Qingdao residents. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 15(6), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.3390/su15065552
- Tirgar, A., Sajjadi, S. A., & Aghalari, Z. (2019). The status of international collaborations in compilation of Iranian scientific articles on environmental health engineering. *Globalization and Health*, 15(1), 17. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12992-019-0460-3
- Tomás, M. R. V., Vicente, J. S. Y., Cruz, M. D. B. D. LA, & Acha, D. M. H. (2022). Environmental literacy and its impact on sustainable pedagogical behaviors of basic education teachers, Lima-Peru. WSEAS Transactions on Environment and Development, 18, 856–864. https://doi.org/10.37394/232015.2022.18.80
- Torkar, G., Fabijan, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Students' care for dogs, environmental attitudes, and behaviour. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12041317
- Torres Parra, C. A., Saldeño Madero, Y., Castiblanco Prieto, J. J., Villegas Flores, N., & Fasolino, I. (2022). Using environmental education and healthy housing as strategies for household-level prevention of COVID-19. *Tecnura*, 26(71), 7–8. http://www.scielo.org.co/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0123-
 - 921X2022000100007&lang=es%0Ahttp://www.scielo.org.co/pdf/tecn/v26n71/0123-921X-

- tecn-26-71-7.pdf
- Tran, H. U., LePage, B. A., & Fang, W. T. (2022). Environmental literacy and teaching activities of preschool teachers in Vietnam. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 11(4), 2357–2371. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.11.4.2357
- UCLG. (2018). Culture in the sustainable development goals: A guide for local action. United Cities and Local Governments (UCLG). https://www.uclg.org/sites/default/files/culture_in_the_sdgs.pdf
- van de Wetering, J., Leijten, P., Spitzer, J., & Thomaes, S. (2022). Does environmental education benefit environmental outcomes in children and adolescents? A meta-analysis. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 81, 101782. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101782
- Vasileiou, K., Barnett, J., Thorpe, S., & Young, T. (2018). Characterising and justifying sample size sufficiency in interview-based studies: systematic analysis of qualitative health research over a 15-year period. *BMC Medical Research Methodology*, 18(1), 148. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12874-018-0594-7
- Vaughan-Lee, C. (2016). Environmental education at the local, national, and global level (opinion). Education Week. https://www.edweek.org/education/opinion-environmental-education-at-the-local-national-and-global-level/2016/04
- Wajdi, M., Jamaluddin, A. Bin, Nurdiyanti, N., & Magfirah, N. (2022). The effectiveness of problem-based learning with environmental-based comic in enhancing students environmental literacy. *International Journal of Evaluation and Research in Education*, 11(3), 1049–1057. https://doi.org/10.11591/ijere.v11i3.22140
- Weilhoefer, C. L., & Schmits, S. (2022). Leveraging remote learning during the Covid-19 pandemic to enhance student understanding of biodiversity. *Ecology and Evolution*, 12(3), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.8729
- Wheaton, M., Kannan, A., & Ardoin, N. M. (2018). Environmental literacy: Setting the stage. In *Environmental Literacy Brief, Volume 1*. Stanford.
- Widmer, R. J., Widmer, J. M., & Lerman, A. (2015). International collaboration: promises and challenges. *Rambam Maimonides Medical Journal*, 6(2), e0012. https://doi.org/10.5041/RMMJ.10196
- Wilujeng, I., Dwandaru, W. S. B., & Rauf, R. A. B. A. (2019). The effectiveness of education for environmental sustainable development to enhance environmental literacy in science education:

 A case study of hydropower. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 8(4), 521–528. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v8i4.19948
- Wu, E., Cheng, J., & Zhang, J. (2020). Study on the environmental education demand and environmental literacy assessment of citizens in sustainable urban construction in Beijing. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 12(241), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12010241
- Xiao, Y., & Watson, M. (2019). Guidance on conducting a systematic literature review. *Journal of Planning Education and Research*, 39(1), 93–112. https://doi.org/10.1177/0739456X17723971
- Yilmaz, M. A. (2021). A study on environmental literacy levels of social studies teacher candidates. Review of International Geographical Education Online, 11(1), 21–42. https://doi.org/10.33403/rigeo.840387
- Zsóka, Á., Szerényi, Z. M., Széchy, A., & Kocsis, T. (2013). Greening due to environmental education? Environmental knowledge, attitudes, consumer behavior and everyday pro-environmental activities of Hungarian high school and university students. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 48, 126–138. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2012.11.030



Biosfer: Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi



Journal homepage: http://journal.unj.ac.id/unj/index.php/biosfer

What are the valuable lessons from global research on environmental literacy in the last two decades? A systematic literature review

ARTICLE INFO

Article history

Received: Revised: Accepted:

Keywords:

Environmental education Environmental literacy Student Systematic literature review Valuable lesson

ABSTRACT

Publications on environmental literacy (EL) in international journals have continued to increase and develop in the last two decades, making it interesting to study. This systematic literature review (SLR) aims to investigatively review various studies published in journals indexed in the Scopus database related to EL. The review focuses on publication trends and valuable lessons to be learned from global research over the past two decades. We used the phrase "environmental literature" in the Scopus disbursement menu, and found 296 articles. The inclusion and exclusion model used is PRISMA, so only 37 articles met the criteria to be analyzed. Data shows that EL publications have fluctuated, starting to increase in number from 2017 to 2023 although it had decreased in 2021. EL publications are mostly researched using quantitative methods, and some with qualitative. mix-method, and R&D. The dominant name in EL studies is F. X. Bogner. The two main keywords related to the EL keyword are environmental education and knowledge. Most of the articles published are collaborative, both internationally and between universities within one country. We discussed the valuable lessons in question, namely the sample size, gender, institution level, and main goal of each article. These findings can serve as a consideration or baseline for researchers to study EL according to their respective interests, needs and missions

© 2023 Universitas Negeri Jakarta. This is an open-access article under the CC-BY license (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0)

INTRODUCTION

Environmental Literacy (EL) is primarily interpreted as awareness, sensitivity, and concern for the environment and its various problems, as well as cognitive, psychomotor, and affective in finding various solutions to existing problems and preventing new problems from arising (McBride et al., 2013). EL is an individual's ability to understand and interpret environmental conditions, from the results of this understanding and interpretation, the individual can decide on appropriate actions to maintain,

Commented [A1]: The abstract has been prepared well, there are problems, objectives, methods, results and conclusions

Commented [A2]: The introduction has been well structured. However, it would be good to re-examine previous research regarding this research theme. What other researchers have achieved and what their weaknesses are. This will lead to the novelty aspect of this SLR.

1

restore and improve environmental conditions (Karimzadegan & Meiboudia, 2012; Kusumaningrum, 2018; Kuswendi & Arga, 2020; Tomás et al., 2022). EL is one of the fields in the study of Education for Sustainable Development (ESD).

ESD is one way to develop EL through class-based activities (Syahmani et al., 2021). ESD is focused on the socialization goals of EL (Locke et al., 2013). ESD is seen as the starting point for the formation of a society that has EL (Mahat et al., 2020). If EL can be developed in individuals then human awareness, knowledge and sensitivity to the balance of nature will be instilled (Ozgurler & Cansaran, 2014). EL is considered as one of the perspectives needed to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The concept of EL usually includes aspects such as: environmental awareness and sensitivity; deep understanding of possible solutions; values, motivation, skills and competencies relevant to protecting the environment (Jan Cincera et al., 2022). EL in all generations, to understand and respond to changes in the natural environment through environmentally friendly habits also needs to be improved (Mashfufah et al., 2018; Pe'er et al., 2007; Swanepoel & Loubser, 2002).

EL includes six main components, namely ecological knowledge, socio-political knowledge, knowledge of environmental issues, affect, cognitive skills and environmentally responsible behaviors (Srbinovski et al., 2010). In its development, according to Szczytko et al (2018), EL consists of four components, namely ecological knowledge, hope, cognitive skills, and behavior. EL is in line with efforts to empower communities to make wise decisions and act in an environmentally responsible manner (Goulgouti et al., 2019). EL is a person's understanding, skill, and motivation to make decisions with full sense of responsibility by paying attention to their relationship with nature, community, and future generations (Izhar et al., 2022; OELP, 2020). Practically speaking, someone who has EL is someone who individually or collectively is willing to make the right decisions about the environment and implement those decisions (Kudryaytsey et al., 2015). EL must continue to be campaigned, so that it becomes a research orientation and environmental education (EE) (Hermawan, Suwono, et al., 2022; Pan & Hsu, 2020).

In this regard, based on the search results in the database of the world's largest reputable journal, namely Scopus, which was conducted in July 2023 it was found that EL theme publications in the period 1971-2023 were 296 for the all-years category: search within article title (out of the total 714 for the EL theme for the all-years category: search within article title, abstract, and keywords). These publications need to be analyzed in depth to find information on publication trends and valuable lessons, so that they become a guide for readers and researchers in related fields (SDGs, ESD, EE, and literacy). The logical technique and the most recommended by experts are to carry out an analysis or study of Systematic Literature Review (SLR).

We have found four English-language review-based articles (and all of them are not SLRs) in the Scopus database related to EL, namely EL for young children (Basile & White, 2000), teachers' EL and teaching (Cheng & So, 2015), using urban harbors for experiential (O'Neil et al., 2020), and EL of aluminium alloys (Ohnishi, 2003). The other two publications are in the form of meta-analyses on assessing EL in the United States (Aydeniz & Ruggiero, 2015) and online EE (Merritt et al., 2022). There are two simple SLRs published in proceedings that are not/not yet Scopus indexed which discuss trends and EL bibliometrics either in the form of articles in journals or in proceedings (Afandi et al., 2023; Hudha et al., 2023). Meanwhile, there are SLRs associated with EE, which are focused on early childhood (Ardoin & Bowers, 2020), positive youth development outcomes (Ardoin et al., 2022), civic engagement outcomes (Ardoin et al., 2023), disabled people in environmental-education-focused academic (Salvatore & Wolbring, 2022), EE benefit environmental outcomes in children and adolescents (van de Wetering et al., 2022), the use of GIS in geographical and EE evaluated (Konstantakatos & Galani, 2023), dan trends in EE studies (Masalimova et al., 2023). Thus, it can be said that there has not been found an SLR that is focused on EL aspects that are focused on the last two decades and published in scientific journals (indexed or accredited).

This SLR aims to investigatively review various studies published in indexed journals in the Scopus database related to the EL theme. The review is focused on publication trends related to EL themes in Scopus indexed journals and valuable lessons that can be gained from research on EL themes over the last two decades in the world. This SLR will contribute to the development of EL research, in the form of becoming a baseline, consideration, and even becoming a reference for researchers on this topic. We focus on the publication of original articles, something that has not been done by other researchers. A review of the scope of the information that we use only includes research/original articles, so that in real terms it provides an overview of the focus, interests, tendencies, and alignments

of researchers on the EL theme. We describe an overview of EL research over the last two decades, so that it is possible to become a reference for policy makers, practitioners and educational actors in efforts to develop EL, SDGs, ESD, and literacy on a local, regional and global scale.

METHOD

Research framework

This study is an SLR, which seeks to carefully and seriously identify, evaluate, and analyze the various articles found to answer research questions and analyze them in depth (Snyder, 2019; Xiao & Watson, 2019). SLR helps provide a brief description of the scientific topics discussed through a systematic and transparent method of answering research questions (Kurniati et al., 2022).

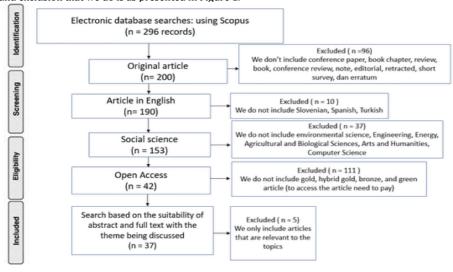
Research question

Research questions (RQ) are used to define the scope to develop a clear focus for the study. The RQ is determined based on the needs of the selected topic, namely: RQ1: How are the publication trends related to the EL theme in Scopus indexed journals? The trends in question include year distribution, research types/methods, authors, keywords, and international collaboration (Husamah et al., 2022a). RQ2: What valuable lessons can be drawn from research on EL themes over the past two decades? The valuable lessons in question are sample size, gender, institution level, and main goals (Teixeira et al., 2022).

Search article and inclusion criteria

After logging in to the Scopus database using an official account or subscription, we use the phrase "environmental literacy" in the disbursement menu in the Scopus database. The data obtained is downloaded in *CSV and *RIS formats which are then synchronized into the Reference Manager (Mendeley). Visualization of the relationship between keywords and authors using the VOSviewer software. VOSviewer supports the presentation of data that is communicative, real, interesting and clearer. The following is the search history for articles in the Scopus database—as we have done: "(TITLE("environmental literacy") AND (LIMIT-TO (DOCTYPE, "ar")) AND (LIMIT-TO (LANGUAGE, "English")) AND (LIMIT-TO (SUBJAREA, "SOCI")) AND (LIMIT-TO (OA, "all"))).

We apply the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis (PRISMA) model to perform inclusion and exclusion in order to find articles that really fit. This model refers to Gallagher et al (2016) and has been used also by several authors in the SLR that has been published before (Husamah et al., 2022a, 2022d, 2022b, 2022c; Nurwidodo et al., 2023). The order of inclusion and exclusion that we do is as presented in Figure 1.



 $\textbf{Figure 1.} \ \textbf{The flow of article selection using the PRISMA model}$

Commented [A3]: The method is in line with the essence of SLR. Research framework, Research questions, and Search articles and inclusion criteria have been submitted. PRISMA has also been presented well. One downside that emerged was some unnecessary, but included, references. Therefore, choose references that are truly appropriate so that the article will be more credible.

3

Figure 1 shows that in our initial search we found a total of 296 articles. As an initial screening, we only took articles which were original articles, totalling 200, which means that there were 96 articles excluded. We excluded conference papers, book chapters, reviews, books, conference reviews, notes, editorials, retracted, short surveys, and erratum. Then we use the criteria for articles published in English, the result is that there are 190 articles that meet the criteria. This shows that there are 10 articles that are excluded, because they were published in Slovenian, Spanish, and Turkish. Next, we use the inclusion criteria in the field of science or the subject area "social science". There were 153 articles that met the criteria, which means that there were 37 articles that we omitted or excluded. Excluded articles fall within the subject areas of environmental science, engineering, energy, agricultural and biological sciences, arts and humanities, and computer science. We then selected articles with "open access" or free download status, in which 42 articles were selected, and removed 111 articles. In the last phase, we re-examine the existing articles, make sure the articles are in accordance with the themes discussed, and ensure that the full text is accessible. Based on this we get 37 articles that meet the criteria. This means that there are 5 articles that do not meet the criteria and are finally excluded.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Trends in publications on the theme of environmental literacy Distribution year

Figure 2 shows the number of articles published per year for the last twenty years (since the 2003-2008 articles were not found, the figure starts in 2009).

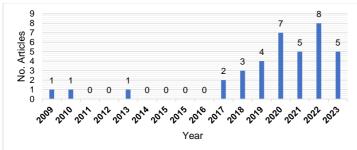


Figure 2. Distribution year of article

Based on Figure 2, it can be seen that the number of EL-themed publications has fluctuated. Articles have started to increase in number since 2017. The number of articles had decreased in 2021 (only 5 articles), but increased in 2022 (to 8 articles). Even though the number of articles in 2023 is only 5 articles, it is very possible that this theme will increase considering that this data search was carried out until July 2023. There are still six more months in 2023, thus allowing the number of published articles based on research results on the topic EL will continue to grow if the data is traced until the end of 2023. It can be said that the EL theme is interesting to study, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. There is a relationship between EL and COVID-19 precautions (Ayuningtyas, 2022). The COVID-19 pandemic has also awakened many parties to care more about their environment and reminded people that nature gives time to recover from human activities that have caused a lot of damage and loss to nature (Mardiani et al., 2020).

The EE which was carried out during the COVID-19 pandemic emphasized the importance of everyone having a good EL level (W.-T. Fang et al., 2022; Raghunathan et al., 2022). EL encourages students' environmental perceptions to shift to ecocentric and leave anthropocentric (Weilhoefer & Schmits, 2022). We can say that EE, which has so far been implemented flexibly even during a pandemic, has been able to strengthen aspects of EE (Assaf & Gan, 2021; Brandão & de Souza, 2021; Grežo et al., 2021; Khalifé et al., 2022; Torres Parra et al., 2022). The pandemic period has made many parties aware that EE and EL are so important and should be the concern and commitment of the global community (Benítez et al., 2019; Edsand & Broich, 2020; Marpa, 2020; Reddy, 2021). This is also in line with Chen and Liu (2020) who emphasized that EE and EL will definitely become topics of interest to researchers

Commented [A4]: The data presentation is quite interesting, not just talking about trends but also adding important aspects in the form of Valuable lessons from each of the analyzed articles. However, in order for this article to have a greater impact, it is very important to review aspects of the relationship between environmental literacy and environmental education, sustainable development goals and education for sustainability. Aspects that also need to be explained are predictions and future hopes regarding this theme.

due to the incessant campaign of "sustainability" and the urgency of multidisciplinary topics on sustainable development.

Research types/methods

The trend of types of research related to EL themes is presented in Table 1. EL research was predominantly conducted using a quantitative approach (22 articles or 59.46%). The type of research used is qualitative, a combination of quantitative and qualitative (mix-method), and Research and Development (R&D).

Table 1.Types of research on environmental literacy themes

No	Type of Research	Amount	References
1	Quantitative	22	(C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020; W. T. Fang et al., 2018; Gheith, 2019; Huang & Hsin, 2023; Iwaniec & Curdt-Christiansen, 2020; Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021; Nurwidodo et al., 2020; Örs, 2022; Pan & Hsu, 2020; Rose, 2010; Sarabi et al., 2020; Saribas et al., 2017; Sasa et al., 2022; Svobodová, 2023; Svobodová & Kroufek, 2022; Tian & Chen, 2023; Tomás et al., 2022; Tran et al., 2022; Wajdi et al., 2022; Wilujeng et al., 2019; Wu et al., 2020; Yilmaz, 2021)
2	Qualitative	6	(Erdoğan et al., 2009; Hamilton & Marckini-Polk, 2023; Hsu et al., 2018; Liang et al., 2018; López-Alcarria et al., 2021; N. S. Putra et al., 2021)
3	Mix-method	5	(Bayer et al., 2021; Bloom & Fuentes, 2019; Jannah et al., 2013; Kaya & Elster, 2019; Suryawati et al., 2020)
4	Research and Development (R&D)	4	(Farida et al., 2017; Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022; Husamah et al., 2022e; Rasis et al., 2023)

The data presented in Table 1 are in line with the findings of the SLR conducted by Nurwidodo et al (2023), namely in the context of science learning research during the COVID-19 pandemic, it turned out that it was dominantly carried out using quantitative methods. This result is slightly different from SLR findings by Husamah et al (2022e), whereas on the theme of sustainable development research, qualitative research is actually more numerous (although the percentage is only slightly larger). It can be emphasized that EL, as well as EE, can actually be studied with both quantitative and qualitative methods. If necessary, even a combination of quantitative and qualitative (known as the mix-method) can be applied. This really depends on the goals of each researcher (Baytak, 2011). Ballantyne et al (2001) also emphasized his opinion on this matter. Molina-Azorín and López-Gamero (2016) even firmly promoting and suggesting the need for mixed-method research, in research on environmental themes considering that this method is commonly used in several fields. It should be remembered that both quantitative and qualitative have their advantages and disadvantages (Rahman, 2016; Savela, 2018).

EL research can be approached with R&D methods. This is in line with the views of researchers who have implemented it (Farida et al., 2017; Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022; Husamah et al., 2022e; Rasis et al., 2023), also in EE research (Rahmayanti et al., 2020). According to O'Flaherty and Liddy (2018) diverse methodological and pedagogical approaches are needed to have a broad impact on the implementation of EL and EE.

