CHAPTER I
INTRODUCTION

This chapter presents six parts, those are background of the study, research problem, research objectives, scope and limitation, significance of the research, and the definition of key terms.

1.1 Background of Study

Communication is the form of social interaction involving at least two interacting participants. It becomes an important thing in human life because by the communication people able to get more information and detect the others characters. Communication is related to almost every aspects of human life. It will help the human making and sustaining personal relationships, carry out daily work and participating in social activities. Using the communication people are able to share or discover our similarities of interest and purpose and we can reach consensus or gain understanding on many issues about which we disagree. Therefore, the communication is never away from human life whether it is oral, written or nonverbal communication. Communication itself will happen in many ways, but the most appropriate instrument to have the communication is language.

According to Victoria (2003: 3), language is the source of the human life and power. Another expert states that language is the principal means whereby people conduct their social lives, Kramsach (1983:3). In daily life, people use language for different purposes. Beside for communication, language is also used
to express feelings, ideas or attitudes and to delivery information and message. In short, communication cannot be separated from language and society. The correlation between language and society is learnt in sociolinguistics. It is the study of language relating to social factors. There, people will find many varieties of language that distinguished based on addresses, settings, topics and situational factors. One of language varieties is register, it is a variety of a language used for a particular purpose or in a particular social setting.

Register is the specialized vocabulary common to a particular trade, occupation, topic or activity. It is in step with what Wardhaugh (2006:52) stated that register are sets of vocabulary items associated with discrete occupational or social group. Surgeon, airlines pilot, bank manager, sales clerks, jazz fans use different vocabulary. In short, each occupation or a group uses different language and sometime a word has different meaning in a different group. It is like what in football, we can find many register used there.

The previous research conducted by Yeni Arianti (2004). Yeni investigated the registers employed by the photographic community of Muhammadiyah University of Malang done. Yeni described the registers that differ from the lexical meaning. The result, there were 71 registers used by the photographic community of Muhammadiyah University of Malang. And there were 49 registers that differ from the lexical meaning and 18 registers were similar with their lexical meaning.
In this study, the writer wants to analyze the football registers used in sportainment column of Jawa Pos. The writer interested to investigate the football registers because the popularity of the football itself. Football is a game played between two teams on a rectangular field having goalposts or goals at each end and whose object is to get the ball over a goal line, into a goal, or between goalposts by running, passing, or kicking. A football team consists of 11 players, they are a goal keeper, defenders, midfielders, and strikers. Football becomes popular since the International Football Federation (FIFA) was establishment. The International Football Federation organized the World Cup in 1930, it continuous and became a tradition in the world which held every four years. Besides, the football competition in each country (League) is straight held in a season all the year. The popularity of football keep on rising, it appears by the crowded of mass media that break the football news either on domestic and foreign. The mass media provides football report every day, it can be find easily either on television, radio, or newspaper. Therefore, by the super popularity of football, it will be important to carry out a research about register in the football.

1.2 Statement of Problems

In order to specify the topic discussed, the writer would like to formulate the problem as follows:

1. What are the football registers used in Sportainment column of Jawa Pos?

2. What are the meanings of football registers used in Sportainment column of Jawa Pos?
1.3 Purpose of Study

This study has some purposes relating to the formulation of the problems above. They can be described as follows:

1. To describe the form of football registers used in Sportainment column of Jawa Pos.
2. To clarify the meaning of football registers used in Sportainment column of Jawa Pos.

1.4 Significance of Study

The writer hopes that his research on football registers has some benefits to the readers in general. The benefit is divided into two categories, those are:

1. Theoretically
   a. Give a clear description about the meaning of each registers based on the topic.
   b. Give some contributions to enlargement of vocabularies to the practical.
   c. Support the development of the subject dealing with the language acquisitions.

2. Practically
   a. Enable the readers to know the registers used in football.
   b. Give a clear explanation about the registers. So that, the readers can uses the registers appropriately.
1.5 Scope and Limitation

In spite of so many language variations appear, the researcher only focuses this research on the register used in football. This research will be focused on (football) registers used in newspaper especially in Sportainment column of Jawa Pos September edition, and the data will be taken every Sunday during the month. In this research, the researcher will present about the form and the meaning of football registers contextually.

1.6 Definition of Key Terms

To comprehend easier the contents of the topic in this research, it is necessary for the writer to define the key terms used in this study, those are:

1. **Register** is a set of vocabularies used by a certain profession or social group. Register makes certain individual have similar linguistically behavior with the other so that they can speak the same code and respect to be members of the same speech community.

2. **Football** is one of sports game which played between two teams on a rectangular field having goalposts or goals at each end and whose object is to get the ball over a goal line into a goal.

3. **Jawa Pos** is a daily newspaper which circulates around Java and Bali. It is the biggest daily newspaper in Indonesia which centered in Surabaya, East Java. **Sportainment** is one of columns in Jawa Pos which presents the continuance news around sport.