

**DAMPAK STRATEGI SEKURITISASI ARAB SAUDI PADA PERANG  
SAUDARA YAMAN (2015-2021)**

*Disusun dan Diajukan untuk Memenuhi Satu Syarat Memperoleh Gelar Sarjana*

*Ilmu Politik (S.Sos) Strata-1 Jurusan Hubungan Internasional*

**SKRIPSI**



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## ABSTRAK

**Anandienda Ilham Firdaus, 2024, 202010360311347, Universitas Muhammadiyah Malang, Fakultas Ilmu Sosial dan Ilmu Politik, Program Studi Hubungan Internasional, Analisis Strategi Sekuritisasi Arab Saudi Pada Perang Saudara Yaman (2015-2021), Dosen Pembimbing I: Syasya Yuania Fadila Mas'udi, M.Strat.St.**

Penelitian ini menganalisis strategi sekuritisasi Arab Saudi dalam menghadapi konflik di Yaman dengan menggunakan teori sekuritisasi serta persepsi dan mispersepsi dengan pendekatan eksplanatif dan analisis data kualitatif. Eskalasi konflik di Yaman telah meningkatkan ancaman terhadap keamanan Arab Saudi sebagai negara tetangga. Melalui speech act, Arab Saudi berhasil menarik dukungan dari negara-negara aliansi seperti Qatar, Bahrain, Kuwait, Uni Emirat Arab, Mesir, Jordania, Sudan, Maroko, dan Pakistan dalam operasi militer *Operation Decisive Storm*. Iran dituduh sebagai pihak yang mendukung Houthi, menciptakan persepsi ancaman yang menguatkan simpati di antara negara-negara kawasan yang dipengaruhi Iran seperti Lebanon, Irak, dan Suriah. Strategi sekuritisasi yang diterapkan Saudi berhasil membingkai Houthi sebagai kelompok teroris yang berasosiasi dengan Iran, yang pada gilirannya menarik Amerika Serikat dan sekutunya untuk memberikan dukungan militer kepada Saudi. Keterlibatan negara-negara GCC dan lainnya dalam operasi tersebut menunjukkan solidaritas kawasan yang terbangun akibat konflik Yaman. Di sisi lain, konflik ini memperburuk hubungan Saudi dan Iran dari rivalitas menjadi permusuhan terbuka. Sekuritisasi Saudi menekan posisi Iran dengan menggalang dukungan negara-negara GCC, forum internasional, serta kekuatan besar seperti AS dan Inggris. Selain itu, hubungan antara Saudi dan Qatar mengalami perubahan signifikan dari persahabatan menuju permusuhan karena dugaan keterlibatan Qatar dengan kelompok teroris. Tuduhan Saudi bahwa Qatar bersimpati pada Houthi saat terlibat dalam operasi militer di Yaman menyebabkan pemutusan hubungan diplomatik antara Qatar dan negara-negara sekutu Saudi.

**Kata Kunci: Perang Yaman, Arab Saudi, Iran, Sekuritisasi**

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## ABSTRACT

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This thesis analyzes Saudi Arabia's securitization strategy in response to the escalating conflict in Yemen, employing the theories of securitization and perception and misperception within a explanative framework and qualitative data analysis. The intensifying conflict in Yemen has heightened security concerns for Saudi Arabia, which shares a border with Yemen. Through strategic speech acts, Saudi Arabia succeeded in garnering support from allied nations, including Qatar, Bahrain, Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates, Egypt, Jordan, Sudan, Morocco, and Pakistan, to participate in the military operation, *Operation Decisive Storm*. By framing Iran as a supporter of the Houthi forces, Saudi Arabia reinforced a perception of threat that resonated with countries influenced by Iran in the Middle East, such as Lebanon, Iraq, and Syria. Saudi's securitization efforts effectively branded the Houthis as a terrorist group allied with Iran, prompting the United States and its allies to supply military aid to Saudi Arabia. The involvement of GCC states and other nations in this military action reflects the strengthened regional solidarity prompted by the Yemen conflict. Conversely, this conflict has shifted Saudi-Iran relations from mere rivalry to open hostility. Saudi Arabia's securitization approach has put additional pressure on Iran through support from GCC nations, international forums, and hegemonic powers like the United States and the United Kingdom. Additionally, Saudi Arabia's relationship with Qatar deteriorated significantly from alliance to animosity due to suspicions of Qatar's ties to terrorist groups. Saudi claims that Qatar showed partiality towards the Houthis while engaged in the Yemen military operation ultimately led to a severance of diplomatic ties between Qatar and Saudi Arabia's allies.