Author

Based on Figure 3 and Figure 4 it can be seen that the most dominant author in EL studies based on bibliographic coupling and co-citation → cited authors is F. X. Bogner (Franz Xaver Bogner).

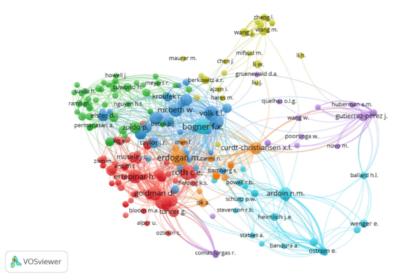


Figure 3. The dominant author in EL studies is based on bibliographic coupling

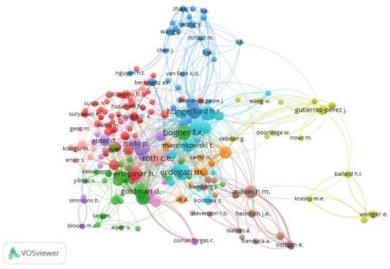


Figure 4. The dominant author in EL studies is based on co-citation \rightarrow cited authors

Franz Xaver Bogner is a professor in the Department of Biology Education, University of Bayreuth, Germany and affiliate research scientist, Earth Education Research & Evaluation, College of Education, University of Arizona, United States. He has 195 documents and an h-index of 35 on Scopus (Author ID: 7004389288). Together with his research team, he has published dozens of articles related to EE and EL during the COVID-19 pandemic or in the 2020-2023 period (Baierl, Bonine, et al., 2021; Baierl, Johnson, et al., 2021, 2022; Baierl, Kaiser, et al., 2022; Baierl & Bogner, 2021, 2023; Beyerl et al., 2022; Bogner & Suarez, 2022; J Cincera et al., 2022; Conradty & Bogner, 2022; Fiedler et al., 2021, 2020; Maurer et al., 2020; Maurer & Bogner, 2020a, 2020b, 2022; Raab & Bogner, 2020, 2021; Schneiderhan-

Opel & Bogner, 2020b, 2020a, 2021; Schönfelder & Bogner, 2020; Stöckert & Bogner, 2020a, 2020b, 2021; Torkar et al., 2020).

Keywords

Figure 5 shows the trend of keywords that are mostly used by authors in writing on the theme "environmental literacy". Based on Figure 5 it can be seen that there are two keywords related to the main keyword "environmental literacy", namely "environmental education" and "knowledge".

EL is the main goal of EE (Szczytko et al., 2019). The need for developing awareness and ability to prevent environmental problems is important for future sustainability and quality of life, in this case education in general and environmental education can be a solution (Erhabor & Don, 2016; Kousar et al., 2022; Pauw et al., 2015; Piscitelli & D'Uggento, 2022). The current education system must produce students who are environmentally literate in order to have sufficient knowledge about environmental issues and a caring attitude to behave responsibly (Liang et al., 2018; Maulaa et al., 2020; Solheri et al., 2022). The purpose of integrating EE into the curriculum structure is to build awareness, increase knowledge, shape attitudes, increase participation, and evaluate the surrounding environment (Abdullah et al., 2018; Mashaba et al., 2022; Permanasari et al., 2021; Zsóka et al., 2013).

EL is related to knowledge. EL is "knowledge" of environmental concepts and issues. Researchers related to the EL field must pay attention to the aspects of "the constitution of knowledge", "the sources of knowledge", and "the evidence for knowledge" (Wheaton et al., 2018). A person's EL status can be measured based on four criteria, one of which is "knowledge", as well as cognitive skills, attitudes, and behavior (Agfar et al., 2018). EL includes components of "environmental knowledge), attitude, and environmental concern (Meilinda et al., 2017). "Environmental model provides relationships between knowledge, attitudes and behavior. The relationship of attitudes with behaviour is closer than with knowledge" (Maurer & Bogner, 2020b).

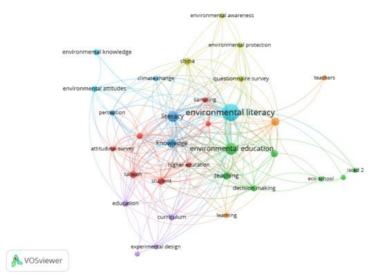


Figure 5. VOS-viewer display for type of analysis "Co-occurrence → keywords"

International collaboration

Figure 6 shows the collaboration of authors in publishing their articles. Author collaboration is carried out in the form of international collaboration, collaboration within one country, or without collaboration (publishing independently or within one institution). Figure 6 provides information that more articles were published with non-collaborating status (15 articles or 40.5%). However, international collaboration (13 articles or 35.1%) and collaboration in a country (9 articles or 24.3%),

it can be said that most of the articles were published by author(s) with a collaboration pattern (total 22 articles or 59.5%).

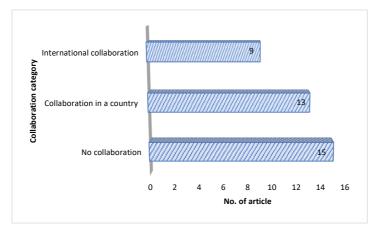


Figure 6. Author collaboration in writing articles

Research related to EL and EE requires widespread or global collaboration of scientists. This pattern supports efforts to develop programs and ideas, documentation and opportunities to solve current problems, such as environmental problems such as biodiversity loss, pollution and climate change (Chernysh & Roubík, 2020; Goodale et al., 2022; Gui et al., 2019; Jappe, 2007a, 2007b; Tirgar et al., 2019; Widmer et al., 2015). Vaughan-Lee (2016) make us all aware that there is no problem that shows the importance of unity and cooperation in global competence more than environmental problems. The survival on this earth really depends on how all the potential in the world collaborates to solve environmental problems.

Valuable lessons from environmental literacy research

We reviewed 37 selected articles and tried to dig and find valuable information that illustrates the valuable lessons that can be learned. The valuable lessons referred to are the sample size, gender, institution level, and main goal of each article. The results of this review can be presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Valuable lessons from each of the analyzed articles

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
1	(Erdoğan et al.,	The link between the goals of	Not explained	Not	
	2009)	science education in elementary	(student 3 rd to	explained	
		schools and the six basic components of EL	8 th grade)		Elementary
2	(Pan & Hsu, 2020)	Effects of one-day EE program on El	100 students	Not	school
2	(D	C-h1 h1	2.076	explained	
3	(Bayer et al.,	School-based agricultural	3,076 students	Not	
	2021)	education program		explained	
4	(Svobodová &	EL of ISCED 2 PUPILS	436 students	Male: 226	
	Kroufek, 2022)			Female:	
				210	
5	(Svobodová,	EL of ISCED 2 Pupils	371 students	Male: 187	
	2023)	•		Female:	Junior High
	,			184	School
6	(Suryawati et al.,	The relationship between EL with	372 students	Male: 169	
-	2020)	thinking skills, actions, and		Female:	
	2020)	sensitivity to environmental issues		203	
7	(N. C. Dutro et al	the level of students' and	70 students	Not	
/	(N. S. Putra et al.,	the level of students and	/ U Students	INUL	

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
	2021)	stakeholders' EL	and 40 school community	explained	
	(Jannah et al.,	Determine the level of EL amongst	345 students	Male: 165	
	2013)	students	5 15 Students	Female:	
	2013)	students		180	
	(Earida at al	Learning design to develop EL	Not ounlained	Not	
	(Farida et al.,	Learning design to develop EL	Not explained		
_	2017)	mi cc ci	(students)	explained	
0	(Wilujeng et al.,	The effectiveness of learning using	30 students	Not	
	2019)	worksheets to improve EL		explained	Senior high
.1	(Nurwidodo et al.,	The role of eco-school program	275 students	Not	school
_	2020)	towards EL		explained	
2	(Hermawan,	develop learning model to improve	36 students	Not	
	Arjaya, et al.,	students' EL		explained	
	2022)				
.3	(Hamilton &	Implementation of place-based	226 students	Not	
	Marckini-Polk,	education has a positive impact on		explained	
	2023)	communities and the environment			
4	(Tomás et al.,	The incidence of EL in the	650 teachers	Not	Early,
	2022)	sustainable pedagogical behaviors		explained	primary and
15	(Huang & Hsin,	the relationship between EL and	Not explained	Not	secondary
	2023)	sustainable development in schools	•	explained	school
6	(Rose, 2010)	Professional development for	Not explained	Not	
		improving EL teachers	(teachers)	explained	
7	(Saribas et al.,	Effects environmental education	58 pre-service	Male: 8	
	2017)	course on EL and self-efficacy	elementary	Female: 50	
	2017)	beliefs	teachers	r cinaic. 50	
8	(W. T. Fang et al.,	EL students in relation to	835 students	Not	
.0	2018)	ecotourism activities	033 students	explained	
9	(Liang et al.,	EL of undergraduate students	29,498	Male:	
LJ		EL of undergraduate students	students		
	2018)		students	14,483	
				Female:	
	(6) 11 2010)	I I CDI	440	14,626	
20	(Gheith, 2019)	Level of EL among prospective	112	Male: 0	
		teachers	prospective	Female:	
			teachers	112	
21	(Bloom &	Professional development program	17 inservice	Male: 7	
21	(Bloom & Fuentes, 2019)	Professional development program for inservice science teachers	science	Maie: 7 Female: 9	
	Fuentes, 2019)	for inservice science teachers			
	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster,	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework,	science	Female: 9 Not	
21 22	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus	science teachers 95 experts	Female: 9 Not explained	
22	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster,	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework,	science teachers	Female: 9 Not	University
22	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus	science teachers 95 experts	Female: 9 Not explained	University
	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al.,	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and	science teachers 95 experts	Female: 9 Not explained Not	University
22	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al.,	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the	science teachers 95 experts	Female: 9 Not explained Not	University
22	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment	science teachers 95 experts 210 students	Female: 9 Not explained Not explained	University
22 23	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment	science teachers 95 experts 210 students	Female: 9 Not explained Not explained Not	University
22 23 24	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students	Not explained Not explained Not explained	University
22	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50	University
222 223 224 225	(Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates	Female: 9 Not explained Not explained Mot explained Female: 50 Female: 114	University
22 23 24	Kuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26	University
23	(Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood	Female: 9 Not explained Not explained Mot explained Female: 50 Female: 114	University
3 4	Kuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26	University
22 23 24 25	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness,	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of undergraduates on major	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25 26	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021) (Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of undergraduates on major environmental issues	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800 undergraduates	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25 26	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of undergraduates on major environmental issues The influence of demographic	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University
22 23 24 25 26	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021) (Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of undergraduates on major environmental issues	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800 undergraduates	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4 Not explained	University
22 23 24 25	Fuentes, 2019) (Kaya & Elster, 2019) (Sarabi et al., 2020) (C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020) (Yilmaz, 2021) (López-Alcarria et al., 2021) (Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021)	for inservice science teachers Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment Impact of EE on EL EL levels of social studies teacher candidates EL model based on teachers action-competencies Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of undergraduates on major environmental issues The influence of demographic	science teachers 95 experts 210 students 221 students 164 teacher candidates 30 early childhood education teachers 800 undergraduates	Not explained Not explained Not explained Male: 50 Female: 114 Male: 26 Female: 4	University

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
	2022)	based comic model in empowering students' environmental literacy		explained	
30	(Örs, 2022)	EL levels of nursing students in terms of a sustainable environment	278 nursing student	Not explained	
2	(Tran et al., 2022)	Modelling the level of EL and environmental teaching activities	324 in-service preschool teachers	Not explained	
32	(Husamah et al., 2022e)	Develop and validate an EL instrument for prospective science teacher	634 students	Not explained	
	(Rasis et al., 2023)	Open inquiry learning kits and EL	33 students/ pre-service biology teachers	Not explained	
34	(Hsu et al., 2018)	Community practices that contribute to EL	Not explained (Community)	Not explained	
35	(Iwaniec & Curdt- Christiansen, 2020)	The role of parents to increase their children's awareness, attitude and behavior about environmental issues (EL)	368 parents	Male: 275 Female: 93	General
36	(Wu et al., 2020)	Community EL level and preferences for using mass media related to EE issues	435 citizens	Not explained	public
37	(Tian & Chen, 2023)	The EL measured by questionnaire survey	547 people	Not explained	

Based on Table 2, valuable information is obtained, as a basis for further research. The main research goals can be grouped into: (1) intra-curricular and extra-curricular programs in developing EL in elementary school, junior high school, and senior high school; (2) EL level at junior high school, senior high, university, and the general public; (3) learning designs/models, learning media, and development of instruments related to EL at senior highs and universities; (4) the link between EL and sustainable development at the early, primary, and secondary school levels; (5) the role of the community or society in supporting EL development.

EL implementation studies are very broad, showing that this theme can be approached from various sides, various approaches, and various disciplines (holistic, interdisciplinary, multidisciplinary, and multidimensional). Various studies show that sustainability and education are closely interdependent (Al-Kuwari et al., 2022). This provides a mandate that educational institutions, from elementary to tertiary institutions need to be committed to sustainable development and ESD. A holistic, transdisciplinary, multidisciplinary and multidimensional approach that integrates the pillars of social, political, environmental, economic and institutional sustainability and allows all parties to contribute widely to sustainability (Bunyatova et al., 2021; Butt & Dimitrijević, 2022; Jabareen, 2011; Parry & Metzger, 2023; J. D. Putra, 2022; Shao et al., 2011; Shoolestani & Shoolestani, 2015). Social community also means participatory aspects and human capacity development in various communities, including the vulnerable (Gähler, 2012) and culture (Gospodinova & Boutier, 2022; UCLG, 2018). ESD can also relate to and describe complex application experiences in psychological, physiological, medical, and sociological aspects (Avgusmanova et al., 2017). An interdisciplinary and holistic approach to ESD considers human aspects: physical, cognitive, social, emotional which are in line with multiple intelligences and basic competencies (Aada, 2019).

Based on Table 2, in the context of sample size, information is obtained that most of the articles have explained the sample size of their research (32 articles or 86.49%). Sample sizes range from tens to tens of thousands (30-29,498). Even so, there are several studies that do not explain the sample size (5 articles or 13.51%).

Calculation of sample size is very important for researchers because it shows the quality of research. A sample size that is too small may be able to provide an overview or show differences as expected (not precise). On the other hand, a very large sample size certainly adds to the burden because research will become more complex, increase costs, and extend time, making it unfeasible. Both of these

situations must be taken into consideration and need to be avoided by researchers (Martínez-Mesa et al., 2014). The sample size needs to be estimated; because too large a sample is unnecessary and unethical, but too small a sample is unscientific and also unethical (Andrade, 2020). Often research articles do not adequately report on the adequacy of their sample size, or are uninformative and so are often poor, often non-existent. This occurs in various fields of scientific disciplines (Vasileiou et al., 2018).

Based on Table 2, in the context of gender, most of the studies did not explain the gender aspect of their research sample (25 articles or 67.57%). Meanwhile, research that explains gender aspects, gender status is quite balanced. Research showing that their research sample was predominantly female was 7 articles (18.92%), while research showing that their research sample was predominantly male was 5 articles (13.51%).

There are many reasons why researchers need to routinely consider gender and gender in their research practice. Gender and gender are related to decision-making, communication, stakeholder engagement, and preferences for implementing interventions. Gender aspects consisting of gender roles, gender identities, gender relations, and institutionalized gender can influence how the implementation strategy works, for whom, under what circumstances and why, all of which are related to research processes and results. Research for both quantitative and qualitative is recommended to measure and analyze sex and gender in practice (Tannenbaum et al., 2016).

Gender influences the way people live, work and relate to each other at all levels, including in relation to awareness (literacy). Gender disaggregation marks differences or similarities between women and men that require further analysis; and further analysis is guided by gender frameworks and questions to understand how gender power relations are shaped and negotiated. "Crucial aspects of understanding gender power relations include examining who has what (access to resources); who does what (the division of labor and daily practices); how values are defined (social norms) and who decides (rules and decision-making)" (Morgan et al., 2016).

Based on Table 2, in the context of the institution level, EL research is more dominant at the university level (18 articles or 48.65%) and the lowest is at the elementary school level (3 articles or 8.11%). Thus, it can be said that EL research in tertiary institutions tends to be the "favorite" of researchers. ESD, which is multidisciplinary, is an important and complex system for higher education institutions that tends to be comprehensive (Bi et al., 2022). Various factors are also recommended to be considered in the implementation of ESD, namely curriculum, teaching, extracurricular activities, educational leadership, professional development, and community partnerships (Parent & Speer, 2014; Shayya et al., 2020) all of which can be escorted by scientists in universities.

We also get interesting results, that there are opportunities for EL research and publication at the elementary school level because the number is still limited. Research and implementation of environmental literacy at the elementary school level. The EL status of elementary school students can be assessed by exploring the relationship between the environmental knowledge subscales (Saltan & Divarci, 2017). The Organization for Economic Cooperation Development (OECD) even states that EL in elementary school students tends to be low when referring to the results of the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) tests. This is due to several aspects tested in the science field related to environmental themes (Nugraha et al., 2022). Experts state that in the last three decades, primary schools need to be involved in preparing students who are ready to become "environmentally conscious, committed, and active citizens'". Various existing studies show that the implementation of EE at the elementary school level still has various problems and a limited success rate (Cutter & Smith, 2001).

CONCLUSION

This SLR provides some interesting results, both in terms of trends and learning lessons. First, interesting information based on trends are: (1) The number of EL-themed publications has fluctuated; articles started to increase in number since 2017; the number of articles decreased in 2021, increased in 2022, and it is very possible that publications in EL will increase considering that this data search was carried out in the first semester; (2) EL research is more dominantly carried out with a quantitative approach; however, there are those who use a qualitative, mix-method, and R&D approach; (3) The most dominant author in EL studies based on bibliographic coupling and co-citation is F. X. Bogner; (4) The keywords that are mostly used by the author in writing EL themes are "environmental education" and "knowledge"; and (5) more published articles with non-collaborative status. However, if we combine

Commented [A5]: The conclusion is well structured. It's been informative.

international collaboration and collaboration in a country, it can be confirmed that most of the articles published by author(s) are collaborative. Second, 37 articles have been reviewed and explored valuable lessons, as follows: (1) Main research goals: (a) intra-curricular and extra-curricular programs in developing EL in primary and secondary schools; (b) study of the EL level at all levels of education up to the general public; (c) learning designs/models, learning media, and development of instruments related to EL at senior high schools and universities; (d) the link between EL and sustainable development at the primary and secondary school levels; (e) the role of the community or society in supporting EL development. (2) In the context of sample size, information is obtained that most of the articles have explained the sample size of their research, although there are several studies which have not explained the sample size. (3) In the context of gender, most studies do not explain the gender aspects of their research samples. (4) In the context of the institution level, EL research is more dominant at the university level and the lowest (still needs to be improved) at the elementary school level.

This SLR does not analyze some other interesting information, such as funding, number of authors, research location, author's country of origin, and the main results of each article. Therefore, researchers and authors who are interested in conducting SLRs on this theme should consider including these aspects. The findings that we get in this SLR can be a consideration or baseline for researchers to study EL according to their respective interests, needs and missions.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Thank you to the Dean of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education (FTTE), Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, who has provided moral support and funding for this research. This work was supported by the FTTE Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang-Indonesia through the Blockgrant Research Scheme (2023). Searching for data on Scopus is done using an official subscription account, namely the Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang-Indonesia (affiliation of the authors).

