ABSTRACT
The kebar plant (Biophytum petersianum) and krambilan plant is herb plant can used for traditional medicine. The kebar herb plant advantage by Irian peoples as medicine of women fertility and the krambilan herb plan advantage by Java peoples as medicine to quick or urinate. Content essence chemistry has known is, alkaloid, cyaniding, and dephymidin, saponin or sapogenin, often can be searching a flavonoid but found liquid a elagic and proantocyanidin. A content nutrient and and more advantage.
A point of this examinates is to know how much content of vitamine B12 folat acid, C, and E at the kebar herb plant (Biophytum petersianum), and to know how much content of vitamine B12 folat acid, C, and E at krambilan herb plant (Biophytum sensitivum). The examination starting date 24-28 June 2009 examination, examination place at chemistry laboratory, muhommadiyah malang university. This examination is a deskriptife. Acontent appointment vitamine B12, folat acid, C and E. used sperctrofotometer methods and and titrasi methods, and to scale at somes contents vitamins. Methods used for examination of vitamine B12, Folat acid, E and C. Is to use titrasi method and then has result a vitamine contents to scales whit to use equals formulation. Examination result to found that equals content vitamine B12, at Biophytum petersianumis 5,919 mg/kg and contents equals Vitamine B12 Biophytum sensitivum 5,862mg/kg. That equals content vitamine folat acid, at Biophytum petersianumis 2,179 mg/kg and contents equals Vitamine Folat acid Biophytum sensitivum 1,887mg/kg. That equals content vitamine C, at Biophytum petersianumis 5,764 mg/kg and contents equals Vitamine C Biophytum sensitivum 5,457 mg/kg. That equals content vitamine E, at Biophytum petersianumis 6,440 mg/kg and contents equals Vitamine Folat acid Biophytum sensitivum 6,395mg/kg.