**Keyword: Yemen Civil War, Saudi Arabia, Iran, Securitization**

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## KATA PENGANTAR

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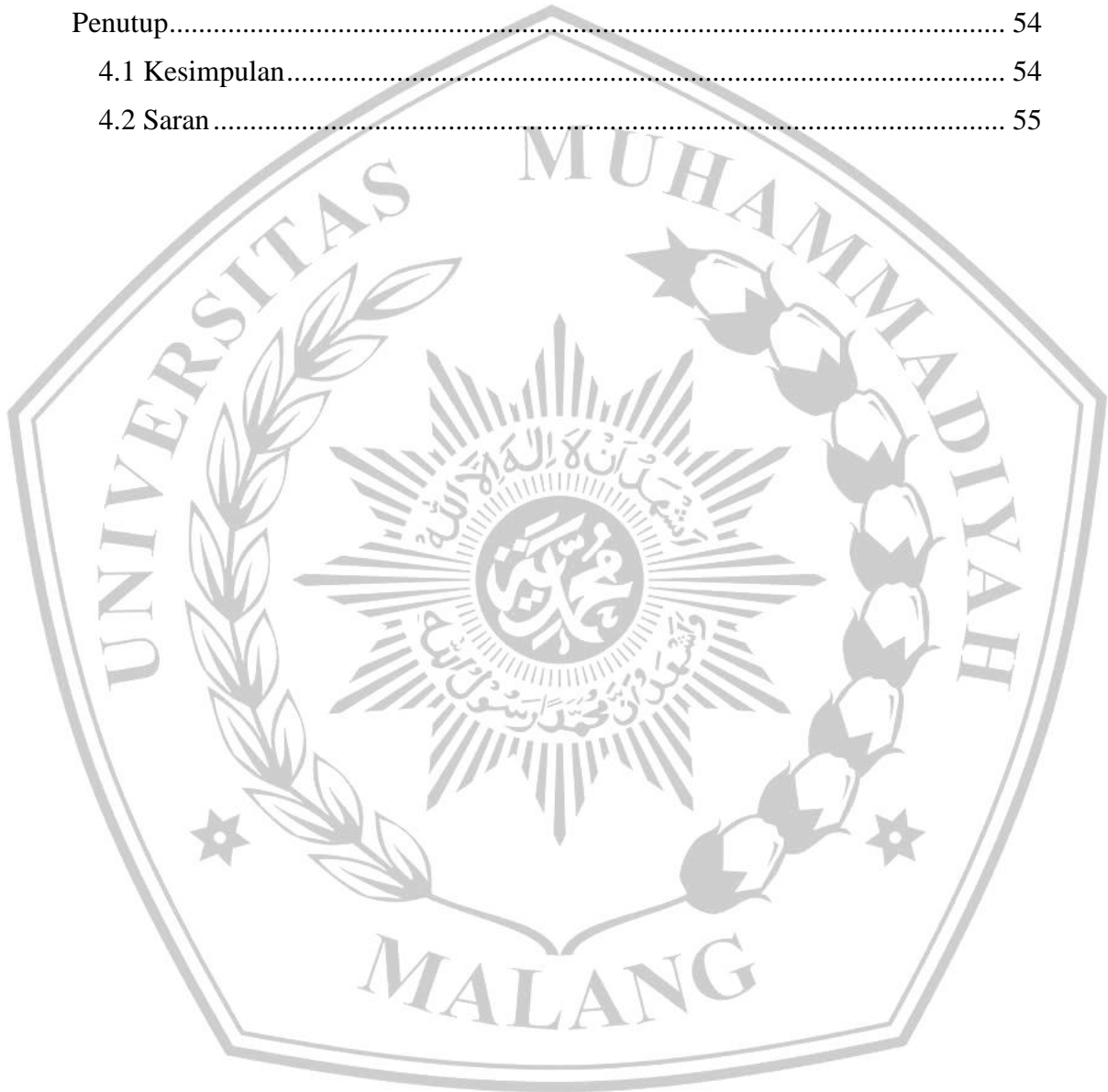
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## DAFTAR SINGKATAN