REFERENCES

- Aada, K. (2019). How to promote education for sustainable development? Vision of the educational situation and its contribution to sustainable development. *The Eurasia Proceedings of Educational & Social Sciences (EPESS)*, 15, 6–12. https://dergipark.org.tr/en/download/article-file/885800
- Abdullah, A., Syed Zakaria, S. Z., & Razman, M. R. (2018). Environmental education through outdoor education for primary school children. *International Journal of the Malay World and Civilization*, 6(1), 27–34.
- Afandi, Ningsih, K., Sari, M., Indriyani, S., & Djaroneh, E. (2023). Bibliometric analysis of environmental literacy: A systematic literature review using VOSviewer. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2751(1), 20001. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0143401
- Agfar, A., Munandar, A., & Surakusumah, W. (2018). Environmental literacy based on educational background. *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, 1013(1), 1–5. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1013/1/012008
- Al-Kuwari, M. M., Du, X., & Koç, M. (2022). Performance assessment in education for sustainable development: A case study of the Qatar education system. *Prospects*, *52*(3–4), 513–527. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11125-021-09570-w
- Andrade, C. (2020). Sample size and its importance in research. *Indian Journal of Psychological Medicine*, 42(1), 102–103. https://doi.org/10.4103/IJPSYM.JJPSYM_504_19
- Ardoin, N. M., & Bowers, A. W. (2020). Early childhood environmental education: A systematic review of the research literature. *Educational Research Review*, 31, 100353. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.edurev.2020.100353
- Ardoin, N. M., Bowers, A. W., & Gaillard, E. (2023). A systematic mixed studies review of civic engagement outcomes in environmental education. *Environmental Education Research*, 29(1), 1–26. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2135688
- Ardoin, N. M., Bowers, A. W., Kannan, A., & O'Connor, K. (2022). Positive youth development outcomes and environmental education: a review of research. *International Journal of Adolescence and Youth,* 27(1), 475–492. https://doi.org/10.1080/02673843.2022.2147442
- Assaf, N., & Gan, D. (2021). Environmental education using distance learning during the COVID-19 lockdown in Israel. *Perspectives in Education*, 39(1), 257–276. https://doi.org/10.18820/2519593X/pie.v39.i1.16

Commented [A6]: Check again for accuracy in writing reference metadata in Reference Manager. Complete with DOI if any.

- Avgusmanova, T. V., Dzyatkovskaya, E. N., Mamchenko, A. A., & Pustovalova, V. V. (2017). Self-Education Skills As A Means Of Education For Sustainable Development: Multidisciplinary Studies. *Proceedings of the International Conference "Education Environment for the Information Age" (EEIA 2017)*, 110–114. https://doi.org/10.15405/epsbs.2017.08.14
- Aydeniz, M., & Ruggiero, K. M. (2015). Assessing environmental literacy in the United States: A metaanalysis. NAAEE Conference Proposal, 12.
- Ayuningtyas, R. (2022). Analisis hubungan literasi lingkungan dengan tindakan pencegahan Covid-19 pada siswa SMA program Adiwiyata [Universitas Sebelas Maret]. https://digilib.uns.ac.id/dokumen/detail/95753/Analisis-Hubungan-Literasi-Lingkungan-dengan-Tindakan-Pencegahan-Covid-19-pada-Siswa-SMA-Program-Adiwiyata
- Baierl, T.-M., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Plastic Pollution: Learning Activities from Production to Disposal-from Where do Plastics Come and Where do they Go? *American Biology Teacher*, 83(5), 320–324. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2021.83.5.320
- Baierl, T.-M., & Bogner, F. X. (2023). How should we teach nature protection? Self-determination and environmental attitudes. *Education Sciences*, *13*(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci13040353
- Baierl, T.-M., Bonine, K., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Biosphere 2 as an informal learning platform to assess motivation, fascination, and cognitive achievement for sustainability. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 70. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2021.101061
- Baierl, T.-M., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Assessing environmental attitudes and cognitive achievement within 9 years of informal earth education. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 13(7). https://doi.org/10.3390/su13073622
- Baierl, T.-M., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Informal earth education: Significant shifts for environmental attitude and knowledge. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 13. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.819899
- Baierl, T.-M., Kaiser, F. G., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). The supportive role of environmental attitude for learning about environmental issues. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 81. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101799
- Ballantyne, R., Fien, J., & Packer, J. (2001). Intergenerational Influence in Environmental Education: A Quantitative Analysis. *Australian Journal of Environmental Education*, 17(3), 1–7. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0814062600002378
- Basile, C., & White, C. (2000). Respecting living things: Environmental literacy for young children. *Early Childhood Education Journal*, 28(1), 57–61. https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1009551705001
- Bayer, R., Travis, A., & Wang, C. (2021). Kids growing with grains: Connecting agriculture, nutrition, and environmental literacy. *Journal of Youth Development*, 15(6), 272–291. https://doi.org/10.5195/JYD.2020.964
- Baytak, A. (2011). Towards effective instructions in environmental education: A critical review of literature. *European Journal of Physics Education*, *2*(1), 16–22.
- Benítez, F. F., Paredes, M. E. R., Collado-Ruano, J., Terán, E. F. H., & Ibarra, G. D. L. (2019). Environmental education program in Ecuador: Theory, practice, and public policies to face global change in the anthropocene. *Ensaio*, 27(105), 859–880. https://doi.org/10.1590/S0104-40362019002701950
- Beyerl, K., Bogner, F., Daskalakis, M., Decker, T., Hentschel, A., Hinzmann, M., Loges, B., Knoblauch, D., Mederake, L., Müller, R., Rubik, F., Schweiger, S., & Stieß, I. (2022). Ways to deal with plastics in a sustainable manner. Key messages from social science research. *GAIA Ecological Perspectives for Science and Society*, 31(1), 51–53. https://doi.org/10.14512/GAIA.31.1.12
- Bi, S., Ni, W., Jiang, Y., & Wang, X. (2022). Novel Recommendation-Based Approach for Multidisciplinary Development of Future Universities. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(10), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14105881
- Bloom, M., & Fuentes, S. Q. (2019). Experiential learning for enhancing environmental literacy regarding energy: A professional development program for inservice science teachers. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 15(6). https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/103571
- Bogner, F. X., & Suarez, B. R. (2022). Environmental preferences of adolescents within a low ecological footprint country. *Frontiers in Psychology*, *13*. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.894382
- Brandão, E. K. S., & de Souza, M. C. M. R. (2021). Environmental education and Covid-19: Learning, digital technology, and the use of Youtube as a teaching platform in pandemic. *International Journal Semiarid*, 4(4), 67–86. https://doi.org/10.56346/ijsa.v4i4.82
- Bunyatova, F. K., Bunyatova, A., & Shahhuseynbayova, N. (2021). Multidisciplinary Development of

- Sustainable Education. In S. Jackowicz & I. Sahin (Eds.), *International Conference on Humanities, Social and Education Sciences* (pp. 232–249). ISTES Organization.
- Butt, A. N., & Dimitrijević, B. (2022). Multidisciplinary and transdisciplinary collaboration in nature-based design of sustainable architecture and urbanism. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(10339), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.3390/su141610339
- Chen, C. W. K., Chen, C., & Shieh, C.-J. (2020). A study on correlations between computer-aided instructions integrated environmental education and students' learning outcome and environmental literacy. Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 16(6), em1858. https://doi.org/10.29333/EJMSTE/8229
- Chen, S. Y., & Liu, S. Y. (2020). Developing students' action competence for a sustainable future: A review of educational research. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(4), 1374. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12041374
- Cheng, I. N. Y., & So, W. W. M. (2015). Teachers' environmental literacy and teaching stories of three Hong Kong primary school teachers. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 24(1), 58–79. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2014.967111
- Chernysh, Y., & Roubík, H. (2020). International collaboration in the field of environmental protection: Trend analysis and covid-19 implications. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(24), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.3390/su122410384
- Cincera, J, Kroufek, R., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). The perceived effect of environmental and sustainability education on environmental literacy of Czech teenagers. *Environmental Education Research*. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2107618
- Cincera, Jan, Kroufek, R., & Bogner, F.X. (2022). The perceived effect of environmental and sustainability education on environmental literacy of Czech teenagers. *Environmental Education Research*, 0(0), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2107618
- Conradty, C., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Education for sustainable development: How seminar design and time structure of teacher professional development affect students' motivation and creativity. *Education Sciences*, *12*(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci12050296
- Cutter, A., & Smith, R. (2001). Gauging primary school teachers' environmental literacy: An issue of 'priority.' *Asia Pacific Education Review*, 2(2), 45–60. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF03026290
- Edsand, H. E., & Broich, T. (2020). The impact of environmental education on environmental and renewable energy technology awareness: Empirical evidence from Colombia. *International Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*, 18(4), 611–634. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10763-019-09988-x
- Erdoğan, M., Kostova, Z., & Marcinkowski, T. (2009). Components of environmental literacy in elementary science education curriculum in Bulgaria and Turkey. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, *5*(1), 15–26. https://doi.org/10.12973/ejmste/75253
- Erhabor, N. I., & Don, J. U. (2016). Impact of environmental education on the knowledge and attitude of students towards the environment. *International Journal of Environmental and Science Education*, 11(12), 5367–5375. https://doi.org/10.25073/0866-773x/68
- Fang, W.-T., Hassan, A., & LePage, B. A. (2022). Environmental literacy. In W.-T. Fang, A. Hassan, & B. A. LePage (Eds.), *The lving environmental education: Sound science toward a ceaner, safer, and healthier future* (pp. 93–126). Spring. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-19-4234-1
- Fang, W. T., Lien, C. Y., Huang, Y. W., Han, G., Shyu, G. S., Chou, J. Y., & Ng, E. (2018). Environmental literacy on ecotourism: A study on student knowledge, attitude, and behavioral intentions in China and Taiwan. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 10(1886), 1–22. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10061886
- Farida, I., Hadiansah, h., Mahmud, M., & Munandar, A. (2017). Project-based teaching and learning design for internalization of environmental literacy with islamic values. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 6(2), 277–284. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v6i2.9452
- Fiedler, S. T., Heyne, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Explore your local biodiversity How school grounds evoke visions of sustainability. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(9), 606–613. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.9.606
- Fiedler, S. T., Heyne, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). COVID-19 and lockdown schooling: how digital learning environments influence semantic structures and sustainability knowledge. *Discover Sustainability*, *2*(1). https://doi.org/10.1007/s43621-021-00041-y
- Gähler, J. (2012). Concepts for multidisciplinary learning with young adults. *Adaptation and Beyond*, 5(October 2012), 4.

- Gallagher, K. E., Kadokura, E., Eckert, L. O., Miyake, S., Mounier-Jack, S., Aldea, M., Ross, D. A., & Watson-Jones, D. (2016). Factors influencing completion of multi-dose vaccine schedules in adolescents: A systematic review. *BMC Public Health*, 16(1), 172. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12889-016-2845-z
- Gheith, E. (2019). Environmental literacy among prospective classroom teachers in Jordan. *International Journal of Learning, Teaching and Educational Research*, 18(12), 258–279. https://doi.org/10.26803/ijlter.18.12.15
- Goodale, E., Mammides, C., Mtemi, W., Chen, Y.-F., Barthakur, R., Goodale, U. M., Jiang, A., Liu, J., Malhotra, S., Meegaskumbura, M., Pandit, M. K., Qiu, G., Xu, J., Cao, K.-F., & Bawa, K. S. (2022). Increasing collaboration between China and India in the environmental sciences to foster global sustainability. *Ambio*, 51(6), 1474–1484. https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-021-01681-0
- Gospodinova, S., & Boutier, F. (2022). Experts put forward recommendations on how to harness the power of culture for sustainable development. UNESCO's World Conference on Cultural Policies and Sustainable Development.
- Goulgouti, A., Plakitsi, A., & Stylos, G. (2019). Environmental literacy: Evaluating knowledge, affect, and behavior of pre-service teachers in Greece. *Interdisciplinary Journal of Environmental and Science Education*, 15(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.29333/ijese/6287
- Grežo, H., Pucherová, Z., & Mišovičová, R. (2021). Adaptation of environmental education during the Covid-19 pandemic lockdown. *INTED2021 Proceedings*, 1(April), 10324–10328. https://doi.org/10.21125/inted.2021.2153
- Gui, Q., Liu, C., & Du, D. Bin. (2019). The structure and dynamic of scientific collaboration network among countries along the belt and road. *Sustainability Journal*, 11(19), 1–17.
- Hamilton, E., & Marckini-Polk, L. (2023). The impact of place-based education on middle school students' environmental literacy and stewardship. *Cogent Education*, *10*(1). https://doi.org/10.1080/2331186X.2022.2163789
- Hermawan, I. M. S., Arjaya, I. B. A., & Diarta, I. M. (2022). Be-Raise: A blended-learning model based on Balinese local culture to enhance student's environmental literacy. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 11(4), 552–566. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v11i4.39475
- Hermawan, I. M. S., Suwono, H., Paraniti, A. A. I., & Wimuttipanya, J. (2022). Student's environmental literacy: An educational program reflections for a sustainable environment. In *JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia*) (Vol. 8, Issue 1). https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i1.16889
- Hsu, C. H., Lin, T. E., Fang, W. T., & Liu, C. C. (2018). Taiwan Roadkill Observation Network: An example of a community of practice contributing to Taiwanese environmental literacy for sustainability. Sustainability (Switzerland), 10(10), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10103610
- Huang, H., & Hsin, C. Te. (2023). Environmental literacy education and sustainable development in schools based on teaching effectiveness. *International Journal of Sustainable Development and Planning*, *18*(5), 1639–1648. https://doi.org/10.18280/ijsdp.180535
- Hudha, M. N., Hamidah, I., Permanasari, A., & Abdullah, A. G. (2023). Trends of environmental literacy research: A systematic review of the literature. AIP Conference Proceedings, 2646(1), 60001. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0113171
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022a). Action competencies for sustainability and its implications to environmental education for prospective science teachers: A systematic literature review. Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science & Technology Education, 18(8), em2138.
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022b). Environmental education research in Indonesian Scopus indexed journal: A systematic literature review. JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia), 8(2), 105–120. https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i2.21041
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022c). Global trend of research and development in education in the pandemic era: A systematic literature review. *Research and Development in Education (RaDEn)*, 2(2), 89–100. https://doi.org/10.22219/raden.v2i2.23224
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022d). Sustainable development research in Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education: A systematic literature review. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 18*(5), em2103. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/11965
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022e). The development and validation of environmental literacy instrument based on spirituality for prospective science teachers. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 18*(12), em2206. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12732

- Iwaniec, J., & Curdt-Christiansen, X. L. (2020). Parents as agents: Engaging children in environmental literacy in China. Sustainability (Switzerland), 12(16), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12166605
- Izhar, G., Wardani, K., & Nugraha, N. K. (2022). The development environmental literacy media learning for elementary school student. *Journal of Innovation in Educational and Cultural Research*, *3*(3), 397–404. https://doi.org/10.46843/jiecr.v3i3.116
- Jabareen, Y. (2011). Teaching Sustainability: A Multidisciplinary Approach. Creative Education, 2(4), 388–392. https://doi.org/10.4236/ce.2011.24055
- Jannah, M., Halim, L., Meerah, T. S. M., & Fairuz, M. (2013). Impact of environmental education kit on students' environmental literacy. Asian Social Science, 9(12 SPL ISSUE), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.5539/ass.v9n12p1
- Jappe, A. (2007a). Explaining international collaboration in global environmental change research. *Scientometrics*, 71(3), 367–390. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-007-1676-1
- Jappe, A. (2007b). Explaining international collaboration in global environmental change research. *Scientometrics*, 71(3), 367–390. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-007-1676-1
- Karimzadegan, H., & Meiboudia, H. (2012). Exploration of environmental literacy in science education curriculum in primary schools in Iran. *Procedia - Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 46, 404–409. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2012.05.131
- Kaya, V. H., & Elster, D. (2019). A critical consideration of environmental literacy: Concepts, contexts, and competencies. Sustainability (Switzerland), 11(6), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.3390/su11061581
- Khalifé, M., Chaker, R., & Gasparovic, S. (2022). Environmental education and digital solutions: An analysis of the Lebanese context's existing and possible digital actions. *Frontiers in Education*, 7(October), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3389/feduc.2022.958569
- Konstantakatos, G., & Galani, L. (2023). How is the use of GIS in geographical and environmental education evaluated? Findings from a systematic review. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 32(2), 159–175. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2022.2138167
- Kousar, S., Afzal, M., Ahmed, F., & Bojnec, Š. (2022). Environmental awareness and air quality: The mediating role of environmental protective behaviors. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(6), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14063138
- Kudryaytsey, A., Li, Y., & Cottle, M. (2015). Environmental literacy in the United States: An agenda for leadership in the 21st century. In J. Adams (Ed.), *USDA Forest Service Conservation Education Program*. National Environmental Education Foundation.
- Kurniati, E., Ibrohim, I., Suryadi, A., & Saefi, M. (2022). International scientific collaboration and research Topics on STEM education: A systematic review. *EURASIA Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 18(4), em2095. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/11903
- Kuruppuarachchi, J., Sayakkarage, V., & Madurapperuma, B. (2021). Environmental literacy level comparison of undergraduates in the conventional and odls universities in sri lanka. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 13(3), 1–16. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13031056
- Kusumaningrum, D. (2018). Literasi lingkungan dalam kurikulum 2013 dan pembelajaran IPA di SD. Indonesian Journal of Natural Science Education (IJNSE), 1(2), 57–64. https://doi.org/10.31002/nse.v1i2.255
- Kuswendi, U., & Arga, H. S. P. (2020). Developing primary school students' environmental literacy by utilizing scraps. *Mimbar Sekolah Dasar*, 7(2), 198–215. https://doi.org/10.17509/mimbarsd.v7i2.26497
- Liang, S. W., Fang, W. T., Yeh, S. C., Liu, S. Y., Tsai, H. M., Chou, J. Y., & Ng, E. (2018). A nationwide survey evaluating the environmental literacy of undergraduate students in Taiwan. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 10(6), 1–21. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10061730
- Locke, S., Russo, R., & Montoya, C. (2013). Environmental education and eco-literacy as tools of education for sustainable development. In *Journal of Sustainability Education* (Vol. 4, Issue January, p. 10).
 - http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&AuthType=ip,url,cookie,uid&db=eue&AN=86430930&site=ehost-live&scope=site
- López-Alcarria, A., Poza-Vilches, M. F., Pozo-Llorente, M. T., & Gutiérrez-Pérez, J. (2021). Water, waste material, and energy as key dimensions of sustainable management of early childhood eco-schools: An environmental literacy model based on teachers action-competencies (ELTAC). *Water (Switzerland)*, 13(2), 1–37. https://doi.org/10.3390/w13020145

