

**Eksplorasi Keamanan Website Dinas XY di Jawa Timur dalam
Pendekatan Pengujian Brute Force untuk mendeteksi kerentanan**

Laporan Tugas Akhir

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**Website Vulnerability Analysis of AB and XY Office in East Java
(Analisa Kerentanan Website Dinas AB dan XY di Jawa Timur)**

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Demikian surat pernyataan ini saya buat dengan sebenar-benarnya. Apabila kemudian ditemukan adanya pelanggaran terhadap etika keilmuan dalam karya saya ini, atau ada klaim dari pihak lain terhadap keaslian karya saya ini maka saya siap menanggung segala bentuk resiko/sanksi yang berlaku.

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk melakukan analisis kerentanan terhadap website Kantor XY yang berlokasi di Jawa Timur. Website ini merupakan salah satu platform penting yang digunakan oleh kantor untuk berinteraksi dengan publik, menyediakan informasi, dan melakukan transaksi online. Keamanan website adalah aspek kritis yang harus diperhatikan, mengingat meningkatnya ancaman siber dalam beberapa tahun terakhir. Metode analisis kerentanan digunakan untuk mengidentifikasi potensi celah keamanan yang dapat dieksploitasi oleh penyerang. Berbagai alat keamanan siber, termasuk Burp Suite, Unicornscan, dan Whatweb, digunakan dalam penelitian ini untuk mengidentifikasi kerentanan potensial. Selain itu, pengujian penetrasi dilakukan untuk memeriksa kerentanan secara menyeluruh. Hasil analisis kerentanan menunjukkan beberapa temuan kritis yang perlu segera diperbaiki oleh Kantor XY. Temuan tersebut mencakup kerentanan terhadap injeksi SQL, serangan XSS (Cross-Site Scripting), serta masalah terkait konfigurasi server dan aplikasi. Selain itu, ditemukan kerentanan terkait CSRF (Cross-Site Request Forgery) yang dapat memengaruhi integritas data. Studi ini memberikan gambaran mendalam tentang kerentanan website Kantor XY dan memberikan rekomendasi keamanan yang dapat membantu mengatasi masalah tersebut. Melindungi website dari serangan siber adalah langkah krusial dalam menjaga data sensitif dan reputasi institusi. Kesimpulannya, analisis kerentanan ini bertujuan untuk meningkatkan keamanan website Kantor XY dan membantu melindungi informasi yang tersimpan di dalamnya dari ancaman siber.

Kata kunci : Website, Analisis Kerentanan, Keamanan Siber, XSS (Corss-Site Scripting), CSRF (Corss-Site Request Forgery).

ABSTRACT

This research aims to conduct a vulnerability analysis of the XY Office website located in East Java. This website is one of the important platforms used by the office to interact with the public, provide information and carry out online transactions. Website security is a critical aspect that must be considered, considering the increase in cyber threats in recent years. Vulnerability analysis methods are used to identify potential security gaps that can be exploited by attackers. Various cybersecurity tools, including Burp Suite, Unicornscan, and Whatweb, were used in this research to identify potential vulnerabilities. Additionally, penetration testing is performed to thoroughly check vulnerabilities. The results of the vulnerability analysis showed several critical findings that needed to be immediately corrected by XY Office. The findings include vulnerabilities to SQL injection, XSS (Cross-Site Scripting) attacks, as well as issues related to server and application configuration. Additionally, a vulnerability related to CSRF (Cross-Site Request Forgery) was discovered that could affect data integrity. This study provides an in-depth look at the vulnerabilities of the XY Office website and provides security recommendations that can help resolve the issue. Protecting a website from cyberattacks is a crucial step in safeguarding sensitive data and an institution's reputation. In conclusion, this vulnerability analysis aims to improve the security of the XY Office website and help protect the information stored on it from cyber threats.

Keywords: Website, Vulnerability Analysis, Cyber Security, XSS (Corss-Site Scripting), CSRF (Corss-Site Request Forgery).

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Puji syukur kepada Allah SWT atas rahmat dan karunia-Nya sehingga penulis dapat menyelesaikan Tugas Akhir ini. Penulis menyampaikan ucapan terima kasih yang sebesar-besarnya kepada :

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Di dalam tulisan ini disajikan pokok – pokok bahasan yang meliputi pendahuluan, studi literatur, metode penelitian dan hasil penelitian yang telah didapatkan dari hasil penelitian dan disimpulkan berdasarkan hasil yang telah di dapat oleh peneliti. Peneliti menyadari sepenuhnya bahwa dalam penulisan tugas akhir ini masih banyak kekurangan dan keterbatasan. Oleh karena itu, peneliti mengharapkan saran yang membangun agar tulisan ini bermanfaat bagi perkembangan ilmu pengetahuan.

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