AS: Amerika Serikat

FTO: Foreign Terrorist Organization

GCC: Gulf Country Council

MBS: Muhammad bin Salman

ODS: Operation Decisive Storm

ORH: Operation Renewal Hope

PBB: Persatuan Bangsa Bangsa

UAV: Unmanned Aerial Vehicle

UMV: Unit Maintenance Vehicle



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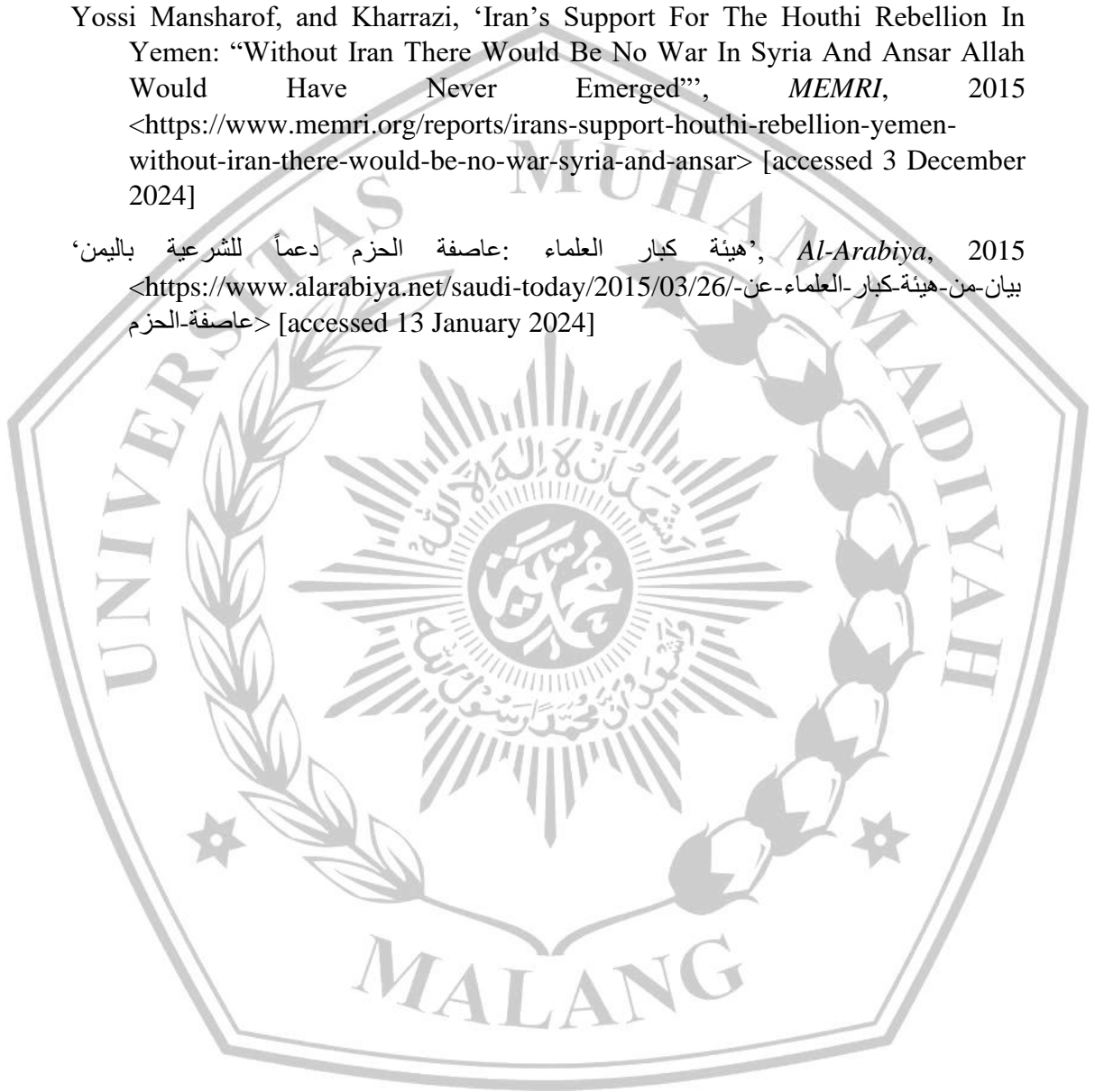
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