- Mahat, H., Hashim, M., Saleh, Y., Nayan, N., & Norkhaidi, S. B. (2020). Transformation of education for sustainable development through low carbon schools community program. *Journal of Turkish Science Education*, 17(3), 429–442. https://doi.org/10.36681/tused.2020.37
- Mardiani, N. D., Husamah, H., Fatmawati, D., Miharja, F. J., & Fauzi, A. (2020). Literasi lingkungan melalui pendidikan lingkungan di masa pandemi covid-19. *Prosiding Diskusi Daring Tematik, September*, 100–103. http://research-report.umm.ac.id/index.php/psnpb/article/view/3657
- Marpa, E. (2020). Navigating environmental education practices to promote environmental awareness and education. *International Journal on Studies in Education*, 2(1), 45–57. https://doi.org/10.46328/ijonse.8
- Martínez-Mesa, J., González-Chica, D. A., Bastos, J. L., Bonamigo, R. R., & Duquia, R. P. (2014). Sample size: how many participants do I need in my research? *Anais Brasileiros de Dermatologia*, 89(4), 609–615. https://doi.org/10.1590/abd1806-4841.20143705
- Masalimova, A. R., Krokhina, J. A., Sokolova, N. L., Melnik, M. V., Kutepova, O. S., & Duran, M. (2023). Trends in environmental education: A systematic review. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 19(2), em2228. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12952
- Mashaba, E. K., Maile, S., & Manaka, M. J. (2022). Learners' knowledge of environmental education in selected primary schools of the Tshwane North District, Gauteng Province. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 19(23), 1–10. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph192315552
- Mashfufah, A., Nurkamto, J., Sajidan, & Wiranto. (2018). Environmental literacy among biology preservice teachers: A pilot study. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2014(December 2020). https://doi.org/10.1063/1.5054444
- Maulaa, I., Hamidah, I., & Permanasari, A. (2020). Environmental literacy profile of 7 th grade junior high school students in science learning on global warming subject. *Journal of Physics Conference Series*, 042122. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1521/4/042122
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). First steps towards sustainability? University freshmen perceptions on nature versus environment. *PLoS ONE*, *15*(6). https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0234560
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). Modelling environmental literacy with environmental knowledge, values and (reported) behaviour. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 65. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2020.100863
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Green awareness in action of saving energy in school life: Modeling environmental literacy in theory and practice experience. In *Handbook of Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation: Third Edition* (Vol. 5, pp. 3531–3556). https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-72579-2_157
- Maurer, M., Koulouris, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Green awareness in action-how energy conservation action forces on environmental knowledge, values and behaviour in adolescents' school life. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(3). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12030955
- McBride, B. B., Brewer, C. A., Berkowitz, A. R., & Borrie, W. T. (2013). Environmental literacy, ecological literacy, ecoliteracy: What do we mean and how did we get here? *Ecosphere*, 4(5), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.1890/ES13-00075.1
- Meilinda, H., Prayitno, E. B., & Karyanto, P. (2017). Student's environmental literacy profile of adiwiyata green school in Surakarta, Indonesia. *Journal of Education and Learning*, 11(3), 299–306.
- Merritt, E. G., Stern, M. J., Powell, R. B., & Frensley, B. T. (2022). A systematic literature review to identify evidence-based principles to improve online environmental education. *Environmental Education Research*, 28(5), 674–694. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2032610
- Molina-Azorín, J. F., & López-Gamero, M. D. (2016). Mixed methods studies in environmental management research: Prevalence, purposes and designs. *Business Strategy and the Environment, 25*(2), 134–148. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1002/bse.1862
- Morgan, R., George, A., Ssali, S., Hawkins, K., Molyneux, S., & Theobald, S. (2016). How to do (or not to do)... gender analysis in health systems research. *Health Policy and Planning*, *31*(8), 1069–1078. https://doi.org/10.1093/heapol/czw037
- Nugraha, L., Saud, U. S., Hartati, T., & Damaianti, V. S. (2022). Profile of learning environmental literacy in elementary school. *PrimaryEdu: Journal of Elementary Education*, 6(2), 211–222.
- Nurwidodo, N., Amin, M., Ibrohim, I., & Sueb, S. (2020). The role of eco-school program (Adiwiyata) towards environmental literacy of high school students. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 9(3), 1089–1103. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.9.3.1089

- Nurwidodo, N., Ibrohim, I., Sueb, S., & Husamah, H. (2023). "Let's transform!": A systematic literature review of science learning in COVID-19 pandemic era. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 19(2), em224. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12875
- O'Flaherty, J., & Liddy, M. (2018). The impact of development education and education for sustainable development interventions: a synthesis of the research. *Environmental Education Research*, 24(7), 1031–1049. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2017.1392484
- O'Neil, J. M., Newton, R. J., Bone, E. K., Birney, L. B., Green, A. E., Merrick, B., Goodwin-Segal, T., Moore, G., & Fraioli, A. (2020). Using urban harbors for experiential, environmental literacy: Case studies of New York and Chesapeake Bay. *Regional Studies in Marine Science, 33*. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rsma.2019.100886
- OELP. (2020). What is environmental literacy? Oregon Environmental Literacy Program. https://oelp.oregonstate.edu/oelp-plan/what-environmental-literacy
- Ohnishi, T. (2003). Environmental literacy of aluminum alloys. *Journal of Japan Institute of Light Metals*, 53(11), 454–456.
- Örs, M. (2022). A measurement of the environmental literacy of nursing students for a sustainable environment. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(17). https://doi.org/10.3390/su141711003
- Ozgurler, S., & Cansaran, A. (2014). Graduate students, study of environmental literacy and sustainable development. *International Electronic Journal of Environmental Education*, 4(2), 71–83. https://doi.org/10.18497/iejee-green.31036
- Pan, C. T., & Hsu, S. J. (2020). Effects of a one-day environmental education program on sixth-graders' environmental literacy at a nature center in eastern Taiwan. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(12), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12125043
- Parent, D., & Speer, L. (2014). A case study of a co-instructed multidisciplinary senior capstone project in sustainability. *Advances in Engineering Education, Summer*, 1–29.
- Parry, S., & Metzger, E. (2023). Barriers to learning for sustainability: a teacher perspective. *Sustainable Earth Reviews*, 6(2), 1–11. https://doi.org/10.1186/s42055-022-00050-3
- Pauw, J. B. de, Gericke, N., Olsson, D., & Berglund, T. (2015). The effectiveness of education for sustainable development. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 7(11), 15693–15717. https://doi.org/10.3390/su71115693
- Pe'er, S., Goldman, D., & Yavetz, B. (2007). Environmental literacy in teacher training: Attitudes, knowledge, and environmental behavior off beginning students. *Journal of Environmental Education*, 39(1), 45–59. https://doi.org/10.3200/JOEE.39.1.45-59
- Permanasari, G. H., Suherman, S., & Budiati, L. (2021). The implementation of environmental education to achieve sustainable development: Literature review. *E3S Web of Conferences*, *317*, 01069. https://doi.org/10.1051/e3sconf/202131701069
- Piscitelli, A., & D'Uggento, A. M. (2022). Do young people really engage in sustainable behaviors in their lifestyles? *Social Indicators Research*, 163(3), 1467–1485. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-022-02955-0
- Putra, J. D. (2022). Integrasi prinsip education for sustainable development dalam pembelajaran matematika untuk meningkatkan kemampuan berpikir kritis matematis dan sikap sosial siswa. Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia.
- Putra, N. S., Sukma, H. N., & Setiawan, H. (2021). Level of environmental literacy of students and school community in green open space: Is there any difference between both of them? *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 10(4), 627–634. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v10i4.31083
- Raab, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Microplastics in the Environment: Raising Awareness in Primary Education. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(7), 478–487. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.7.478
- Raab, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Knowledge acquisition and environmental values in a microplastic learning module: Does the learning environment matter? *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 71. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2021.101091
- Raghunathan, S., Darshan Singh, A., & Sharma, B. (2022). Study of resilience in learning environments during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Frontiers in Education*, 6(January), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.3389/feduc.2021.677625
- Rahman, M. S. (2016). The advantages and disadvantages of using qualitative and quantitative approaches and methods in language "testing and assessment" research: A literature review. *Journal of Education and Learning*, 6(1), 102. https://doi.org/10.5539/jel.v6n1p102
- Rahmayanti, H., Ichsan, I. Z., Azwar, S. A., Purwandari, D. A., Pertiwi, N., Singh, C. K. S., & Gomes, P. W. P.

- (2020). Difmol: Indonesian students' HOTS and environmental education model during Covid-19. Journal of Sustainability Science and Management, 15(7), 10–19. https://doi.org/10.46754/jssm.2020.10.002
- Rasis, R., Kuswanto, H., & Dyah Hartanti, R. (2023). The effect of environmental education open inquiry learning kits on the environmental literacy of pre-service biology teachers. *Journal of Teacher Education for Sustainability*, 25(1), 40–63. https://doi.org/10.2478/jtes-2023-0004
- Reddy, C. (2021). Environmental education, social justice and teacher education: Enabling meaningful environmental learning in local contexts. *South African Journal of Higher Education*, 35(1), 161–177. https://doi.org/10.20853/35-1-4427
- Rose, M. A. (2010). Envirotech: Enhancing environmental literacy and technology assessment skills. *Journal of Technology Education*, 22(1), 43–57. https://doi.org/10.21061/jte.v22i1.a.3
- Saltan, F., & Divarci, O. F. (2017). Using blogs to improve elementary school students' environmental literacy in science class. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 6(3), 347–355. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.6.3.347
- Salvatore, C., & Wolbring, G. (2022). Coverage of disabled people in environmental-education-focused academic literature. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(3), 1–22. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14031211
- Sarabi, R. E., Abdekhoda, M., Dehnad, A., & Khajouei, G. (2020). Environmental literacy and accountability of undergraduate students of medical sciences. *Webology*, *17*(1), 0–3. https://doi.org/10.14704/WEB/V17I1/a216
- Saribas, D., Kucuk, Z. D., & Ertepinar, H. (2017). Implementation of an environmental education course to improve pre-service elementary teachers' environmental literacy and self-efficacy beliefs. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 26(4), 311–326. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2016.1262512
- Sasa, T., Ahmad, W. A., Bahtiti, N. H., Abujaber, M., Adeyleh, A., & Miri, O. (2022). Assessment level of environmental literacy among applied science private university (ASU) students. *WSEAS Transactions on Environment and Development*, 18, 1011–1020. https://doi.org/10.37394/232015.2022.18.96
- Savela, T. (2018). The advantages and disadvantages of quantitative methods in schoolscape research. *Linguistics* and Education, 44, 31–44. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.linged.2017.09.004
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). FutureForest: Promoting biodiversity literacy by implementing citizen science in the classroom. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(4), 234–240. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.4.234
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). The relation between knowledge acquisition and environmental values within the scope of a biodiversity learning module. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12052036
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). The effect of environmental values on German primary school students' knowledge on water supply. *Water (Switzerland)*, 13(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/w13050702
- Schönfelder, M. L., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Between science education and environmental education: How science motivation relates to environmental values. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12051968
- Shao, G., Li, F., & Tang, L. (2011). Multidisciplinary perspectives on sustainable development. International Journal of Sustainable Development and World Ecology, 18(3), 187–189. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504509.2011.572304
- Shayya, J. K., Mekhael, E., & Ayoubi, Z. (2020). Education for sustainable development, multidisciplinary model for grade 10 in Lebanese schools design, implementation, evaluation. Lebanese University.
- Shoolestani, A., & Shoolestani, B. (2015). Sustainability thinking in engineering education: dataintensive research, computational sustainability and multidisciplinary research. *The 7th International Conference on Engineering Education for Sustainable Development, June,* 1–8. https://open.library.ubc.ca/clRcle/collections/52657/items/1.0064747
- Snyder, H. (2019). Literature review as a research methodology: An overview and guidelines. *Journal of Business Research*, 104(July), 333–339. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2019.07.039
- Solheri, S., Azhar, M., & Yohandri, Y. (2022). Analysis of ethnoscience integrated environmental literacy for junior high school. *JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia)*, 8(2), 178–188.

- https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i2.17657
- Srbinovski, M., Erdogan, M., & Ismaili, M. (2010). Environmental literacy in the science education curriculum in Macedonia and Turkey. *Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences*, *2*(2), 4528–4532. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2010.03.725
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). Cognitive learning aboutwaste management: How relevance and interest influence long-term knowledge. *Education Sciences*, 10(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci10040102
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). Environmental values and technology preferences of first-year university students. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(1), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/SU12010062
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Learning about waste management: The role of science motivation, preferences in technology and environmental values. *Sustainable Futures*, 3. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sftr.2021.100054
- Suryawati, E., Suzanti, F., Zulfarina, Putriana, A. R., & Febrianti, L. (2020). The implementation of local environmental problem-based learning student worksheets to strengthen environmental literacy. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 9(2), 169–178. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v9i2.22892
- Svobodová, S. (2023). Environmental literacy of ISCED 2 pupils in Poland. *Journal of Elementary Education*, 16(1), 59-77. https://doi.org/10.18690/rei.1665
- Svobodová, S., & Kroufek, R. (2022). Environmental literacy of ISCED 2 pupils in the Czech Republic and Slovakia. *European Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*, 10(4), 519–528. https://doi.org/10.30935/scimath/12361
- Swanepoel, C. H., & Loubser, C. P. (2002). Measuring the environmental literacy of teachers. *South African Journal of Education*, 22(4), 282–285. https://doi.org/10.4314/saje.v22i4.24854
- Syahmani, S., Hafizah, E., Sauqina, S., Adnan, M. Bin, & Ibrahim, M. H. (2021). STEAM Approach to Improve Environmental Education Innovation and Literacy in Waste Management: Bibliometric Research. *Indonesian Journal on Learning and Advanced Education (IJOLAE)*, 3(2), 130–141. https://doi.org/10.23917/ijolae.v3i2.12782
- Szczytko, R., Stevenson, K., Peterson, M. N., Nietfeld, J., & Strnad, R. L. (2018). Development and validation of the environmental literacy instrument for adolescents. *Environmental Education Research*, 25(2), 193–210. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2018.1487035
- Szczytko, R., Stevenson, K., Peterson, M. N., Nietfeld, J., & Strnad, R. L. (2019). Development and validation of the environmental literacy instrument for adolescents. *Environmental Education Research*, 25(2), 193–210. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2018.1487035
- Tannenbaum, C., Greaves, L., & Graham, I. D. (2016). Why sex and gender matter in implementation research Economic, social, and ethical factors affecting the implementation of research. *BMC Medical Research Methodology*, 16(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12874-016-0247-7
- Teixeira, J. da S., Angeluci, A. C. B., Prates Junior, P., & Prado Martin, J. G. (2022). 'Let's play?' A systematic review of board games in biology. *Journal of Biological Education*, 2022(00), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.1080/00219266.2022.2041461
- Tian, H., & Chen, S. (2023). Structural analysis of environmental literacy of urban residents in China—based on the questionnaire survey of Qingdao residents. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 15(6), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.3390/su15065552
- Tirgar, A., Sajjadi, S. A., & Aghalari, Z. (2019). The status of international collaborations in compilation of Iranian scientific articles on environmental health engineering. *Globalization and Health*, 15(1), 17. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12992-019-0460-3
- Tomás, M. R. V., Vicente, J. S. Y., Cruz, M. D. B. D. LA, & Acha, D. M. H. (2022). Environmental literacy and its impact on sustainable pedagogical behaviors of basic education teachers, Lima-Peru. WSEAS Transactions on Environment and Development, 18, 856–864. https://doi.org/10.37394/232015.2022.18.80
- Torkar, G., Fabijan, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Students' care for dogs, environmental attitudes, and behaviour. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12041317
- Torres Parra, C. A., Saldeño Madero, Y., Castiblanco Prieto, J. J., Villegas Flores, N., & Fasolino, I. (2022). Using environmental education and healthy housing as strategies for household-level prevention of COVID-19. *Tecnura*, 26(71), 7–8. http://www.scielo.org.co/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0123-
 - 921X2022000100007&lang=es%0Ahttp://www.scielo.org.co/pdf/tecn/v26n71/0123-921X-

- tecn-26-71-7.pdf
- Tran, H. U., LePage, B. A., & Fang, W. T. (2022). Environmental literacy and teaching activities of preschool teachers in Vietnam. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 11(4), 2357–2371. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.11.4.2357
- UCLG. (2018). Culture in the sustainable development goals: A guide for local action. United Cities and Local Governments (UCLG). https://www.uclg.org/sites/default/files/culture_in_the_sdgs.pdf
- van de Wetering, J., Leijten, P., Spitzer, J., & Thomaes, S. (2022). Does environmental education benefit environmental outcomes in children and adolescents? A meta-analysis. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 81, 101782. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101782
- Vasileiou, K., Barnett, J., Thorpe, S., & Young, T. (2018). Characterising and justifying sample size sufficiency in interview-based studies: systematic analysis of qualitative health research over a 15-year period. *BMC Medical Research Methodology*, 18(1), 148. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12874-018-0594-7
- Vaughan-Lee, C. (2016). Environmental education at the local, national, and global level (opinion). Education Week. https://www.edweek.org/education/opinion-environmental-education-at-the-local-national-and-global-level/2016/04
- Wajdi, M., Jamaluddin, A. Bin, Nurdiyanti, N., & Magfirah, N. (2022). The effectiveness of problem-based learning with environmental-based comic in enhancing students environmental literacy. *International Journal of Evaluation and Research in Education*, 11(3), 1049–1057. https://doi.org/10.11591/ijere.v11i3.22140
- Weilhoefer, C. L., & Schmits, S. (2022). Leveraging remote learning during the Covid-19 pandemic to enhance student understanding of biodiversity. *Ecology and Evolution*, 12(3), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.8729
- Wheaton, M., Kannan, A., & Ardoin, N. M. (2018). Environmental literacy: Setting the stage. In *Environmental Literacy Brief, Volume 1*. Stanford.
- Widmer, R. J., Widmer, J. M., & Lerman, A. (2015). International collaboration: promises and challenges. *Rambam Maimonides Medical Journal*, 6(2), e0012. https://doi.org/10.5041/RMMJ.10196
- Wilujeng, I., Dwandaru, W. S. B., & Rauf, R. A. B. A. (2019). The effectiveness of education for environmental sustainable development to enhance environmental literacy in science education:

 A case study of hydropower. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 8(4), 521–528. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v8i4.19948
- Wu, E., Cheng, J., & Zhang, J. (2020). Study on the environmental education demand and environmental literacy assessment of citizens in sustainable urban construction in Beijing. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 12(241), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12010241
- Xiao, Y., & Watson, M. (2019). Guidance on conducting a systematic literature review. *Journal of Planning Education and Research*, 39(1), 93–112. https://doi.org/10.1177/0739456X17723971
- Yilmaz, M. A. (2021). A study on environmental literacy levels of social studies teacher candidates. Review of International Geographical Education Online, 11(1), 21–42. https://doi.org/10.33403/rigeo.840387
- Zsóka, Á., Szerényi, Z. M., Széchy, A., & Kocsis, T. (2013). Greening due to environmental education? Environmental knowledge, attitudes, consumer behavior and everyday pro-environmental activities of Hungarian high school and university students. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 48, 126–138. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2012.11.030

BUKTI REVISI YANG DILAKUKAN OLEH AUTHORS/PENULIS



Biosfer: Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi



Journal homepage: http://journal.unj.ac.id/unj/index.php/biosfer

What are the valuable lessons from global research on environmental literacy in the last two decades? A systematic literature review

ARTICLE INFO

Article history

Received: Revised: Accepted:

Keywords:

Environmental education Environmental literacy Student Systematic literature review Valuable lesson

ABSTRACT

Publications on environmental literacy (EL) in reputable international journals have continued to increase and develop in the last two decades, making it interesting to study. This systematic literature review (SLR) aims to investigatively review various studies published in journals indexed in the Scopus database related to EL. The review focuses on publication trends and valuable lessons to be learned from global research over the past two decades. We used the phrase "environmental literature" in the Scopus disbursement menu, and found 296 articles. The inclusion and exclusion model used is PRISMA, so only 37 articles met the criteria to be analyzed. Data shows that EL publications have fluctuated, starting to increase in number from 2017 to 2023 although it had decreased in 2021. EL publications are mostly researched using quantitative methods, and some with qualitative, mix-method, and R&D. The dominant name in EL studies is F. X. Bogner. The two main keywords related to the EL keyword are environmental education and knowledge. Most of the articles published are collaborative, both internationally and between universities within one country. We discussed the valuable lessons in question, namely the sample size, gender, institution level, and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$ main goal of each article. These findings can serve as a consideration or baseline for researchers to study EL according to their respective interests, needs and missions

© 2023 Universitas Negeri Jakarta. This is an open-access article under the CC-BY license (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0)

INTRODUCTION

Environmental Literacy (EL) is primarily interpreted as awareness, sensitivity, and concern for the environment and its various problems, as well as cognitive, psychomotor, and affective in finding various solutions to existing problems and preventing new problems from arising (McBride et al., 2013).

EL is an individual's ability to understand and interpret environmental conditions, from the results of this understanding and interpretation, the individual can decide on appropriate actions to maintain, restore and improve environmental conditions (Karimzadegan & Meiboudia, 2012; Kusumaningrum, 2018; Kuswendi & Arga, 2020; Tomás et al., 2022). EL is one of the fields in the study of Education for Sustainable Development (ESD).

ESD is one way to develop EL through class-based activities (Syahmani et al., 2021). ESD is focused on the socialization goals of EL (Locke et al., 2013). ESD is seen as the starting point for the formation of a society that has EL (Mahat et al., 2020). If EL can be developed in individuals then human awareness, knowledge and sensitivity to the balance of nature will be instilled (Ozgurler & Cansaran, 2014). EL is considered as one of the perspectives needed to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The concept of EL usually includes aspects such as: environmental awareness and sensitivity; deep understanding of possible solutions; values, motivation, skills and competencies relevant to protecting the environment (Cincera et al., 2022). EL in all generations, to understand and respond to changes in the natural environment through environmentally friendly habits also needs to be improved (Mashfufah et al., 2018; Pe'er et al., 2007; Swanepoel & Loubser, 2002).

EL includes six main components, namely ecological knowledge, socio-political knowledge, knowledge of environmental issues, affect, cognitive skills and environmentally responsible behaviors (Srbinovski et al., 2010). In its development, according to Szczytko et al. (2019), EL consists of four components, namely ecological knowledge, hope, cognitive skills, and behavior. EL is in line with efforts to empower communities to make wise decisions and act in an environmentally responsible manner (Goulgouti et al., 2019). EL is a person's understanding, skill, and motivation to make decisions with full sense of responsibility by paying attention to their relationship with nature, community, and future generations (Izhar et al., 2022; OELP, 2020). Practically speaking, someone who has EL is someone who individually or collectively is willing to make the right decisions about the environment and implement those decisions (Kudryaytsey et al., 2015). EL must continue to be campaigned, so that it becomes a research orientation and environmental education (EE) (Hermawan, Suwono, et al., 2022; Pan & Hsu, 2020).

In this regard, based on the search results in the database of the world's largest reputable journal, namely Scopus, which was conducted in July 2023 it was found that EL theme publications in the period 1971-2023 were 296 for the all-years category: search within article title (out of the total 714 for the EL theme for the all-years category: search within article title, abstract, and keywords). These publications need to be analyzed in depth to find information on publication trends and valuable lessons, so that they become a guide for readers and researchers in related fields (SDGs, ESD, EE, and EL). The logical technique and the most recommended by experts are to carry out an analysis or study of Systematic Literature Review (SLR).

There are main problems related to SDGs, ESD, EE, and EL research. These problems include a lack of data and diversity of research themes (Damoah & Omodan, 2023; Şeker, 2023; Suárez et al., 2023; Uddin, 2023), the need for broad stakeholder involvement (Kioupi & Voulvoulis, 2019; Kohl et al., 2022; Laurie et al., 2016), the need for extensive research capacity (which is currently still limited) (Kaya & Elster, 2019; Olsson et al., 2022; Wals & Kieft, 2010), limited funding (Coyle, 2005; Hamilton & Marckini-Polk, 2023b), lack of cross-sector integration (Garcesa & Limjuco, 2016; Izhar et al., 2022; Lewinsohn et al., 2015; Solheri et al., 2022), and limited access to the results and benefits of research (Afandi et al., 2023; Kaya & Elster, 2019; McClaren, 2019), related to the themes of SDGs, ESD, EE, EL and their integration. Solving problems regarding this research requires broad commitment so that the SDGs, ESD, EE, EL targets and missions can be achieved.

We have found four English-language review-based articles (and all of them are not SLRs) in the Scopus database related to EL, namely EL for young children (Basile & White, 2000), teachers' EL and teaching (Cheng & So, 2015), using urban harbors for experiential (O'Neil et al., 2020), and EL of aluminium alloys (Ohnishi, 2003). The other two publications are in the form of meta-analyses on assessing EL in the United States (Aydeniz & Ruggiero, 2015) and online EE (Merritt et al., 2022). There are two simple SLRs published in proceedings that are not/not yet Scopus indexed which discuss trends and EL bibliometrics either in the form of articles in journals or in proceedings (Afandi et al., 2023; Hudha et al., 2023). Meanwhile, there are SLRs associated with EE, which are focused on early childhood (Ardoin & Bowers, 2020), positive youth development outcomes (Ardoin et al., 2022), civic engagement outcomes (Ardoin et al., 2023), disabled people in environmental-education-focused academic (Salvatore & Wolbring, 2022), EE benefit environmental outcomes in children and adolescents (van de

Deleted:	
Deleted: (
Deleted: .,	
Deleted: Szczytko et al (2018)	

Deleted: literacy

Wetering et al., 2022), the use of GIS in geographical and EE evaluated (Konstantakatos & Galani, 2023), dan trends in EE studies (Masalimova et al., 2023). Thus, it can be said that there has not been found an SLR that is focused on EL aspects that are focused on the last two decades and published in scientific journals (indexed or accredited).

This SLR aims to investigatively review various studies published in indexed journals in the Scopus database related to the EL theme. The review is focused on publication trends related to EL themes in Scopus indexed journals and valuable lessons that can be gained from research on EL themes over the last two decades in the world. This SLR will contribute to the development of EL research, in the form of becoming a baseline, consideration, and even becoming a reference for researchers on this topic. We focus on the publication of original articles, something that has not been done by other researchers. A review of the scope of the information that we use only includes research/original articles, so that in real terms it provides an overview of the focus, interests, tendencies, and alignments of researchers on the EL theme. We describe an overview of EL research over the last two decades, so that it is possible to become a reference for policy makers, practitioners and educational actors in efforts to develop EL, SDGs, ESD, and literacy on a local, regional and global scale.

METHOD

Research framework

This study is an SLR, which seeks to carefully and seriously identify, evaluate, and analyze the various articles found to answer research questions and analyze them in depth (Snyder, 2019; Xiao & Watson, 2019). SLR helps provide a brief description of the scientific topics discussed through a systematic and transparent method of answering research questions (Kurniati et al., 2022).

Research question

Research questions (RQ) are used to define the scope to develop a clear focus for the study. The RQ is determined based on the needs of the selected topic, namely: RQ1: How are the publication trends related to the EL theme in Scopus indexed journals? The trends in question include year distribution, research types/methods, authors, keywords, and international collaboration (Husamah et al., 2022a). RQ2: What valuable lessons can be drawn from research on EL themes over the past two decades? The valuable lessons in question are sample size, gender, institution level, and main goals (Teixeira et al., 2022).

Search article and inclusion criteria

After logging in to the Scopus database using an official account or subscription, we use the phrase "environmental literacy" in the disbursement menu in the Scopus database. The data obtained is downloaded in *CSV and *RIS formats which are then synchronized into the Reference Manager (Mendeley). Visualization of the relationship between keywords and authors using the VOSviewer software. VOSviewer supports the presentation of data that is communicative, real, interesting and clearer. The following is the search history for articles in the Scopus database—as we have done: "(TITLE("environmental literacy") AND (LIMIT-TO (DOCTYPE, "ar")) AND (LIMIT-TO (LANGUAGE, "English")) AND (LIMIT-TO (SUBJAREA, "SOCI")) AND (LIMIT-TO (OA, "all"))).

We apply the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analysis (PRISMA) model to perform inclusion and exclusion in order to find articles that really fit. This model refers to Gallagher et al (2016) and has been used also by several authors in the SLR that has been published before (Husamah et al., 2022a; Nurwidodo et al., 2023). The order of inclusion and exclusion that we do is as presented in Figure 1.

Field Code Changed

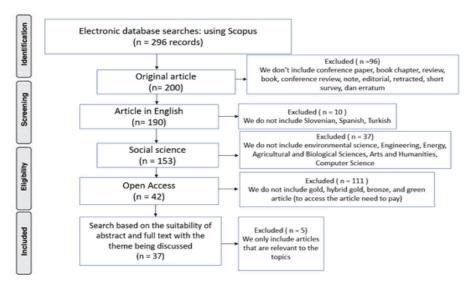


Figure 1. The flow of article selection using the PRISMA model

Figure 1 shows that in our initial search we found a total of 296 articles. As an initial screening, we only took articles which were original articles, totalling 200, which means that there were 96 articles excluded. We excluded conference papers, book chapters, reviews, books, conference reviews, notes, editorials, retracted, short surveys, and erratum. Then we use the criteria for articles published in English, the result is that there are 190 articles that meet the criteria. This shows that there are 10 articles that are excluded, because they were published in Slovenian, Spanish, and Turkish. Next, we use the inclusion criteria in the field of science or the subject area "social science". There were 153 articles that met the criteria, which means that there were 37 articles that we omitted or excluded. Excluded articles fall within the subject areas of environmental science, engineering, energy, agricultural and biological sciences, arts and humanities, and computer science. We then selected articles with "open access" or free download status, in which 42 articles were selected, and removed 111 articles. In the last phase, we re-examine the existing articles, make sure the articles are in accordance with the themes discussed, and ensure that the full text is accessible. Based on this we get 37 articles that meet the criteria. This means that there are 5 articles that do not meet the criteria and are finally excluded.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Trends in publications on the theme of environmental literacy Distribution year

Figure 2 shows the number of articles published per year for the last twenty years (since the 2003-2008 articles were not found, the figure starts in 2009).

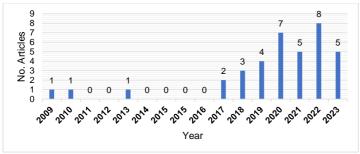


Figure 2. Distribution year of article

Based on Figure 2, it can be seen that the number of EL-themed publications has fluctuated. Articles have started to increase in number since 2017. The number of articles had decreased in 2021 (only 5 articles), but increased in 2022 (to 8 articles). Even though the number of articles in 2023 is only 5 articles, it is very possible that this theme will increase considering that this data search was carried out until July 2023. There are still six more months in 2023, thus allowing the number of published articles based on research results on the topic EL will continue to grow if the data is traced until the end of 2023. It can be said that the EL theme is interesting to study, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic. There is a relationship between EL and COVID-19 precautions (Ayuningtyas, 2022). The COVID-19 pandemic has also awakened many parties to care more about their environment and reminded people that nature gives time to recover from human activities that have caused a lot of damage and loss to nature (Mardiani et al., 2020).

The EE which was carried out during the COVID-19 pandemic emphasized the importance of everyone having a good EL level (W.-T. Fang et al., 2022; Raghunathan et al., 2022). EL encourages students' environmental perceptions to shift to ecocentric and leave anthropocentric (Weilhoefer & Schmits, 2022). We can say that EE, which has so far been implemented flexibly even during a pandemic, has been able to strengthen aspects of EE (Assaf & Gan, 2021; Brandão & de Souza, 2021; Grežo et al., 2021; Khalifé et al., 2022; Torres Parra et al., 2022). The pandemic period has made many parties aware that EE and EL are so important and should be the concern and commitment of the global community (Benítez et al., 2019; Edsand & Broich, 2020; Marpa, 2020; Reddy, 2021). This is also in line with Chen and Liu (2020) who emphasized that EE and EL will definitely become topics of interest to researchers due to the incessant campaign of "sustainability" and the urgency of multidisciplinary topics on sustainable development.

Research types/methods

The trend of types of research related to EL themes is presented in Table 1. EL research was predominantly conducted using a quantitative approach (22 articles or 59.46%). The type of research used is qualitative, a combination of quantitative and qualitative (mix-method), and Research and Development (R&D).

Types of research on environmental literacy themes

No	Type of Research	Amount	References
1	Quantitative	22	(C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020; W. T. Fang et al., 2018; Gheith, 2019; Huang & Hsin, 2023; Iwaniec & Curdt-Christiansen, 2020; Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021; Nurwidodo et al., 2020; Örs, 2022; Pan & Hsu, 2020; Rose, 2010; Sarabi et al., 2020; Saribas et al., 2017; Sasa et al., 2022; Svobodová, 2023; Svobodová & Kroufek, 2022; Tian & Chen, 2023; Tomás et al., 2022; Tran et al., 2022; Wajdi et al., 2022; Wilujeng et al., 2019; Wu et al., 2020; Yilmaz, 2021)
2	Qualitative	6	(Erdoğan et al., 2009; Hamilton & Marckini-Polk, 2023a; Hsu et al., 2018; Liang et al., 2018; López-Alcarria et al., 2021; N. S. Putra et al., 2021)
3	Mix-method	5	(Bayer et al., 2021; Bloom & Fuentes, 2019; Jannah et al., 2013; Kaya & Elster, 2019; Suryawati et al., 2020)
4	Research and Development (R&D)	4	(Farida et al., 2017; Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022; Husamah et al., 2022b; Rasis et al., 2023)

It can be emphasized that EL, as well as EE, can actually be studied with both quantitative and qualitative methods. If necessary, even a combination of quantitative and qualitative (known as the mixmethod) can be applied. This really depends on the goals of each researcher (Baytak, 2011). Ballantyne et al (2001) also emphasized his opinion on this matter. Molina-Azorín and López-Gamero (2016) even firmly promoting and suggesting the need for mixed-method research, in research on environmental themes considering that this method is commonly used in several fields. It should be remembered that both quantitative and qualitative have their advantages and disadvantages (M. S. Rahman, 2016; Savela, 2018).

Deleted: The data presented in Table 1 are in line with the findings of the SLR conducted by Nurwidodo et al (2023), namely in the context of science learning research during the COVID-19 pandemic, it turned out that it was dominantly carried out using quantitative methods. This result is slightly different from SLR findings by Husamah et al (2022e), whereas on the theme of sustainable development research, qualitative research is actually more numerous (although the percentage is only slightly larger).

EL research can be approached with R&D methods. This is in line with the views of researchers who have implemented it (Farida et al., 2017; Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022; Husamah et al., 2022b; Rasis et al., 2023), also in EE research (Rahmayanti et al., 2020). According to O'Flaherty and Liddy (2018) diverse methodological and pedagogical approaches are needed to have a broad impact on the implementation of EL and EE.

Author

Based on Figure 3 and Figure 4 it can be seen that the most dominant author in EL studies based on bibliographic coupling and co-citation \rightarrow cited authors is F. X. Bogner (Franz Xaver Bogner).

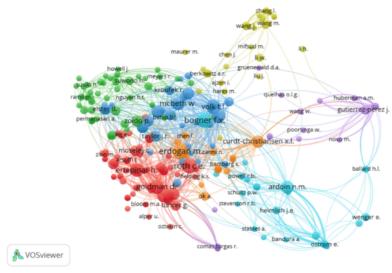


Figure 3. The dominant author in EL studies is based on bibliographic coupling

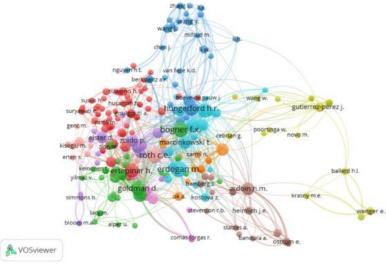


Figure 4. The dominant author in EL studies is based on co-citation \rightarrow cited authors

Franz Xaver Bogner is a professor in the Department of Biology Education, University of Bayreuth, Germany and affiliate research scientist, Earth Education Research & Evaluation, College of Education, University of Arizona, United States. He has 195 documents and an h-index of 35 on Scopus (Author ID: 7004389288). Together with his research team, he has published dozens of articles related to EE and EL during the COVID-19 pandemic or in the 2020-2023 period (Baierl, Bonine, et al., 2021; Baierl, Johnson, et al., 2021; Baierl, Kaiser, et al., 2022; Baierl, Johnson, et al., 2022; Baierl & Bogner, 2021, 2023; Beyerl et al., 2022; Bogner & Suarez, 2022; Cincera et al., 2022; Conradty & Bogner, 2022; Fiedler et al., 2020, 2021; Maurer et al., 2020; Maurer & Bogner, 2020a, 2020b, 2022; Raab & Bogner, 2020, 2021; Schneiderhan-Opel & Bogner, 2020b, 2020a, 2021; Schönfelder & Bogner, 2020; Stöckert & Bogner, 2020a, 2020b, 2021; Torkar et al., 2020).

Keywords

Figure 5 shows the trend of keywords that are mostly used by authors in writing on the theme "environmental literacy". Based on Figure 5 it can be seen that there are two keywords related to the main keyword "environmental literacy", namely "environmental education" and "knowledge".

EL is the main goal of EE (Szczytko et al., 2019). The need for developing awareness and ability to prevent environmental problems is important for future sustainability and quality of life, in this case education in general and environmental education can be a solution (Erhabor & Don, 2016; Kousar et al., 2022; Pauw et al., 2015; Piscitelli & D'Uggento, 2022). The current education system must produce students who are environmentally literate in order to have sufficient knowledge about environmental issues and a caring attitude to behave responsibly (Liang et al., 2018; Maulaa et al., 2020; Solheri et al., 2022). The purpose of integrating EE into the curriculum structure is to build awareness, increase knowledge, shape attitudes, increase participation, and evaluate the surrounding environment (Abdullah et al., 2018; Mashaba et al., 2022; Permanasari et al., 2021; Zsóka et al., 2013).

EL is related to knowledge. EL is "knowledge" of environmental concepts and issues. Researchers related to the EL field must pay attention to the aspects of "the constitution of knowledge", "the sources of knowledge", and "the evidence for knowledge" (Wheaton et al., 2018). A person's EL status can be measured based on four criteria, one of which is "knowledge", as well as cognitive skills, attitudes, and behavior (Agfar et al., 2018). EL includes components of "environmental knowledge), attitude, and environmental concern (Meilinda et al., 2017). "Environmental model provides relationships between knowledge, attitudes and behavior. The relationship of attitudes with behaviour is closer than with knowledge" (Maurer & Bogner, 2020b).

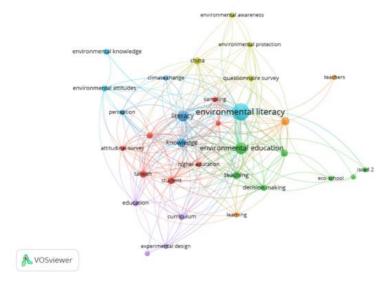


Figure 5. VOS-viewer display for type of analysis "Co-occurrence → keywords"

International collaboration

Figure 6 shows the collaboration of authors in publishing their articles. Author collaboration is carried out in the form of international collaboration, collaboration within one country, or without collaboration (publishing independently or within one institution). Figure 6 provides information that more articles were published with non-collaborating status (15 articles or 40.5%). However, international collaboration (13 articles or 35.1%) and collaboration in a country (9 articles or 24.3%), it can be said that most of the articles were published by author(s) with a collaboration pattern (total 22 articles or 59.5%).

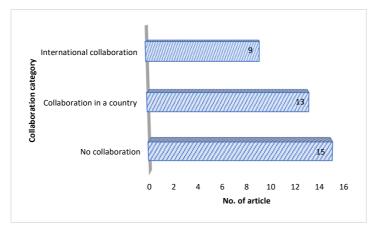


Figure 6. Author collaboration in writing articles

Research related to EL and EE requires widespread or global collaboration of scientists. This pattern supports efforts to develop programs and ideas, documentation and opportunities to solve current problems, such as environmental problems such as biodiversity loss, pollution and climate change (Chernysh & Roubík, 2020; Goodale et al., 2022; Gui et al., 2019; Jappe, 2007a, 2007b; Tirgar et al., 2019; Widmer et al., 2015). Vaughan-Lee (2016) make us all aware that there is no problem that shows the importance of unity and cooperation in global competence more than environmental problems. The survival on this earth really depends on how all the potential in the world collaborates to solve environmental problems.

Valuable lessons from environmental literacy research

We reviewed 37 selected articles and tried to dig and find valuable information that illustrates the valuable lessons that can be learned. The valuable lessons referred to are the sample size, gender, institution level, and main goal of each article. The results of this review can be presented in Table 2.

Table 2. Valuable lessons from each of the analyzed articles

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
1	(Erdoğan et al., 2009)	The link between the goals of science education in elementary schools and the six basic components of EL	Not explained (student 3 rd to 8 th grade)	Not explained	Elementary
2	(Pan & Hsu, 2020)	Effects of one-day EE program on El	100 students	Not explained	school
3	(Bayer et al., 2021)	School-based agricultural education program	3,076 students	Not explained	
4	(Svobodová &	EL of ISCED 2 PUPILS	436 students	Male: 226	Junior High

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
	Kroufek, 2022)			Female:	School
5	(Svobodová, 2023)	EL of ISCED 2 Pupils	371 students	210 Male: 187 Female:	
	(Suryawati et al., 2020)	The relationship between EL with thinking skills, actions, and	372 students	184 Male: 169 Female:	
,	(N. S. Putra et al., 2021)	sensitivity to environmental issues the level of students' and stakeholders' EL	70 students and 40 school community	203 Not explained	
1	(Jannah et al., 2013)	Determine the level of EL amongst students	345 students	Male: 165 Female: 180	
)	(Farida et al., 2017)	Learning design to develop EL	Not explained (students)	Not explained	
0	(Wilujeng et al., 2019)	The effectiveness of learning using worksheets to improve EL	30 students	Not explained	Canian high
1	(Nurwidodo et al., 2020)	The role of eco-school program towards EL	275 students	Not explained	Senior high school
.2	(Hermawan, Arjaya, et al., 2022)	develop learning model to improve students' EL	36 students	Not explained	
.3	(Hamilton & Marckini-Polk, 2023a)	Implementation of place-based education has a positive impact on communities and the environment	226 students	Not explained	
4	(Tomás et al., 2022)	The incidence of EL in the sustainable pedagogical behaviors	650 teachers	Not explained	Early, primary an
5	(Huang & Hsin, 2023)	the relationship between EL and sustainable development in schools	Not explained	Not explained	secondary school
6	(Rose, 2010)	Professional development for improving EL teachers	Not explained (teachers)	Not explained	
L7	(Saribas et al., 2017)	Effects environmental education course on EL and self-efficacy beliefs	58 pre-service elementary teachers	Male: 8 Female: 50	
8	(W. T. Fang et al., 2018)	EL students in relation to ecotourism activities	835 students	Not explained	
9	(Liang et al., 2018)	EL of undergraduate students	29,498 students	Male: 14,483 Female: 14,626	
0.	(Gheith, 2019)	Level of EL among prospective teachers	112 prospective teachers	Male: 0 Female: 112	
21	(Bloom & Fuentes, 2019)	Professional development program for inservice science teachers	17 inservice science teachers	Male: 7 Female: 9	University
2	(Kaya & Elster, 2019)	Clarification of the EL framework, based on expert consensus	95 experts	Not explained	
3	(Sarabi et al., 2020)	Knowledge, attitude, and accountability towards the environment	210 students	Not explained	
24	(C. W. K. Chen et al., 2020)	Impact of EE on EL	221 students	Not explained	
25	(Yilmaz, 2021)	EL levels of social studies teacher candidates	164 teacher candidates	Male: 50 Female: 114	
26	(López-Alcarria et al., 2021)	EL model based on teachers action-competencies	30 early childhood education teachers	Male: 26 Female: 4	

No	Reference	Main goal	Sample size	Gender	Institution level
27	(Kuruppuarachchi et al., 2021)	Existing knowledge, awareness, attitude and behavior, perceived issues, and solutions of undergraduates on major environmental issues	800 undergraduates	Not explained	
28	(Sasa et al., 2022)	The influence of demographic factors on the EL level	323 students	Male: 173 Female: 150	
29	(Wajdi et al., 2022)	Effect of PBL with environmental- based comic model in empowering students' environmental literacy	97 students	Not explained	
30	(Örs, 2022)	EL levels of nursing students in terms of a sustainable environment	278 nursing student	Not explained	
2	(Tran et al., 2022)	Modelling the level of EL and environmental teaching activities	324 in-service preschool teachers	Not explained	
32	(Husamah et al., 2022b)	Develop and validate an EL instrument for prospective science teacher	634 students	Not explained	
	(Rasis et al., 2023)	Open inquiry learning kits and EL	33 students/ pre-service biology teachers	Not explained	
34	(Hsu et al., 2018)	Community practices that contribute to EL	Not explained (Community)	Not explained	
35	(Iwaniec & Curdt- Christiansen, 2020)	The role of parents to increase their children's awareness, attitude and behavior about environmental	368 parents	Male: 275 Female: 93	
	,	issues (EL)			General public
36	(Wu et al., 2020)	Community EL level and preferences for using mass media related to EE issues	435 citizens	Not explained	pablic
37	(Tian & Chen, 2023)	The EL measured by questionnaire survey	547 people	Not explained	

Based on Table 2, valuable information is obtained, as a basis for further research. The main research goals can be grouped into: (1) intra-curricular and extra-curricular programs in developing EL in elementary school, junior high school, and senior high school; (2) EL level at junior high school, senior high, university, and the general public; (3) learning designs/models, learning media, and development of instruments related to EL at senior highs and universities; (4) the link between EL and sustainable development at the early, primary, and secondary school levels; (5) the role of the community or society in supporting EL development.

EL implementation studies are very broad, showing that this theme can be approached from various sides, various approaches, and various disciplines (holistic, interdisciplinary, multidisciplinary, and multidimensional). Various studies show that sustainability and education are closely interdependent (Al-Kuwari et al., 2022). This provides a mandate that educational institutions, from elementary to tertiary institutions need to be committed to sustainable development and ESD. A holistic, transdisciplinary, multidisciplinary and multidimensional approach that integrates the pillars of social, political, environmental, economic and institutional sustainability and allows all parties to contribute widely to sustainability (Bunyatova et al., 2021; Butt & Dimitrijević, 2022; Jabareen, 2011; Parry & Metzger, 2023; J. D. Putra, 2022; Shao et al., 2011; Shoolestani & Shoolestani, 2015). Social community also means participatory aspects and human capacity development in various communities, including the vulnerable (Gähler, 2012) and culture (Gospodinova & Boutier, 2022; UCLG, 2018). ESD can also relate to and describe complex application experiences in psychological, physiological, medical, and sociological aspects (Avgusmanova et al., 2017). An interdisciplinary and holistic approach to ESD considers human aspects: physical, cognitive, social, emotional which are in line with multiple intelligences and basic competencies (Aada, 2019).

Based on Table 2, in the context of sample size, information is obtained that most of the articles have explained the sample size of their research (32 articles or 86.49%). Sample sizes range from tens to tens of thousands (30-29,498). Even so, there are several studies that do not explain the sample size (5 articles or 13.51%).

Calculation of sample size is very important for researchers because it shows the quality of research. A sample size that is too small may be able to provide an overview or show differences as expected (not precise). On the other hand, a very large sample size certainly adds to the burden because research will become more complex, increase costs, and extend time, making it unfeasible. Both of these situations must be taken into consideration and need to be avoided by researchers (Martínez-Mesa et al., 2014). The sample size needs to be estimated; because too large a sample is unnecessary and unethical, but too small a sample is unscientific and also unethical (Andrade, 2020). Often research articles do not adequately report on the adequacy of their sample size, or are uninformative and so are often poor, often non-existent. This occurs in various fields of scientific disciplines (Vasileiou et al., 2018).

Based on Table 2, in the context of gender, most of the studies did not explain the gender aspect of their research sample (25 articles or 67.57%). Meanwhile, research that explains gender aspects, gender status is quite balanced. Research showing that their research sample was predominantly female was 7 articles (18.92%), while research showing that their research sample was predominantly male was 5 articles (13.51%).

There are many reasons why researchers need to routinely consider gender and gender in their research practice. Gender and gender are related to decision-making, communication, stakeholder engagement, and preferences for implementing interventions. Gender aspects consisting of gender roles, gender identities, gender relations, and institutionalized gender can influence how the implementation strategy works, for whom, under what circumstances and why, all of which are related to research processes and results. Research for both quantitative and qualitative is recommended to measure and analyze sex and gender in practice (Tannenbaum et al., 2016).

Gender influences the way people live, work and relate to each other at all levels, including in relation to awareness (literacy). Gender disaggregation marks differences or similarities between women and men that require further analysis; and further analysis is guided by gender frameworks and questions to understand how gender power relations are shaped and negotiated. "Crucial aspects of understanding gender power relations include examining who has what (access to resources); who does what (the division of labor and daily practices); how values are defined (social norms) and who decides (rules and decision-making)" (Morgan et al., 2016).

Based on Table 2, in the context of the institution level, EL research is more dominant at the university level (18 articles or 48.65%) and the lowest is at the elementary school level (3 articles or 8.11%). Thus, it can be said that EL research in tertiary institutions tends to be the "favorite" of researchers. ESD, which is multidisciplinary, is an important and complex system for higher education institutions that tends to be comprehensive (Bi et al., 2022). Various factors are also recommended to be considered in the implementation of ESD, namely curriculum, teaching, extracurricular activities, educational leadership, professional development, and community partnerships (Parent & Speer, 2014; Shayya et al., 2020) all of which can be escorted by scientists in universities.

We also get interesting results, that there are opportunities for EL research and publication at the elementary school level because the number is still limited. Research and implementation of environmental literacy at the elementary school level. The EL status of elementary school students can be assessed by exploring the relationship between the environmental knowledge subscales (Saltan & Divarci, 2017). The Organization for Economic Cooperation Development (OECD) even states that EL in elementary school students tends to be low when referring to the results of the Program for International Student Assessment (PISA) tests. This is due to several aspects tested in the science field related to environmental themes (Nugraha et al., 2022). Experts state that in the last three decades, primary schools need to be involved in preparing students who are ready to become "environmentally conscious, committed, and active citizens'". Various existing studies show that the implementation of EE at the elementary school level still has various problems and a limited success rate (Cutter & Smith, 2001).

Studies related to EL with EE, SDGs, and ESD are related. ESD is a vehicle for creating and realizing EL within the framework of EE implementation which is needed for a proper understanding of the challenges of sustainability of environmental functions, where this issue is included in the SDGs

spotlight (Acosta-Castellanos & Queiruga-Dios, 2022; Pönkä, 2019; Valencia, 2018). SDGs have a clear framework and can be integrated into EE as an embodiment of ESD (Fekih Zguir et al., 2021; Kioupi & Voulvoulis, 2019; Kopnina, 2020). Therefore, EE is an integration of SDGs and ESD as an effort to create a society that has EL and contributes to ensuring the realization of sustainable development and protecting the function of the planet.

Research opportunities related to SDGs, ESD, EE, EL, and their integration in the future are very diverse. In this case, for example, it is related to evaluating the impact of ESD in supporting the achievement of the SDGs (Ssossé et al., 2021), developing and innovating the ESD curriculum (Andersson et al., 2013; Julien et al., 2018), EE implementation models (Ardoin et al., 2013; Kabassi et al., 2023; Wulandari et al., 2019), as well as developing instruments and measuring the impact of EL on community social behavior (N. A. Rahman, 2019; Szczytko et al., 2019; Wu et al., 2020; Yu et al., 2022), Apart from that, future research can focus on integrating SDGs in education, developing indicators for achieving SDGs, analyzing sustainable development policies on a local and global scale, and sustainable technological innovation. What needs to be remembered is that cross-disciplinary collaboration and the involvement of many parties will be the key to understanding this complex environmental sustainability problem. Of course, data and evaluation results produced by intense and quality research will play an important role in guiding collective action in achieving various SDG targets in the future.

CONCLUSION

This SLR provides some interesting results, both in terms of trends and learning lessons. First, interesting information based on trends are: (1) The number of EL-themed publications has fluctuated; articles started to increase in number since 2017; the number of articles decreased in 2021, increased in 2022, and it is very possible that publications in EL will increase considering that this data search was carried out in the first semester; (2) EL research is more dominantly carried out with a quantitative approach; however, there are those who use a qualitative, mix-method, and R&D approach; (3) The most dominant author in EL studies based on bibliographic coupling and co-citation is F. X. Bogner; (4) The keywords that are mostly used by the author in writing EL themes are "environmental education" and "knowledge"; and (5) more published articles with non-collaborative status. However, if we combine international collaboration and collaboration in a country, it can be confirmed that most of the articles published by author(s) are collaborative. Second, 37 articles have been reviewed and explored valuable lessons, as follows: (1) Main research goals: (a) intra-curricular and extra-curricular programs in developing EL in primary and secondary schools; (b) study of the EL level at all levels of education up to the general public; (c) learning designs/models, learning media, and development of instruments related to EL at senior high schools and universities; (d) the link between EL and sustainable development at the primary and secondary school levels; (e) the role of the community or society in supporting EL development. (2) In the context of sample size, information is obtained that most of the articles have explained the sample size of their research, although there are several studies which have not explained the sample size. (3) In the context of gender, most studies do not explain the gender aspects of their research samples. (4) In the context of the institution level, EL research is more dominant at the university level and the lowest (still needs to be improved) at the elementary school level.

This SLR does not analyze some other interesting information, such as funding, number of authors, research location, author's country of origin, and the main results of each article. Therefore, researchers and authors who are interested in conducting SLRs on this theme should consider including these aspects. The findings that we get in this SLR can be a consideration or baseline for researchers to study EL according to their respective interests, needs and missions.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Thank you to the Dean of the Faculty of Teacher Training and Education (FTTE), Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, who has provided moral support and funding for this research. This work was supported by the FTTE Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang-Indonesia through the Blockgrant Research Scheme (2023). Searching for data on Scopus is done using an official subscription account, namely the Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang-Indonesia (affiliation of the first, second, and third authors).

REFERENCES

- Aada, K. (2019). How to promote education for sustainable development? Vision of the educational situation and its contribution to sustainable development. *The Eurasia Proceedings of Educational & Social Sciences (EPESS)*, 15, 6–12. https://dergipark.org.tr/en/download/article-file/885800
- Abdullah, A., Syed Zakaria, S. Z., & Razman, M. R. (2018). Environmental education through outdoor education for primary school children. *International Journal of the Malay World and Civilization*, 6(1), 27–34.
- Acosta-Castellanos, P. M., & Queiruga-Dios, A. (2022). Education for Sustainable Development (ESD): An example of curricular inclusion in environmental engineering in Colombia. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 14(16), 9866. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14169866
- Afandi, Ningsih, K., Sari, M., Indriyani, S., & Djaroneh, E. (2023). Bibliometric analysis of environmental literacy: A systematic literature review using VOSviewer. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2751(1), 20001. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0143401
- Agfar, A., Munandar, A., & Surakusumah, W. (2018). Environmental literacy based on educational background. *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, 1013(1), 1–5. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1013/1/012008
- Al-Kuwari, M. M., Du, X., & Koç, M. (2022). Performance assessment in education for sustainable development: A case study of the Qatar education system. *Prospects*, *52*(3–4), 513–527. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11125-021-09570-w
- Andersson, K., Jagers, S. C., Lindskog, A., & Martinsson, J. (2013). Learning for the future: Effects of education for sustainable development (ESD) on teacher education students. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 5(12), 5135–5152. https://doi.org/10.3390/su5125135
- Andrade, C. (2020). Sample size and its importance in research. *Indian Journal of Psychological Medicine*, 42(1), 102–103. https://doi.org/10.4103/IJPSYM.IJPSYM_504_19
- Ardoin, N. M., & Bowers, A. W. (2020). Early childhood environmental education: A systematic review of the research literature. *Educational Research Review*, *31*, 100353. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.edurev.2020.100353
- Ardoin, N. M., Bowers, A. W., & Gaillard, E. (2023). A systematic mixed studies review of civic engagement outcomes in environmental education. *Environmental Education Research*, 29(1), 1–26. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2135688
- Ardoin, N. M., Bowers, A. W., Kannan, A., & O'Connor, K. (2022). Positive youth development outcomes and environmental education: a review of research. *International Journal of Adolescence and Youth, 27*(1), 475–492. https://doi.org/10.1080/02673843.2022.2147442
- Ardoin, N. M., Clark, C., & Kelsey, E. (2013). An exploration of future trends in environmental education research. *Environmental Education Research*, 19(4), 499–520. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2012.709823
- Assaf, N., & Gan, D. (2021). Environmental education using distance learning during the COVID-19 lockdown in Israel. *Perspectives in Education*, *39*(1), 257–276. https://doi.org/10.18820/2519593X/pie.v39.i1.16
- Avgusmanova, T. V., Dzyatkovskaya, E. N., Mamchenko, A. A., & Pustovalova, V. V. (2017). Self-Education Skills As A Means Of Education For Sustainable Development: Multidisciplinary Studies. *Proceedings of the International Conference "Education Environment for the Information Age" (EEIA 2017)*, 110–114. https://doi.org/10.15405/epsbs.2017.08.14
- Aydeniz, M., & Ruggiero, K. M. (2015). Assessing environmental literacy in the United States: A metaanalysis. *NAAEE Conference Proposal*, 12.
- Ayuningtyas, R. (2022). Analisis hubungan literasi lingkungan dengan tindakan pencegahan Covid-19 pada siswa SMA program Adiwiyata [Universitas Sebelas Maret]. https://digilib.uns.ac.id/dokumen/detail/95753/Analisis-Hubungan-Literasi-Lingkungan-dengan-Tindakan-Pencegahan-Covid-19-pada-Siswa-SMA-Program-Adiwiyata
- Baierl, T.-M., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Plastic Pollution: Learning Activities from Production to Disposal-from Where do Plastics Come and Where do they Go? *American Biology Teacher*, 83(5), 320–324. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2021.83.5.320
- Baierl, T.-M., & Bogner, F. X. (2023). How should we teach nature protection? Self-determination and environmental attitudes. *Education Sciences*, 13(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci13040353
- Baierl, T.-M., Bonine, K., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Biosphere 2 as an informal learning platform to assess motivation, fascination, and cognitive achievement for sustainability. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 70. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2021.101061

- Baierl, T.-M., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Assessing environmental attitudes and cognitive achievement within 9 years of informal earth education. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 13(7). https://doi.org/10.3390/su13073622
- Baierl, T.-M., Johnson, B., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Informal earth education: Significant shifts for environmental attitude and knowledge. *Frontiers in Psychology*, *13*. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.819899
- Baierl, T.-M., Kaiser, F. G., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). The supportive role of environmental attitude for learning about environmental issues. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 81. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101799
- Ballantyne, R., Fien, J., & Packer, J. (2001). Intergenerational Influence in Environmental Education: A Quantitative Analysis. *Australian Journal of Environmental Education*, 17(3), 1–7. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0814062600002378
- Basile, C., & White, C. (2000). Respecting living things: Environmental literacy for young children. *Early Childhood Education Journal*, 28(1), 57–61. https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1009551705001
- Bayer, R., Travis, A., & Wang, C. (2021). Kids growing with grains: Connecting agriculture, nutrition, and environmental literacy. *Journal of Youth Development*, 15(6), 272–291. https://doi.org/10.5195/JYD.2020.964
- Baytak, A. (2011). Towards effective instructions in environmental education: A critical review of literature. *European Journal of Physics Education*, *2*(1), 16–22.
- Benítez, F. F., Paredes, M. E. R., Collado-Ruano, J., Terán, E. F. H., & Ibarra, G. D. L. (2019). Environmental education program in Ecuador: Theory, practice, and public policies to face global change in the anthropocene. *Ensaio*, 27(105), 859–880. https://doi.org/10.1590/S0104-40362019002701950
- Beyerl, K., Bogner, F., Daskalakis, M., Decker, T., Hentschel, A., Hinzmann, M., Loges, B., Knoblauch, D., Mederake, L., Müller, R., Rubik, F., Schweiger, S., & Stieß, I. (2022). Ways to deal with plastics in a sustainable manner. Key messages from social science research. *GAIA Ecological Perspectives for Science and Society*, 31(1), 51–53. https://doi.org/10.14512/GAIA.31.1.12
- Bi, S., Ni, W., Jiang, Y., & Wang, X. (2022). Novel Recommendation-Based Approach for Multidisciplinary Development of Future Universities. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(10), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14105881
- Bloom, M., & Fuentes, S. Q. (2019). Experiential learning for enhancing environmental literacy regarding energy: A professional development program for inservice science teachers. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 15(6). https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/103571
- Bogner, F. X., & Suarez, B. R. (2022). Environmental preferences of adolescents within a low ecological footprint country. *Frontiers in Psychology*, 13. https://doi.org/10.3389/fpsyg.2022.894382
- Brandão, E. K. S., & de Souza, M. C. M. R. (2021). Environmental education and Covid-19: Learning, digital technology, and the use of Youtube as a teaching platform in pandemic. *International Journal Semiarid*, 4(4), 67–86. https://doi.org/10.56346/ijsa.v4i4.82
- Bunyatova, F. K., Bunyatova, A., & Shahhuseynbayova, N. (2021). Multidisciplinary Development of Sustainable Education. In S. Jackowicz & I. Sahin (Eds.), *International Conference on Humanities, Social and Education Sciences* (pp. 232–249). ISTES Organization.
- Butt, A. N., & Dimitrijević, B. (2022). Multidisciplinary and transdisciplinary collaboration in nature-based design of sustainable architecture and urbanism. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, *14*(10339), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.3390/su141610339
- Chen, C. W. K., Chen, C., & Shieh, C.-J. (2020). A study on correlations between computer-aided instructions integrated environmental education and students' learning outcome and environmental literacy. Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education, 16(6), em1858. https://doi.org/10.29333/EJMSTE/8229
- Chen, S. Y., & Liu, S. Y. (2020). Developing students' action competence for a sustainable future: A review of educational research. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(4), 1374. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12041374
- Cheng, I. N. Y., & So, W. W. M. (2015). Teachers' environmental literacy and teaching stories of three Hong Kong primary school teachers. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 24(1), 58–79. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2014.967111
- Chernysh, Y., & Roubík, H. (2020). International collaboration in the field of environmental protection:

- Trend analysis and covid-19 implications. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(24), 1–18. https://doi.org/10.3390/su122410384
- Cincera, J., Kroufek, R., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). The perceived effect of environmental and sustainability education on environmental literacy of Czech teenagers. *Environmental Education Research*. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2107618
- Conradty, C., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Education for sustainable development: How seminar design and time structure of teacher professional development affect students' motivation and creativity. *Education Sciences*, 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci12050296
- Coyle, K. (2005). Environmental literacy in America: What ten years of NEETF/roper research and related studies say about environmental literacy in the U.S. The National Environmental Education & Training Foundation. https://files.eric.ed.gov/fulltext/ED522820.pdf
- Cutter, A., & Smith, R. (2001). Gauging primary school teachers' environmental literacy: An issue of 'priority.' *Asia Pacific Education Review*, 2(2), 45–60. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF03026290
- Damoah, B., & Omodan, B. I. (2023). Tracing the footprints of environmental education in teacher education: A review of pre-service teachers' training in universities. *Journal for Educators, Teachers and Trainers*, 14(5), 184–196. https://doi.org/10.47750/jett.2023.14.05.020
- Edsand, H. E., & Broich, T. (2020). The impact of environmental education on environmental and renewable energy technology awareness: Empirical evidence from Colombia. *International Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*, *18*(4), 611–634. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10763-019-09988-x
- Erdoğan, M., Kostova, Z., & Marcinkowski, T. (2009). Components of environmental literacy in elementary science education curriculum in Bulgaria and Turkey. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, *5*(1), 15–26. https://doi.org/10.12973/ejmste/75253
- Erhabor, N. I., & Don, J. U. (2016). Impact of environmental education on the knowledge and attitude of students towards the environment. *International Journal of Environmental and Science Education*, 11(12), 5367–5375. https://doi.org/10.25073/0866-773x/68
- Fang, W.-T., Hassan, A., & LePage, B. A. (2022). Environmental literacy. In W.-T. Fang, A. Hassan, & B. A. LePage (Eds.), *The lving environmental education: Sound science toward a ceaner, safer, and healthier future* (pp. 93–126). Spring. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-19-4234-1
- Fang, W. T., Lien, C. Y., Huang, Y. W., Han, G., Shyu, G. S., Chou, J. Y., & Ng, E. (2018). Environmental literacy on ecotourism: A study on student knowledge, attitude, and behavioral intentions in China and Taiwan. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 10(1886), 1–22. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10061886
- Farida, I., Hadiansah, h., Mahmud, M., & Munandar, A. (2017). Project-based teaching and learning design for internalization of environmental literacy with islamic values. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 6(2), 277–284. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v6i2.9452
- Fekih Zguir, M., Dubis, S., & Koç, M. (2021). Embedding Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) and SDGs values in curriculum: A comparative review on Qatar, Singapore and New Zealand. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 319, 128534. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2021.128534
- Fiedler, S. T., Heyne, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Explore your local biodiversity How school grounds evoke visions of sustainability. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(9), 606–613. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.9.606
- Fiedler, S. T., Heyne, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). COVID-19 and lockdown schooling: how digital learning environments influence semantic structures and sustainability knowledge. *Discover Sustainability*, 2(1). https://doi.org/10.1007/s43621-021-00041-y
- Gähler, J. (2012). Concepts for multidisciplinary learning with young adults. *Adaptation and Beyond*, 5(October 2012), 4.
- Gallagher, K. E., Kadokura, E., Eckert, L. O., Miyake, S., Mounier-Jack, S., Aldea, M., Ross, D. A., & Watson-Jones, D. (2016). Factors influencing completion of multi-dose vaccine schedules in adolescents: A systematic review. BMC Public Health, 16(1), 172. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12889-016-2845-z
- Garcesa, R. D., & Limjuco, R. P. (2016). Environmental Literacy and Integration of Environment Issues among Science Teachers in Region XI: Basis for Training Design. *UIC Research Journal*, 20(1), 187–205. https://doi.org/10.17158/554
- Gheith, E. (2019). Environmental literacy among prospective classroom teachers in Jordan. *International Journal of Learning, Teaching and Educational Research*, 18(12), 258–279.

- https://doi.org/10.26803/ijlter.18.12.15
- Goodale, E., Mammides, C., Mtemi, W., Chen, Y.-F., Barthakur, R., Goodale, U. M., Jiang, A., Liu, J., Malhotra, S., Meegaskumbura, M., Pandit, M. K., Qiu, G., Xu, J., Cao, K.-F., & Bawa, K. S. (2022). Increasing collaboration between China and India in the environmental sciences to foster global sustainability. *Ambio*, 51(6), 1474–1484. https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-021-01681-0
- Gospodinova, S., & Boutier, F. (2022). Experts put forward recommendations on how to harness the power of culture for sustainable development. UNESCO's World Conference on Cultural Policies and Sustainable Development.
- Goulgouti, A., Plakitsi, A., & Stylos, G. (2019). Environmental literacy: Evaluating knowledge, affect, and behavior of pre-service teachers in Greece. *Interdisciplinary Journal of Environmental and Science Education*, 15(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.29333/ijese/6287
- Grežo, H., Pucherová, Z., & Mišovičová, R. (2021). Adaptation of environmental education during the Covid-19 pandemic lockdown. *INTED2021 Proceedings*, 1(April), 10324–10328. https://doi.org/10.21125/inted.2021.2153
- Gui, Q., Liu, C., & Du, D. Bin. (2019). The structure and dynamic of scientific collaboration network among countries along the belt and road. *Sustainability Journal*, 11(19), 1–17.
- Hamilton, E., & Marckini-Polk, L. (2023a). The impact of place-based education on middle school students' environmental literacy and stewardship. *Cogent Education*, *10*(1). https://doi.org/10.1080/2331186X.2022.2163789
- Hamilton, E., & Marckini-Polk, L. (2023b). The impact of place-based education on middle school students' environmental literacy and stewardship. *Cogent Education*, *10*(1), 2163789. https://doi.org/10.1080/2331186X.2022.2163789
- Hermawan, I. M. S., Arjaya, I. B. A., & Diarta, I. M. (2022). Be-Raise: A blended-learning model based on Balinese local culture to enhance student's environmental literacy. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 11(4), 552–566. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v11i4.39475
- Hermawan, I. M. S., Suwono, H., Paraniti, A. A. I., & Wimuttipanya, J. (2022). Student's environmental literacy: An educational program reflections for a sustainable environment. In *JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia*) (Vol. 8, Issue 1). https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i1.16889
- Hsu, C. H., Lin, T. E., Fang, W. T., & Liu, C. C. (2018). Taiwan Roadkill Observation Network: An example of a community of practice contributing to Taiwanese environmental literacy for sustainability. Sustainability (Switzerland), 10(10), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10103610
- Huang, H., & Hsin, C. Te. (2023). Environmental literacy education and sustainable development in schools based on teaching effectiveness. *International Journal of Sustainable Development and Planning*, 18(5), 1639–1648. https://doi.org/10.18280/ijsdp.180535
- Hudha, M. N., Hamidah, I., Permanasari, A., & Abdullah, A. G. (2023). Trends of environmental literacy research: A systematic review of the literature. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2646(1), 60001. https://doi.org/10.1063/5.0113171
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022a). Action competencies for sustainability and its implications to environmental education for prospective science teachers: A systematic literature review. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science & Technology Eduaction, 18*(8), em2138.
- Husamah, H., Suwono, H., Nur, H., & Dharmawan, A. (2022b). The development and validation of environmental literacy instrument based on spirituality for prospective science teachers. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 18(12), em2206. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12732
- Iwaniec, J., & Curdt-Christiansen, X. L. (2020). Parents as agents: Engaging children in environmental literacy in China. Sustainability (Switzerland), 12(16), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12166605
- Izhar, G., Wardani, K., & Nugraha, N. K. (2022). The development environmental literacy media learning for elementary school student. *Journal of Innovation in Educational and Cultural Research*, *3*(3), 397–404. https://doi.org/10.46843/jiecr.v3i3.116
- Jabareen, Y. (2011). Teaching Sustainability: A Multidisciplinary Approach. Creative Education, 2(4), 388–392. https://doi.org/10.4236/ce.2011.24055
- Jannah, M., Halim, L., Meerah, T. S. M., & Fairuz, M. (2013). Impact of environmental education kit on students' environmental literacy. Asian Social Science, 9(12 SPL ISSUE), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.5539/ass.v9n12p1

- Jappe, A. (2007a). Explaining international collaboration in global environmental change research. Scientometrics, 71(3), 367–390. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-007-1676-1
- Jappe, A. (2007b). Explaining international collaboration in global environmental change research. *Scientometrics*, 71(3), 367–390. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11192-007-1676-1
- Julien, M.-P., Chalmeau, R., Vergnolle Mainar, C., & Léna, J.-Y. (2018). An innovative framework for encouraging future thinking in ESD: A case study in a French school. *Futures*, 101, 26–35. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.futures.2018.04.012
- Kabassi, K., Papadaki, A., & Botonis, A. (2023). Adapting Recommendations on Environmental Education Programs. *Future Internet*, 15(1), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3390/fi15010028
- Karimzadegan, H., & Meiboudia, H. (2012). Exploration of environmental literacy in science education curriculum in primary schools in Iran. *Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 46, 404–409. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2012.05.131
- Kaya, V. H., & Elster, D. (2019). A critical consideration of environmental literacy: Concepts, contexts, and competencies. Sustainability (Switzerland), 11(6), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.3390/su11061581
- Khalifé, M., Chaker, R., & Gasparovic, S. (2022). Environmental education and digital solutions: An analysis of the Lebanese context's existing and possible digital actions. *Frontiers in Education*, 7(October), 1–12. https://doi.org/10.3389/feduc.2022.958569
- Kioupi, V., & Voulvoulis, N. (2019). Education for sustainable development: A systemic framework for connecting the SDGs to educational outcomes. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 11(21). https://doi.org/10.3390/su11216104
- Kohl, K., Hopkins, C., Barth, M., Michelsen, G., Dlouhá, J., Razak, D. A., Abidin Bin Sanusi, Z., & Toman, I. (2022). A whole-institution approach towards sustainability: a crucial aspect of higher education's individual and collective engagement with the SDGs and beyond. *International Journal of Sustainability in Higher Education*, 23(2), 218–236. https://doi.org/10.1108/IJSHE-10-2020-0398
- Konstantakatos, G., & Galani, L. (2023). How is the use of GIS in geographical and environmental education evaluated? Findings from a systematic review. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, *32*(2), 159–175. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2022.2138167
- Kopnina, H. (2020). Education for sustainable development goals (ESDG): What is wrong with esdgs, and what can we do better? *Education Sciences*, 10(10), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci10100261
- Kousar, S., Afzal, M., Ahmed, F., & Bojnec, Š. (2022). Environmental awareness and air quality: The mediating role of environmental protective behaviors. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(6), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14063138
- Kudryaytsey, A., Li, Y., & Cottle, M. (2015). Environmental literacy in the United States: An agenda for leadership in the 21st century. In J. Adams (Ed.), *USDA Forest Service Conservation Education Program*. National Environmental Education Foundation.
- Kurniati, E., Ibrohim, I., Suryadi, A., & Saefi, M. (2022). International scientific collaboration and research Topics on STEM education: A systematic review. *EURASIA Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 18(4), em2095. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/11903
- Kuruppuarachchi, J., Sayakkarage, V., & Madurapperuma, B. (2021). Environmental literacy level comparison of undergraduates in the conventional and odls universities in sri lanka. Sustainability (Switzerland), 13(3), 1–16. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13031056
- Kusumaningrum, D. (2018). Literasi lingkungan dalam kurikulum 2013 dan pembelajaran IPA di SD. *Indonesian Journal of Natural Science Education (IJNSE)*, 1(2), 57–64. https://doi.org/10.31002/nse.v1i2.255
- Kuswendi, U., & Arga, H. S. P. (2020). Developing primary school students' environmental literacy by utilizing scraps. *Mimbar Sekolah Dasar*, 7(2), 198–215. https://doi.org/10.17509/mimbar-sd.v7i2.26497
- Laurie, R., Nonoyama-Tarumi, Y., Mckeown, R., & Hopkins, C. (2016). Contributions of education for sustainable development (ESD) to quality education: A synthesis of research. *Journal of Education for Sustainable Development*, 10(2), 226–242. https://doi.org/10.1177/0973408216661442
- Lewinsohn, T. M., Attayde, J. L., Fonseca, C. R., Ganade, G., Jorge, L. R., Kollmann, J., Overbeck, G. E., Prado, P. I., Pillar, V. D., Popp, D., da Rocha, P. L. B., Silva, W. R., Spiekermann, A., & Weisser, W. W.

- (2015). Ecological literacy and beyond: Problem-based learning for future professionals. *Ambio*, 44(2), 154–162. https://doi.org/10.1007/s13280-014-0539-2
- Liang, S. W., Fang, W. T., Yeh, S. C., Liu, S. Y., Tsai, H. M., Chou, J. Y., & Ng, E. (2018). A nationwide survey evaluating the environmental literacy of undergraduate students in Taiwan. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 10(6), 1–21. https://doi.org/10.3390/su10061730
- Locke, S., Russo, R., & Montoya, C. (2013). Environmental education and eco-literacy as tools of education for sustainable development. In *Journal of Sustainability Education* (Vol. 4, Issue January, p. 10).
 - http://search.ebscohost.com/login.aspx?direct=true&AuthType=ip,url,cookie,uid&db=eue&AN=86430930&site=ehost-live&scope=site
- López-Alcarria, A., Poza-Vilches, M. F., Pozo-Llorente, M. T., & Gutiérrez-Pérez, J. (2021). Water, waste material, and energy as key dimensions of sustainable management of early childhood ecoschools: An environmental literacy model based on teachers action-competencies (ELTAC). *Water (Switzerland)*, 13(2), 1–37. https://doi.org/10.3390/w13020145
- Mahat, H., Hashim, M., Saleh, Y., Nayan, N., & Norkhaidi, S. B. (2020). Transformation of education for sustainable development through low carbon schools community program. *Journal of Turkish Science Education*, 17(3), 429–442. https://doi.org/10.36681/tused.2020.37
- Mardiani, N. D., Husamah, H., Fatmawati, D., Miharja, F. J., & Fauzi, A. (2020). Literasi lingkungan melalui pendidikan lingkungan di masa pandemi covid-19. *Prosiding Diskusi Daring Tematik, September*, 100–103. http://research-report.umm.ac.id/index.php/psnpb/article/view/3657
- Marpa, E. (2020). Navigating environmental education practices to promote environmental awareness and education. *International Journal on Studies in Education*, *2*(1), 45–57. https://doi.org/10.46328/ijonse.8
- Martínez-Mesa, J., González-Chica, D. A., Bastos, J. L., Bonamigo, R. R., & Duquia, R. P. (2014). Sample size: how many participants do I need in my research? *Anais Brasileiros de Dermatologia*, 89(4), 609–615. https://doi.org/10.1590/abd1806-4841.20143705
- Masalimova, A. R., Krokhina, J. A., Sokolova, N. L., Melnik, M. V., Kutepova, O. S., & Duran, M. (2023). Trends in environmental education: A systematic review. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 19(2), em2228. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12952
- Mashaba, E. K., Maile, S., & Manaka, M. J. (2022). Learners' knowledge of environmental education in selected primary schools of the Tshwane North District, Gauteng Province. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 19(23), 1–10. https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph192315552
- Mashfufah, A., Nurkamto, J., Sajidan, & Wiranto. (2018). Environmental literacy among biology preservice teachers: A pilot study. *AIP Conference Proceedings*, 2014(December 2020). https://doi.org/10.1063/1.5054444
- Maulaa, I., Hamidah, I., & Permanasari, A. (2020). Environmental literacy profile of 7 th grade junior high school students in science learning on global warming subject. *Journal of Physics Conference Series*, 042122. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1521/4/042122
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). First steps towards sustainability? University freshmen perceptions on nature versus environment. *PLoS ONE*, *15*(6). https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0234560
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). Modelling environmental literacy with environmental knowledge, values and (reported) behaviour. *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 65. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2020.100863
- Maurer, M., & Bogner, F. X. (2022). Green awareness in action of saving energy in school life: Modeling environmental literacy in theory and practice experience. In *Handbook of Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation: Third Edition* (Vol. 5, pp. 3531–3556). https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-72579-2_157
- Maurer, M., Koulouris, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Green awareness in action-how energy conservation action forces on environmental knowledge, values and behaviour in adolescents' school life. Sustainability (Switzerland), 12(3). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12030955
- McBride, B. B., Brewer, C. A., Berkowitz, A. R., & Borrie, W. T. (2013). Environmental literacy, ecological literacy, ecoliteracy: What do we mean and how did we get here? *Ecosphere*, 4(5), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.1890/ES13-00075.1
- McClaren, M. (2019). Revisioning environmental literacy in the context of a global information and

- communications ecosphere. *The Journal of Environmental Education*, 50(4–6), 416–435. https://doi.org/10.1080/00958964.2019.1687408
- Meilinda, H., Prayitno, E. B., & Karyanto, P. (2017). Student's environmental literacy profile of adiwiyata green school in Surakarta, Indonesia. *Journal of Education and Learning*, 11(3), 299– 306.
- Merritt, E. G., Stern, M. J., Powell, R. B., & Frensley, B. T. (2022). A systematic literature review to identify evidence-based principles to improve online environmental education. *Environmental Education Research*, *28*(5), 674–694. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2032610
- Molina-Azorín, J. F., & López-Gamero, M. D. (2016). Mixed methods studies in environmental management research: Prevalence, purposes and designs. *Business Strategy and the Environment*, 25(2), 134–148. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1002/bse.1862
- Morgan, R., George, A., Ssali, S., Hawkins, K., Molyneux, S., & Theobald, S. (2016). How to do (or not to do)... gender analysis in health systems research. *Health Policy and Planning*, *31*(8), 1069–1078. https://doi.org/10.1093/heapol/czw037
- Nugraha, L., Saud, U. S., Hartati, T., & Damaianti, V. S. (2022). Profile of learning environmental literacy in elementary school. *PrimaryEdu: Journal of Elementary Education, 6*(2), 211–222.
- Nurwidodo, N., Amin, M., Ibrohim, I., & Sueb, S. (2020). The role of eco-school program (Adiwiyata) towards environmental literacy of high school students. *European Journal of Educational Research*, *9*(3), 1089–1103. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.9.3.1089
- Nurwidodo, N., Ibrohim, I., Sueb, S., & Husamah, H. (2023). "Let's transform!": A systematic literature review of science learning in COVID-19 pandemic era. *Eurasia Journal of Mathematics, Science and Technology Education*, 19(2), em224. https://doi.org/10.29333/ejmste/12875
- O'Flaherty, J., & Liddy, M. (2018). The impact of development education and education for sustainable development interventions: a synthesis of the research. *Environmental Education Research*, 24(7), 1031–1049. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2017.1392484
- O'Neil, J. M., Newton, R. J., Bone, E. K., Birney, L. B., Green, A. E., Merrick, B., Goodwin-Segal, T., Moore, G., & Fraioli, A. (2020). Using urban harbors for experiential, environmental literacy: Case studies of New York and Chesapeake Bay. *Regional Studies in Marine Science*, 33. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rsma.2019.100886
- OELP. (2020). What is environmental literacy? Oregon Environmental Literacy Program. https://oelp.oregonstate.edu/oelp-plan/what-environmental-literacy
- Ohnishi, T. (2003). Environmental literacy of aluminum alloys. *Journal of Japan Institute of Light Metals*, 53(11), 454–456.
- Olsson, D., Gericke, N., & Boeve-de Pauw, J. (2022). The effectiveness of education for sustainable development revisited a longitudinal study on secondary students' action competence for sustainability. *Environmental Education Research*, 28(3), 405–429. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2022.2033170
- Örs, M. (2022). A measurement of the environmental literacy of nursing students for a sustainable environment. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 14(17). https://doi.org/10.3390/su141711003
- Ozgurler, S., & Cansaran, A. (2014). Graduate students, study of environmental literacy and sustainable development. *International Electronic Journal of Environmental Education*, 4(2), 71–83. https://doi.org/10.18497/iejee-green.31036
- Pan, C. T., & Hsu, S. J. (2020). Effects of a one-day environmental education program on sixth-graders' environmental literacy at a nature center in eastern Taiwan. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, *12*(12), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/su12125043
- Parent, D., & Speer, L. (2014). A case study of a co-instructed multidisciplinary senior capstone project in sustainability. *Advances in Engineering Education, Summer*, 1–29.
- Parry, S., & Metzger, E. (2023). Barriers to learning for sustainability: a teacher perspective. Sustainable Earth Reviews, 6(2), 1–11. https://doi.org/10.1186/s42055-022-00050-3
- Pauw, J. B. de, Gericke, N., Olsson, D., & Berglund, T. (2015). The effectiveness of education for sustainable development. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 7(11), 15693–15717. https://doi.org/10.3390/su71115693
- Pe'er, S., Goldman, D., & Yavetz, B. (2007). Environmental literacy in teacher training: Attitudes, knowledge, and environmental behavior off beginning students. *Journal of Environmental Education*, *39*(1), 45–59. https://doi.org/10.3200/JOEE.39.1.45-59
- Permanasari, G. H., Suherman, S., & Budiati, L. (2021). The implementation of environmental education

- to achieve sustainable development: Literature review. *E3S Web of Conferences*, *317*, 01069. https://doi.org/10.1051/e3sconf/202131701069
- Piscitelli, A., & D'Uggento, A. M. (2022). Do young people really engage in sustainable behaviors in their lifestyles? *Social Indicators Research*, 163(3), 1467–1485. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11205-022-02955-0
- Pönkä, V. (2019). The cooperative as a driver for sustainable development. In *The Cambridge Handbook of Corporate Law, Corporate Governance and Sustainability* (Issue February).
- Putra, J. D. (2022). Integrasi prinsip education for sustainable development dalam pembelajaran matematika untuk meningkatkan kemampuan berpikir kritis matematis dan sikap sosial siswa. Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia.
- Putra, N. S., Sukma, H. N., & Setiawan, H. (2021). Level of environmental literacy of students and school community in green open space: Is there any difference between both of them? *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 10(4), 627–634. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v10i4.31083
- Raab, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Microplastics in the Environment: Raising Awareness in Primary Education. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(7), 478–487. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.7.478
- Raab, P., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Knowledge acquisition and environmental values in a microplastic learning module: Does the learning environment matter? *Studies in Educational Evaluation*, 71. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.stueduc.2021.101091
- Raghunathan, S., Darshan Singh, A., & Sharma, B. (2022). Study of resilience in learning environments during the COVID-19 pandemic. *Frontiers in Education*, 6(January), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.3389/feduc.2021.677625
- Rahman, M. S. (2016). The advantages and disadvantages of using qualitative and quantitative approaches and methods in language "testing and assessment" research: A literature review. *Journal of Education and Learning*, 6(1), 102. https://doi.org/10.5539/jel.v6n1p102
- Rahman, N. A. (2019). Developing of an environmental literacy instrument: In the context of Aboriginal students. *International Journal of Academic Research in Business and Social Sciences*, 9(7), 743–764. https://doi.org/10.6007/ijarbss/v9-i7/6176
- Rahmayanti, H., Ichsan, I. Z., Azwar, S. A., Purwandari, D. A., Pertiwi, N., Singh, C. K. S., & Gomes, P. W. P. (2020). Difmol: Indonesian students' HOTS and environmental education model during Covid-19. *Journal of Sustainability Science and Management*, 15(7), 10–19. https://doi.org/10.46754/jssm.2020.10.002
- Rasis, R., Kuswanto, H., & Dyah Hartanti, R. (2023). The effect of environmental education open inquiry learning kits on the environmental literacy of pre-service biology teachers. *Journal of Teacher Education for Sustainability*, 25(1), 40–63. https://doi.org/10.2478/jtes-2023-0004
- Reddy, C. (2021). Environmental education, social justice and teacher education: Enabling meaningful environmental learning in local contexts. *South African Journal of Higher Education*, *35*(1), 161–177. https://doi.org/10.20853/35-1-4427
- Rose, M. A. (2010). Envirotech: Enhancing environmental literacy and technology assessment skills. *Journal of Technology Education*, 22(1), 43–57. https://doi.org/10.21061/jte.v22i1.a.3
- Saltan, F., & Divarci, O. F. (2017). Using blogs to improve elementary school students' environmental literacy in science class. *European Journal of Educational Research*, 6(3), 347–355. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.6.3.347
- Salvatore, C., & Wolbring, G. (2022). Coverage of disabled people in environmental-education-focused academic literature. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, *14*(3), 1–22. https://doi.org/10.3390/su14031211
- Sarabi, R. E., Abdekhoda, M., Dehnad, A., & Khajouei, G. (2020). Environmental literacy and accountability of undergraduate students of medical sciences. *Webology*, *17*(1), 0–3. https://doi.org/10.14704/WEB/V17I1/a216
- Saribas, D., Kucuk, Z. D., & Ertepinar, H. (2017). Implementation of an environmental education course to improve pre-service elementary teachers' environmental literacy and self-efficacy beliefs. *International Research in Geographical and Environmental Education*, 26(4), 311–326. https://doi.org/10.1080/10382046.2016.1262512
- Sasa, T., Ahmad, W. A., Bahtiti, N. H., Abujaber, M., Adeyleh, A., & Miri, O. (2022). Assessment level of environmental literacy among applied science private university (ASU) students. *WSEAS Transactions on Environment and Development*, 18, 1011–1020.

- https://doi.org/10.37394/232015.2022.18.96
- Savela, T. (2018). The advantages and disadvantages of quantitative methods in schoolscape research. *Linguistics and Education*, 44, 31–44. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.linged.2017.09.004
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). FutureForest: Promoting biodiversity literacy by implementing citizen science in the classroom. *American Biology Teacher*, 82(4), 234–240. https://doi.org/10.1525/abt.2020.82.4.234
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). The relation between knowledge acquisition and environmental values within the scope of a biodiversity learning module. *Sustainability* (Switzerland), 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12052036
- Schneiderhan-Opel, J., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). The effect of environmental values on German primary school students' knowledge on water supply. *Water (Switzerland)*, 13(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/w13050702
- Schönfelder, M. L., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Between science education and environmental education: How science motivation relates to environmental values. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(5). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12051968
- Şeker, M. (2023). A study on how environmental issues are discussed in social studies textbooks. *Environment, Development and Sustainability, 2023*(0123456789), 1–28. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10668-023-03532-2
- Shao, G., Li, F., & Tang, L. (2011). Multidisciplinary perspectives on sustainable development. *International Journal of Sustainable Development and World Ecology*, 18(3), 187–189. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504509.2011.572304
- Shayya, J. K., Mekhael, E., & Ayoubi, Z. (2020). Education for sustainable development, multidisciplinary model for grade 10 in Lebanese schools design, implementation, evaluation. Lebanese University.
- Shoolestani, A., & Shoolestani, B. (2015). Sustainability thinking in engineering education: dataintensive research, computational sustainability and multidisciplinary research. *The 7th International Conference on Engineering Education for Sustainable Development, June,* 1–8. https://open.library.ubc.ca/cIRcle/collections/52657/items/1.0064747
- Snyder, H. (2019). Literature review as a research methodology: An overview and guidelines. *Journal of Business Research*, 104(July), 333–339. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jbusres.2019.07.039
- Solheri, S., Azhar, M., & Yohandri, Y. (2022). Analysis of ethnoscience integrated environmental literacy for junior high school. *JPBI (Jurnal Pendidikan Biologi Indonesia)*, 8(2), 178–188. https://doi.org/10.22219/jpbi.v8i2.17657
- Srbinovski, M., Erdogan, M., & Ismaili, M. (2010). Environmental literacy in the science education curriculum in Macedonia and Turkey. *Procedia Social and Behavioral Sciences*, *2*(2), 4528–4532. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2010.03.725
- Ssossé, Q., Wagner, J., & Hopper, C. (2021). Assessing the impact of ESD: Methods, challenges, results. Sustainability (Switzerland), 13(5), 1–26. https://doi.org/10.3390/su13052854
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2020a). Cognitive learning aboutwaste management: How relevance and interest influence long-term knowledge. *Education Sciences*, 10(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci10040102
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2020b). Environmental values and technology preferences of first-year university students. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, *12*(1), 1–14. https://doi.org/10.3390/SU12010062
- Stöckert, A., & Bogner, F. X. (2021). Learning about waste management: The role of science motivation, preferences in technology and environmental values. *Sustainable Futures*, *3*. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sftr.2021.100054
- Suárez, V. R., Acosta-Castellanos, P. M., Ortegon, Y. A. C., & Queiruga-Dios, A. (2023). Current state of environmental education and education for sustainable development in primary and secondary (K-12) schools in Boyacá, Colombia. Sustainability (Switzerland), 15(13), 1–15. https://doi.org/10.3390/su151310139
- Suryawati, E., Suzanti, F., Zulfarina, Putriana, A. R., & Febrianti, L. (2020). The implementation of local environmental problem-based learning student worksheets to strengthen environmental literacy. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 9(2), 169–178. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v9i2.22892
- Svobodová, S. (2023). Environmental literacy of ISCED 2 pupils in Poland. *Journal of Elementary Education*, 16(1), 59–77. https://doi.org/10.18690/rei.1665

- Svobodová, S., & Kroufek, R. (2022). Environmental literacy of ISCED 2 pupils in the Czech Republic and Slovakia. *European Journal of Science and Mathematics Education*, 10(4), 519–528. https://doi.org/10.30935/scimath/12361
- Swanepoel, C. H., & Loubser, C. P. (2002). Measuring the environmental literacy of teachers. *South African Journal of Education*, 22(4), 282–285. https://doi.org/10.4314/saje.v22i4.24854
- Syahmani, S., Hafizah, E., Sauqina, S., Adnan, M. Bin, & Ibrahim, M. H. (2021). STEAM Approach to Improve Environmental Education Innovation and Literacy in Waste Management: Bibliometric Research. *Indonesian Journal on Learning and Advanced Education (IJOLAE)*, 3(2), 130–141. https://doi.org/10.23917/ijolae.v3i2.12782
- Szczytko, R., Stevenson, K., Peterson, M. N., Nietfeld, J., & Strnad, R. L. (2019). Development and validation of the environmental literacy instrument for adolescents. *Environmental Education Research*, 25(2), 193–210. https://doi.org/10.1080/13504622.2018.1487035
- Tannenbaum, C., Greaves, L., & Graham, I. D. (2016). Why sex and gender matter in implementation research Economic, social, and ethical factors affecting the implementation of research. *BMC Medical Research Methodology*, 16(1), 1–9. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12874-016-0247-7
- Teixeira, J. da S., Angeluci, A. C. B., Prates Junior, P., & Prado Martin, J. G. (2022). 'Let's play?' A systematic review of board games in biology. *Journal of Biological Education*, 2022(00), 1–20. https://doi.org/10.1080/00219266.2022.2041461
- Tian, H., & Chen, S. (2023). Structural analysis of environmental literacy of urban residents in China—based on the questionnaire survey of Qingdao residents. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 15(6), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.3390/su15065552
- Tirgar, A., Sajjadi, S. A., & Aghalari, Z. (2019). The status of international collaborations in compilation of Iranian scientific articles on environmental health engineering. *Globalization and Health*, 15(1), 17. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12992-019-0460-3
- Tomás, M. R. V., Vicente, J. S. Y., Cruz, M. D. B. D. LA, & Acha, D. M. H. (2022). Environmental literacy and its impact on sustainable pedagogical behaviors of basic education teachers, Lima-Peru. *WSEAS Transactions on Environment and Development*, *18*, 856–864. https://doi.org/10.37394/232015.2022.18.80
- Torkar, G., Fabijan, T., & Bogner, F. X. (2020). Students' care for dogs, environmental attitudes, and behaviour. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/su12041317
- Torres Parra, C. A., Saldeño Madero, Y., Castiblanco Prieto, J. J., Villegas Flores, N., & Fasolino, I. (2022). Using environmental education and healthy housing as strategies for household-level prevention of COVID-19. *Tecnura*, 26(71), 7–8. http://www.scielo.org.co/scielo.php?script=sci_arttext&pid=S0123-921X2022000100007&lang=es%0Ahttp://www.scielo.org.co/pdf/tecn/v26n71/0123-921X-
- tecn-26-71-7.pdf
 Tran, H. U., LePage, B. A., & Fang, W. T. (2022). Environmental literacy and teaching activities of
- preschool teachers in Vietnam. European Journal of Educational Research, 11(4), 2357–2371. https://doi.org/10.12973/eu-jer.11.4.2357
- $\label{local_condition} \begin{tabular}{ll} UCLG. (2018). $\it Culture in the sustainable development goals: A guide for local action. United Cities and Local Governments (UCLG). $\it https://www.uclg.org/sites/default/files/culture_in_the_sdgs.pdf and $\it https://www.uclg.org/sites/default/files/culture_in_the_sdgs.pdf$
- Uddin, M. K. (2023). Environmental education for sustainable development in Bangladesh and its challenges. *Sustainable Development*, 2023(2023). https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1002/sd.2728
- Valencia, M. I. C. (2018). Introducing education for sustainable development (ESD) in the educational institutions in the Philippines. *Journal of Sustainable Development Education and Research*, 2(1), 51–57. https://doi.org/10.17509/jsder.v2i1.12358
- van de Wetering, J., Leijten, P., Spitzer, J., & Thomaes, S. (2022). Does environmental education benefit environmental outcomes in children and adolescents? A meta-analysis. *Journal of Environmental Psychology*, 81, 101782. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jenvp.2022.101782
- Vasileiou, K., Barnett, J., Thorpe, S., & Young, T. (2018). Characterising and justifying sample size sufficiency in interview-based studies: systematic analysis of qualitative health research over a 15-year period. *BMC Medical Research Methodology*, 18(1), 148. https://doi.org/10.1186/s12874-018-0594-7
- Vaughan-Lee, C. (2016). Environmental education at the local, national, and global level (opinion). Education Week. https://www.edweek.org/education/opinion-environmental-education-at-the-

- local-national-and-global-level/2016/04
- Wajdi, M., Jamaluddin, A. Bin, Nurdiyanti, N., & Magfirah, N. (2022). The effectiveness of problem-based learning with environmental-based comic in enhancing students environmental literacy. *International Journal of Evaluation and Research in Education*, 11(3), 1049–1057. https://doi.org/10.11591/ijere.v11i3.22140
- Wals, A. E. J., & Kieft, G. (2010). *Education for sustainable development: Research overview*. Sida. Weilhoefer, C. L., & Schmits, S. (2022). Leveraging remote learning during the Covid-19 pandemic to enhance student understanding of biodiversity. *Ecology and Evolution*, *12*(3), 1–13. https://doi.org/10.1002/ece3.8729
- Wheaton, M., Kannan, A., & Ardoin, N. M. (2018). Environmental literacy: Setting the stage. In *Environmental Literacy Brief, Volume 1*. Stanford.
- Widmer, R. J., Widmer, J. M., & Lerman, A. (2015). International collaboration: promises and challenges. *Rambam Maimonides Medical Journal*, 6(2), e0012. https://doi.org/10.5041/RMMJ.10196
- Wilujeng, I., Dwandaru, W. S. B., & Rauf, R. A. B. A. (2019). The effectiveness of education for environmental sustainable development to enhance environmental literacy in science education: A case study of hydropower. *Jurnal Pendidikan IPA Indonesia*, 8(4), 521–528. https://doi.org/10.15294/jpii.v8i4.19948
- Wu, E., Cheng, J.-Q., & Zhang, J.-B. (2020). Study on the environmental education demand and environmental literacy assessment of citizens in sustainable urban construction in Beijing. *Sustainability (Switzerland)*, 12(1). https://doi.org/10.3390/SU12010241
- Wulandari, S., Suwondo, S., & Haryanto, R. (2019). Implementation of Environmental Education Based Local Potential to Increase Environmental Knowledge Student. *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, 1351(1), 012054. https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1351/1/012054
- Xiao, Y., & Watson, M. (2019). Guidance on conducting a systematic literature review. *Journal of Planning Education and Research*, 39(1), 93–112. https://doi.org/10.1177/0739456X17723971
- Yilmaz, M. A. (2021). A study on environmental literacy levels of social studies teacher candidates. Review of International Geographical Education Online, 11(1), 21–42. https://doi.org/10.33403/rigeo.840387
- Yu, L., Liu, W., Yang, S., Kong, R., & He, X. (2022). Impact of environmental literacy on farmers' agricultural green production behavior: Evidence from rural China. *Frontiers in Environmental Science*, 10(November), 1–19. https://doi.org/10.3389/fenvs.2022.990981
- Zsóka, Á., Szerényi, Z. M., Széchy, A., & Kocsis, T. (2013). Greening due to environmental education? Environmental knowledge, attitudes, consumer behavior and everyday pro-environmental activities of Hungarian high school and university students. *Journal of Cleaner Production*, 48, 126–138. https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2012.11.030